

OSD-H-*-E Series AC Servo Drive

User Manual





Foreword

Thank you for purchasing Optimus Drive OSD-H-*-E series AC Servo drives. This manual will provide information on the OSD-H-*-E series servo products regarding product safety & specifications, installations & wiring, tuning & problem diagnostics.

Please contact us at info@optimusdrive.ru you need further technical support.

Incorrect operation may cause unexpected accident, please read this manual carefully before using product.

- We reserve the right to modify equipment and documentation without prior notice.
- We won't undertake any responsibility with any customer's modification of product and the warranty of product will be canceled at the same time.

Safety Precautions

Please read the safety instructions carefully before using the products and Pry attention to the safety signs.

- 10 1110 5011011 5181101	
Danger	Might incur death or serious injury
Warning	Might cause injury to operating personals or damage to equipment
Caution	Might cause damage to equipment
4	High voltage. Might cause electrocution to personals in contact
<u>sss</u>	Hot surface. Do not touch
	Protective Earth



Warning

- √ The design of the product is not to be used in mechanical system which may incur health hazard.
- ✓ Users should be aware of the product safety precautions during design and installations of the equipment to prevent any unwanted accident.

Safety instructions

Upon receiving



Caution

- √ The use of damaged or faulty product(s) is prohibited.
- ✓ Please refer to item checklist. If the labels don't match, please do not install.



Transportation



- ✓ Please provide storage and transportation under protected conditions.
- ✓ Do not stack the products too high up to prevent toppling.
- ✓ The product should be Packaged properly during transportation,
- ✓ Do not hold the product by the cable, motor shaft or encoder while transporting it.
- ✓ The product should be protected from external forces and shock.

Installation



Caution

Servo drive and Motor:

- ✓ Do not install around combustibles to prevent fire hazard.
- ✓ Avoid vibration and impact.
- ✓ Do not install products that are damaged or incomplete.

Servo drive:

- ✓ Please install in electrical cabinet with sufficient protection from outside elements.
- ✓ Reserve sufficient gap as per the installation guide.
- ✓ Make sure to have good heat sinking.
- ✓ Avoid dust, corrosive gas, conductive object or fluid and combustibles.

Servo Motor:

- ✓ Make sure installation is tight to prevent it from loosening.
- ✓ Prevent fluid from leaking into motor and encoder.
- ✓ Protect motor from impact to avoid damaging encoder.
- ✓ Motor shaft should not bear the load beyond the limits as specified.

Wiring



Warning

- ✓ Participated installation personals should have sufficient training in product installation safety.
- ✓ Please power off and wait for 10 minutes to make sure a full discharge of electricity.
- ✓ Servo drive and motor must be connected to ground.
- ✓ Connect the cables only after servo drive motor installed correctly
- ✓ Make sure the wires are properly managed and insulation layer is not torn to prevent electrocution.



Caution

- ✓ Wiring must be correctly connected to prevent damage to product(s)
- ✓ Servo motor U, V, W terminal should be connected correctly and NOT connected directly to an AC power supply.
- ✓ Capacitors, inductor or filter shouldn't be installed between servo motor and servo drive.
- ✓ Connecting wires or any non-heat-resistant components should be put near to heat sink of the servo drive or motor.
- ✓ The flyback diode which is connected in Parallel to output signal DC relay must not be connected in reverse.



Tuning and running



Caution

✓ Make sure the wirings of servo drive and servo motor are installed and fixed properly before powering on.

✓ On the first time tuning of the product, it is recommended to run unloaded until all the Parameter settings are confirmed to prevent any damage to the product or machine.

Usage



Caution

- Please install an emergency stop button on machine to stop operation immediately if there is an accident.
- ✓ Please make sure machine is stopped before clearing an alarm.
- ✓ Servo drive must be matched with specified motor.
- ✓ Frequent restart of the servo system might incur damage to the product.
- ✓ Servo drive and motor will be hot to touch shortly after power off. Please be careful.
- ✓ Modification(s) to servo system is prohibited.

Error Handling



Warning

- ✓ Please wait for 5 minutes after powering off for the electricity to be fully discharged before uninstalling the cables.
- ✓ Participated maintenance personals should have sufficient training in maintenance and operation of this product series.



Caution

- ✓ Please handle the error before clearing an alarm.
- Keep away from machine after a restart upon alarm. Mechanical axis might suddenly move. Such hazard should be prevented during the utilization of the product.

Model Selection



Caution

- ✓ Rated torque of the servo motor should be higher than continuous designated torque when fully loaded.
- ✓ Load inertia ratio of the motor should be lower or equals to recommended value for specified models
- ✓ Servo drive must be matched with specified motor.



Warranty Information

Available for

Optimus Drive warranty only covers Optimus Drive AC servo products that are obtained through Optimus Drive certified sales channel.

Warranty claim

- All Optimus Drive AC servo products (Servo drives and motors) overseas enjoy **18-month** warranty period.
- Due to unforeseen circumstances in different sales regions around the globe, we recommend users to seek technical support from directed sales channel as any warranty claim or repair services may be required.
- Please be informed that any maintenance/repair work that is outside of the warranty claim conditions might incur some charges and to be confirmed before product(s) is being sent in.
- The duration required for maintenance work to be done is to be confirmed after initial check-up but we reserve the right to prolong the repair duration if needed.
- Discontinued products within warranty period will be replaced with a product of similar specifications.

Steps to warranty claim

- 1. Visit Optimus Drive global site www.OptimusDrive.ru to look for local certified sales channel.
- 2. Contact designated sales channel to check if any fee might incur. May include repair fee, spare Part cost or shipping cost.

Circumstances where warranty claim is not available

- Damage/Loss due to occurrence of natural or man-made disaster such as fire, flood or earthquake.
- Installation or wiring error
- If there is any modification done to the product
- Warranty label on products is torn or not existing
- Not a product bought from Optimus Drive certified global network of retailers/distributors.

Before warranty claim

- Please backup device Parameter s before any repair work/warranty claim. Optimus Drive and Optimus Drive certified retailers/distributors will not be held responsibilities for any data loss.
- If available, please send product back in original packaging or make sure it is well Packaged to prevent any damage to the product during shipping.

Optimus Drive LLC. and its certified sales channel reserved the final right of the interpretation of the warranty information.



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Chapter 1 Introduction

1.1. Product Introduction

OSD-H-*-E Series AC servo products are high performance AC digital servo which is designed for position/velocity/torque high accurate control with power rating ranging up to 7.5kW which provides a perfect solution for different applications with easy tuning process. Based on the ETG COE + EtherCAT DSP402 protocol, it can be seamlessly connected to controllers/drives that support this standard protocol.

OSD-H-*-E series AC servo drives are using the latest Digital Signal Processing (DSP) chip and Intelligent Power Module (IPM) with compact components integration and great reliability. Using the best PID calculation for Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) control, our OSD-H-*-E series products are the one to beat in this product category.

In comparison to conventional pulse-controlled servo drives, our OSD-H-*-E provides advantages as listed below.

Lengthen communication range and lower electromagnetic interference

Due to the reliance of pulse command, pulse-controlled servo drives could be easily disrupted by electromagnetic interferences. EtherCAT communication protocol provides fault detections limitations and error handling that makes communication more reliable over long distances.

Greater motion control

Trajectory generation can be done within the driver under non-cyclic synchronous mode. Controller only needs to deliver target position, velocity and acceleration commands to the driver. Drivers can then achieve greater control by applying feedforward to the commands.

- Simplify complex wiring work
 Using EtherCAT communication protocols, the connections between master device and slave stations can be realized using only LAN cables.
- Reduce cost by lowering the requirement for more ports

 Multiple axes control can be realized without requirement for more ports or pulse module on the master device/controller. Only a network port is needed to chain the axis controller (drivers) together in series.



1.2. Model Number Structure

1.2.1. Servo Drive

OSD-H	- 2S	2D0	E
0	Ø	8	•

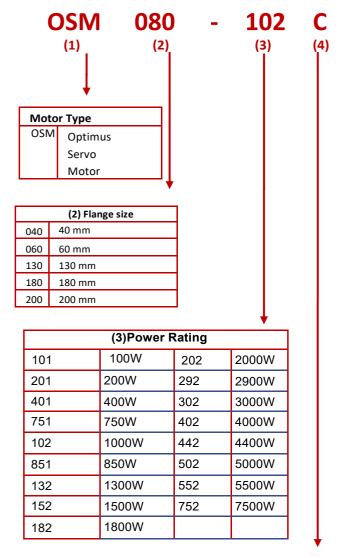
No.	Description			
1	Series No.	OSD-H AC Servo Drive Series		
2	Input Voltage	2S: 220VAC 4T:400VAC		
3	Power Rating	D40: 400 W D75: 750 W 1D0: 1000 W 1D5: 1500 W 2D0: 2 kW 3D0: 3 kW 4D4: 4,4 kW 5D5: 5,5 kW 7D5: 7,5kW		
4	Communication protocol	P: Pulse train + RS485 + Analogue, E: EtherCAT		

Driver Label

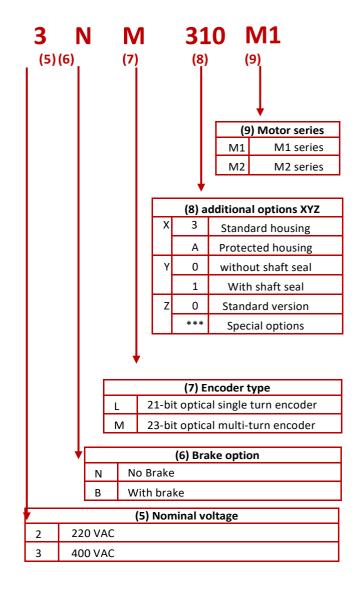




1.2.2. Servo motor



(4) Rated Speed			
Α	1000 rpm		
В	2000 rpm		
С	3000 rpm		
Н	1500 rpm		
Е	2500 rpm		





1.3. Driver Technical Specification

OSD-H-*-E 220V Models

OSD-H-*-EN series	OSD-H-2SD40E	OSD-H-2SD75E	OSD-H-2S1D0E	OSD-H-2S1D5E	OSD-H-2S2D0E
Rated power (W)	400	750	100	1500	2000
Rated Current (Arms)	3.5	5.5	7	9.5	12
Peak Current (Arms)	9.2	16.6	18.7	31.1	36
Size (mm) 40*175*156		50*175*156		80*175*179	
Main Power Supply	Single phase AC 220V, -15%~+10%, 50/60Hz				
Control Circuit Power Supply	Single phase AC 2.	200, -15% +1	U%, 5U/6UHZ		

OSD-H-*-E 400V Models

OS	D-H-*-E series	OSD-H-4TD75E	OSD-H-4T1D0E	OSD-H-4T1D5E	OSD-H-4T2D0E	OSD-H-4T3T0E
Rated Power(W)		750	1000	1500	2000	3000
Rated	Current (Arms)	2.7	3.5	5.4	8.4	11.9
Peak	Current (Arms)	8.6	10.6	14.9	24.8	33.2
Size (mm)		55	55*175*179 80*175*179)
Main Power Supply		Three	Three phase AC 380V~440V, -15%~+10%, 50/60Hz			
Control Circuit Power Supply			Single phase AC 380V~440V, -15%~+10%, 50/60Hz			

OSD-H-*-ENT series	OSD-H-4T4D4*	OSD-H-4T5D5*	OSD-H-4T7D5*	
Rated Power(W)	4400	5500	7500	
Rated Current (Arms)	16.5	20.8	25.7	
Peak Current (Arms)	38.9	51.6	63.6	
Size (mm)		89*250*230		
Main Power Supply	Three phase A	nree phase AC 380V~440V, -15%~+10%, 50/60Hz		
Control Circuit Powe	r Supply Single phase A	AC 380V~440V, -15%~+10%, 50/6	50Hz	

Drive mode		IGBT PWM sinusoidal wave drive			
			Profile Position Mode (PP)		
		Position	Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode	(CSP)	
			Homing Mode (HM)		
Control mode		Valasitu.	Profile Velocity Mode (PV)		
		Velocity	Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode	(CSV)	
		Tanana	Profile Torque Mode (PT)		
		Torque	Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode (CST)		
Encoder Feedback			RS485 protocol:		
Elicodel Feedback	`		23-bit multiturn absolute magnetic/optical encoder		
			4 Digital Inputs (Supports NPN and PNP)		
Digital Input			Configurable input signals under EtherCAT mode: 1. Clear Alarm (A-CLR) 2. Positive limit switch (POT) 3. Negative limit switch (NOT) 4. Homing switch (HOME-SW) 5. Emergency stop (E-Stop)		
			3 Digital Outputs (2 single-ended,	1 differential)	



	Encoder Output	Encoder ABZ differential pulse output	
1/0	Digital Output	Configurable output signals under EtherCAT mode:	1. Alarm (ALM) 2. Servo ready (SRDY) 3. External brake off (BRK-OFF) 4. Positioning completed (INP) 5. Velocity at arrival (AT-SPEED) 6. Torque limiting command (TLC) 7. Zero speed position (ZSP) 8. Velocity coincidence (V-COIN) 9. Position command (P-CMD) 10. Velocity limit (V-LIMIT) 11. Velocity command (V-CMD) 12. Servo enabled (SRV-ST) 13. Homing done (HOME-OK)

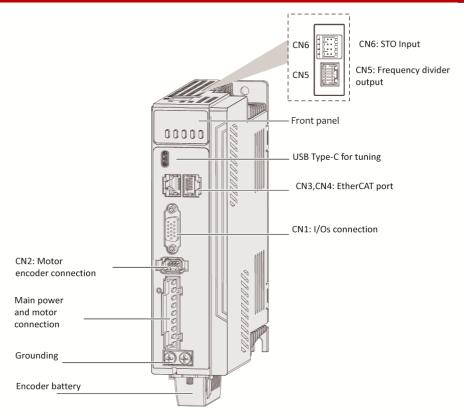
) arameter s		
arameter s		
arameter s		
loop, position loop, velocity loop; Modify I/O signal and motor Parameter s; Variables (velocity, position deviation, etc.) monitoring using step diagrams		
5 push buttons and 8-segments display		
Built-in (Supports external brake)		
Overcurrent. Overvoltage. Undervoltage. Overheat. Overload. Overtravel. Single-Phasing. Regenerative resistor error. Position deviation error. Encoder feedback error. Excessive braking rate. EEPROM error		
Available for all OSD-H-*-E series products		



1.4. Driver ports and connectors

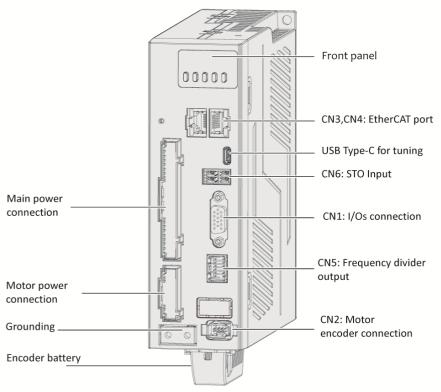
OSD-H-E Series Servo Drive

220V Models



OSD-H-E Series Servo Drive

400V Models





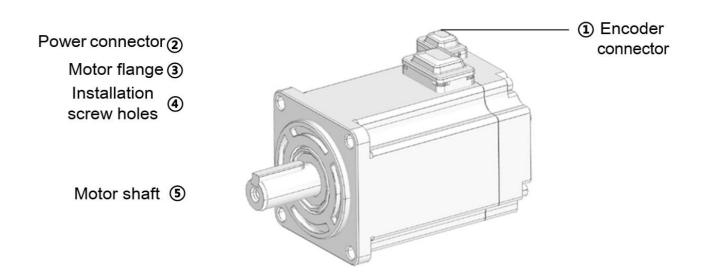
No.	Parts & Connectors	Description
Ф	Front Panel	 Including a LED display and 5 buttons. LED display is used to display servo drive status and Parameter settings. 5 buttons: M: To switch between different modes and Parameter s ✓: Switch between value ▲: Switch between sub-menus/Increase ▼: Switch between sub-menus/Decrease S: Enter
S	USB Type-C tuning port	Connect to computer for tuning of servo drive. Parameter s of the servo drive can be modified without connecting to main power supply.
3	CN1 I/O signal	Probe input signal & other I/O signals terminals
d	CN3 EtherCAT IN/ CN4 EtherCAT OUT	Connect to master device or next/previous slave station
5	CN6 STO	Safe Torque Off (STO) port
6	CN2 Encoder	Connect to motor encoder
Ø	Power-on indicator light	Lights up when servo drive is connected to main power supply. Pleasedo not touch the power terminal immediately after power off as the capacitors might require some time to discharge.
OSD-H-*	-E 220V models	
	L1, L2	Main power supply 220VAC
8	P+, Br	Connect to regenerative resistor
9	P+, N	Common DC bus terminals for multiple drivers
	U, V, W	Motor connector: Connect to U, V, W power terminals on servo motor
	PE	PE motor earth terminal: Connect to motor PE terminal
OSD-H-*	-E 400V models	
	L1C, L2C	Control circuit power supply input – 1ph 380VAC
	R, S, T	Main power supply input – 3ph 380VAC
8	P+	DC bus positive terminal. Connect to regenerative resistor
\$ 0	B1, B2	Please short connect B1 and B2 when using internal regenerative resistor. If external regenerative resistor is required, remove the short connector between B1 and B2, connect the external regenerative resistor to P+ and B2.
	N	DC bus negative terminal. Do not connect.
	N1, N2 (4.4/5.5/7.5kW models)	N1 and N2 are short connected. Connect N1 and N2 after removing short connector to a DC reactor to suppress electrical current high harmonics.
11)	Protective Earth PE	Connect to PE of main power supply. For grounding



1.5. Motor ports and connectors

@ Power _____ onnector @ Motor flange @ Installation ____ screw holes (a) Motor shaft

Motors with direct connectors





Chapter 2 Installation & Wiring

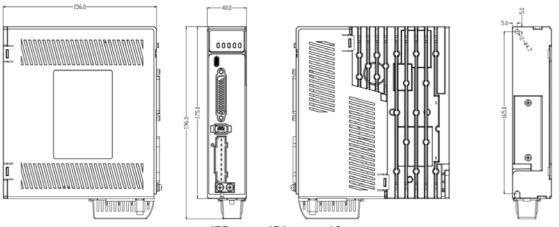
2.1 Servo Drive Installation

2.1.1 Servo drive installation environment

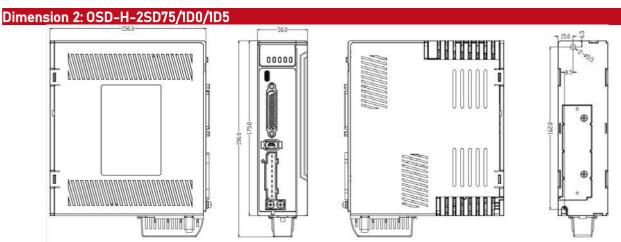
Temperature	Storage: -20-80°C (Condensation free); Installation: 0-55°C (Not frozen)		
Humidity	Under 90%RH (Condensation free)		
Altitude	Up to 1000m above sea level		
Vibration	Less than 0.5G (4.9m/s2) 10-60Hz (non-continuous working)		
Atmospheric	No corrosive gas, combustibles, dirt or dust.		
IP ratings	IP20		

2.1.2 Servo Drive Dimension

Dimension 1: OSD-H-2SD40



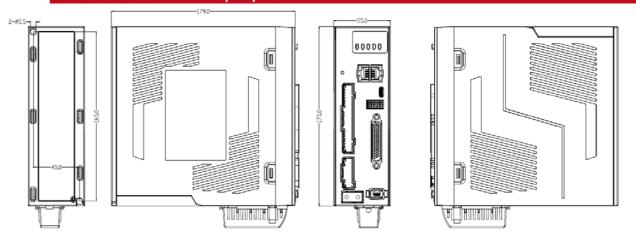
175mm x 156mm x 40mm



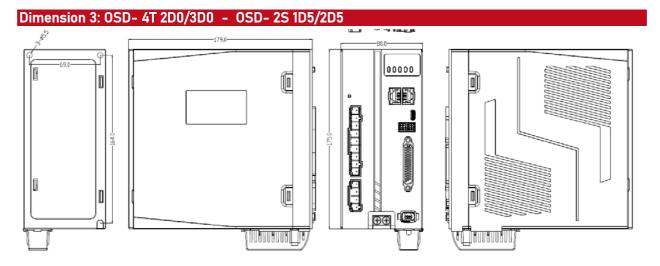
175mm x 156mm x 50mm



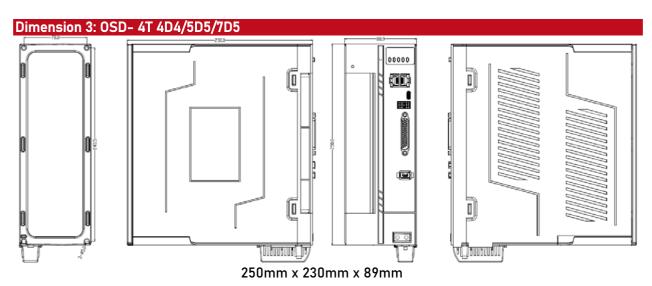
Dimension 3: OSD-H 4T D75/1D0/1D5



175mm x 179mm x 55mm



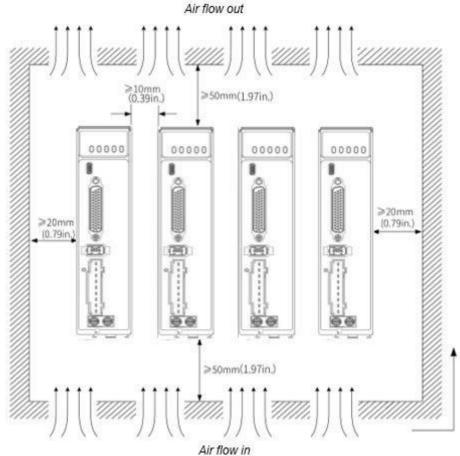
175mm x 179mm x 85mm





Space requirement for installation

In order to ensure efficient heat dissipation, please leave at least 10mm installation space in between drivers. If drivers need to be mounted compactly, please leave at 1mm of installation space. Please keep in mind that under such conditions, the drivers can only run at 75% of actual load rate.



Installation method

Please install the driver vertical to ground facing forward for better heat dissipation. Always install in rows and use heat insulation board to separate between rows.

Cooling fans are recommended for drivers to achieve optimal performance.

Grounding

PE terminals must be grounded to prevent electrocution hazard or electromagnetic interference.

➤ Wiring

Please ensure there is no liquid around the wiring and connectors as liquid leakage may cause serious damage to the driver(s).

> RJ45 port cover

Please cover unconnected RJ45 port(s) on top of the driver to prevent dust or liquid from damaging the ports.

Battery kit

If there is a need for battery kit, please remember to leave a room in the electrical cabinet for it.



2.2 Servo Motor Installation

2.2.1 Installation conditions

Installation conditions may affect the lifespan of a motor

- Please keep away from corrosive fluid and combustibles.
- If dusty working environment is unavoidable, please use motors with oil seal.
- Please keep away from heat source.
- > If motor is used in enclosed environment without heat dissipation, motor lifespan will be short.
- Please check and clean the installation spot before installation.

2.2.2 Precautions during installation

Installation method

Install horizontal to ground

Make sure power cable and encoder cable is facing downwards to make sure fluid doesn't leak into the ports.

Install vertical to ground

Please use a motor with oil seal when paired with a reducer to prevent reducer oil from leaking into the motor.

Oil- and waterproofing

- Do not submerge motor/cable under oil/water
- Please use a motor with oil seal when paired with a reducer to prevent reducer oil from leaking into the motor.
- If there is an unavoidable fluid leakage near the motor, please use motor with better IP ratings.
- Make sure power cable and encoder cable is facing downwards to make sure fluid doesn't leak into the ports.
- Avoid the usage of motor in water/oil leaking prone environment.

Cable under stress

- Do not the bend the cable especially at each end of the connectors.
- Make sure to not let the cables be too tight and under tremendous stress especially thinner cables such as signal cables.

Connectors

- Please to remove any conductive foreign objects from the connectors before installation
- The connectors are made of resin. May not withstand impact.
- Please hold the driver during transportation, not the cables.
- Leave enough "bend" on the connector cables to ensure less stress upon installation.

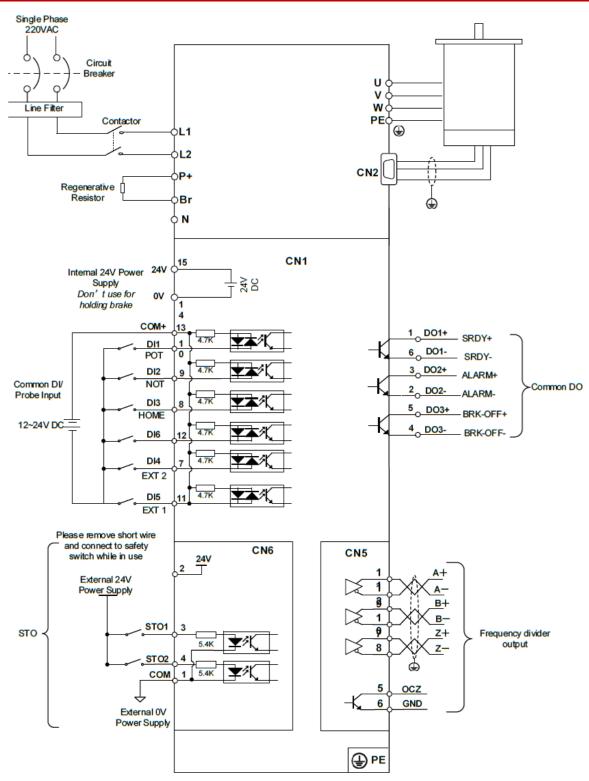
Encoder & coupling

- During installation or removal of coupling, please do not hit the motor shaft with a hammer as it would cause damage to internal encoder.
- Please make sure to centralize the motor shaft and coupling, it might cause damage to motor or encoder due to vibration.
- Please make sure axial and radial load is within the limits specified as it might affect the lifespan of the motor or cause damage to it.



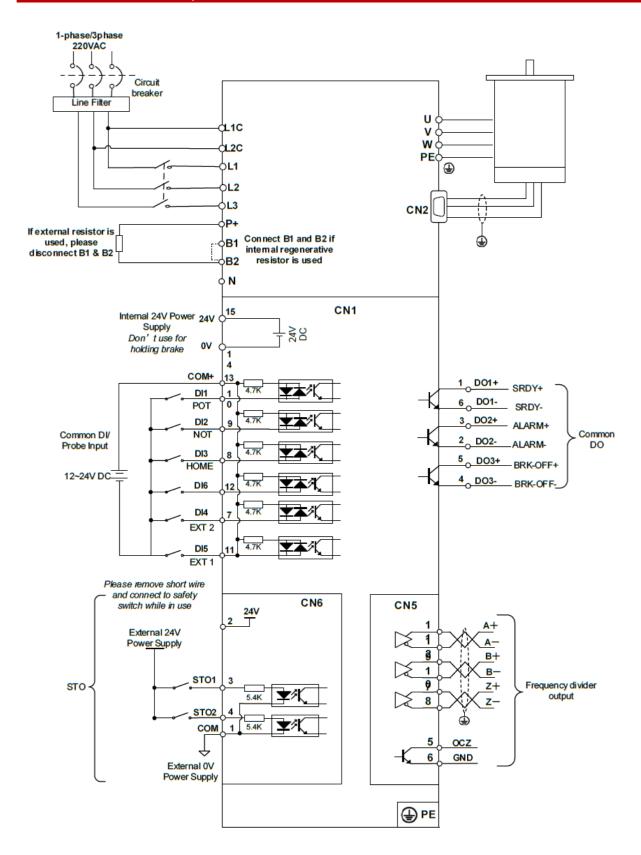
2.3 OSD-H-*-E Wiring Diagram

OSD-H-*-E Series 400W/750W/1000W – 220V Models





OSD-H-*-E Series 1500W/2000W – 220V Models

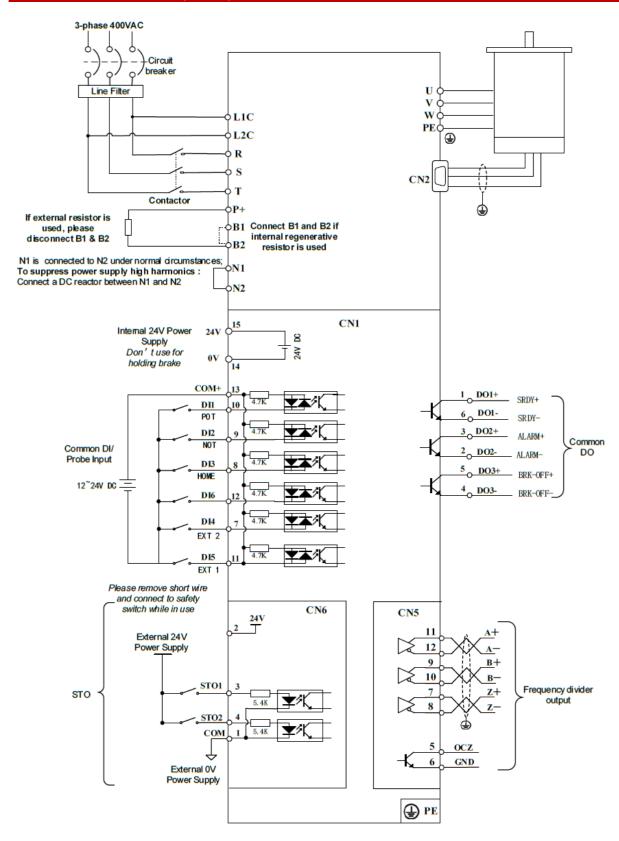




OSD-H-*-E Series 750W/1000W/1500W/2000W/3000W - 400V Models 3-phase 400VAC Circuit breaker U Line Filter ٧ w ¢ L1C PE L2C **(** R S CN₂ Т Contactor If external resistor is B1 Connect B1 and B2 if used, please internal regenerative disconnect B1 & B2 **B2** resistor is used ψN Internal 24V Power CN₁ 15 Supply Don't use for 24V 24V DC holding brake **0V** COM+ 1 DO1+ SRDY+ DI1 6 DO1-0 POT SRDY-3 DO2+ DI2 ALARM+ Commor TOM Common DI/ 2 DO2-DO ALARM-Probe Input 4.7K DI3 5 DO3+ BRK-OFF+ **HOME** 12~24V DC 4₀ DO3-4.7K BRK-OFF-DI6 4.7K DI4 EXT 2 4.7K DI5 EXT 1 Please remove short wire and connect to safety switch while in use CN₆ C_{N5} 24V 11 A+External 24V 12 Power Supply **A**-9 **B**+ 10 В-STO1 Frequency divider STO 7 z+output 5.4K 8 z-STO2 5.4K COM 5 OCZ 6 GND External 0V Power Supply PE

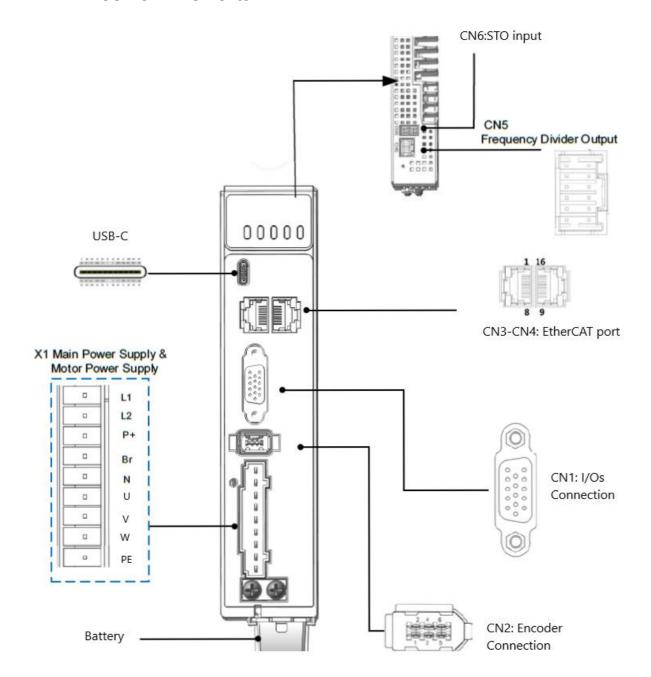


OSD-H-*-E Series 4400W/5500W/7500W – 400V Models





2.4 Servo Drive Ports



Port	Function	
CN1	I/O Signal Port	
CN2	Encoder port	
USB	USB Type-C Tuning Port	
CN3	EtherCAT IN Communication Port	
CN4	EtherCAT OUT Communication Port	
CN6	Safe Torque Off (STO) Port	
X1	Main Power Supply	



2.4.1 X1 Main power supply

OSD-H-*-E Series – 220V Models

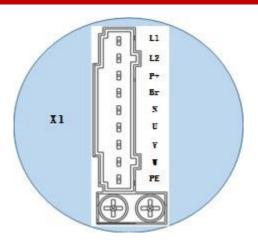
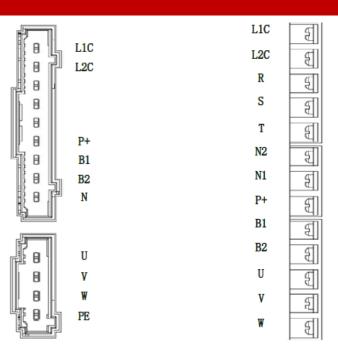


Table 2-2 X1 port descriptions

Port	Pin	Functions	Remarks		
	L1	Single phase 220VAC,	Optional isolation transformer Do not connect to 380VAC directly to prevent damage to driver. in case of serious interference, it is recommended to connect a line filter to main power supply:		
+10 ~ -15%, 50/60Hz connect a line filter to main powe It is recommended to install a fuse.	It is recommended to install a fuseless circuit breaker to cut off power supply in time when the driver fails.				
X1	P +	1 Internal DC bus positive terminal 2 External regenerative resistor P terminal	Pleasereferto 2.4.1 Regenerative resistor selection and connections		
	Br	Br External regenerative resistor terminal			
	N		Please do not connect		
	U	Motor U terminal			
	V	Motor V terminal	Please ensure proper wire connection on motor.		
	W Motor W terminal				
	PE	Motor Protective Earth	Please ground PE of driver and motor together		



OSD-H-*-E Series – 400V Models



Port	Pin	Functions	Remarks		
	L1C	Control circuit:	Optional isolation transformer		
	L2C	Single phase 400VAC, +10 ~ -15%, 50/60Hz	2 In case of serious interference, it recommended to connect a line filter to mai		
	R	Main Power Supply: Three phase	power supply;		
	S	400VAC,	It is recommended to install a fuseless circuit breaker to cut off power supply in time when the		
	Т	+10 ~ -15%, 50/60Hz	driver fails.		
X1	P +	3 Internal DC bus positive terminal 4 External regenerative resistor P terminal	If an external regenerative resistor is required, please disconnect B1 and B2. Connect the external regenerative resistor to terminal P+ and B2.		
	B1/B2	External regenerative resistor terminal			
	N		Please do not connect		
	N1	Internal DC bus negative terminal	N1 and N2 are connected under norma circumstances. To suppress power supply high		
	N2		harmonics, please disconnected N1 and N2. Connect a DC reactor between N1 and N2.		
	U	Motor U terminal			
	V	Motor V terminal	Please ensure proper wire connection on motor.		
	W	Motor W terminal			
	PE	Motor Protective Earth	Please ground PE of driver and motor together		



2.4.2 Regenerative resistor selection and connections

The use of regenerative resistor

When the motor opposes the direction of rotation as in deceleration or vertical axis escalation, Part of the regenerative energy will be delivered back to the driver. This energy will first be stored in internal capacitors of the driver. When the energy stored in the capacitors reach the maximum capacity, a regenerative resistor is required the excessive energy to prevent over-voltage.

Selection of regenerative resistor

Table 2-3 Recommended selection of regenerative resistor

Model no.	Internal resistance (Ω)	Internal resistor power rating (W)	Minimum resistance (Ω)	Minimum power rating (W)
OSD-H-2SD40E	100	50	50	50
OSD-H-2SD75E	50	75	40	50
OSD-H-2S1D0E	50	100	30	100
OSD-H-4TD75E	100	100	100	100
OSD-H-4T1D0E	100	100	100	100
OSD-H-4T1D5E	100	100	100	100
OSD-H-4T2D0E	50	100	40	100
OSD-H-4T3D0E	50	100	40	100
OSD-H-4T4D4E	35	100	35	100
OSD-H-4T5D5E	35	100	25	100
OSD-H-4T7D5E	35	100	25	100

Calculation of regenerative resistance under normal operation

Steps:

- 1. Determine if driver comes with a regenerative resistor. If not, please preparer a regenerative resistor with resistance value higher than might be required.
- 2. Monitor the load rate of the regenerative resistor using front Panel (d14). Set the driver on high velocity back and forth motions with high acceleration/deceleration. 3.Please make sure to obtain the value under following conditions: Driver temperature < 60°C, d14<80(Won't trigger alarm), Regenerative resistor is not fuming, No overvoltage alarm (Err120).

Pb (Regenerative power rating) = Resistor power rating x Regenerative load rate (%)

Please choose a regenerative resistor with power rating Pr about 2-4 times the value of Pb in considered of harsh working conditions and some 'headroom'.

If the calculated Pr value is less than internal resistor power rating, external resistor is not required.

R (Max. required regenerative resistance) = $(380^2 - 370^2)$ /Pr Problem diagnostics related to regenerative resistor:

If driver temperature is high, reduce regenerative energy power rating or use an external regenerative resistor.



- If regenerative resistor is fuming, reduce regenerative energy power rating or use an external regenerative resistor with higher power rating.
- If d14 is overly large or increasing too fast, reduce regenerative energy power rating or use an external regenerative resistor with higher power rating.
- If driver overvoltage alarm (Er120) occurs, please use an external regenerative resistor with lower resistance or connect another resistor in Parallel.

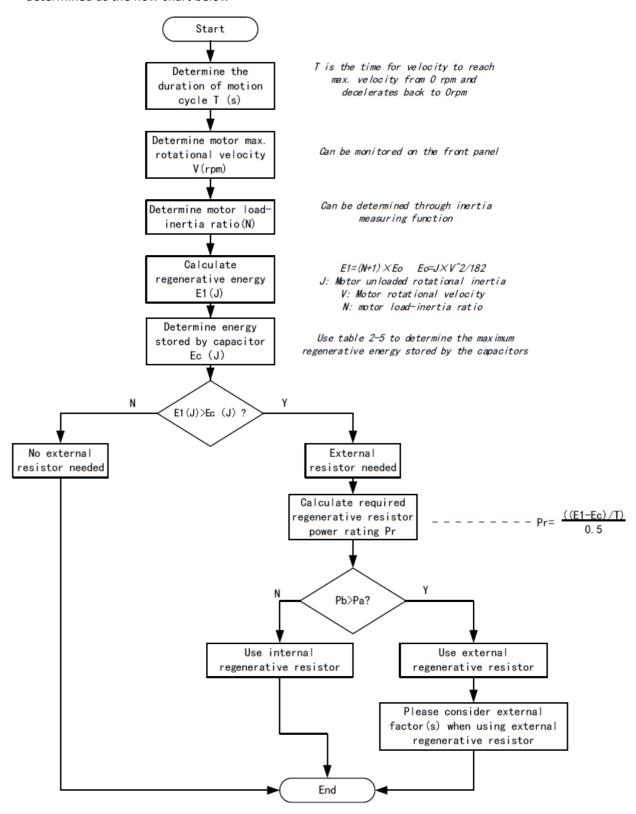
Please take following precautions before installing an external regenerative resistor.

- 1. Please set the correct resistance value in Pr0.16 and resistor power rating Pr0.17 for the external regenerative resistor.
- 2. Please ensure the resistance value is higher or equals to the recommended values in table 2-3. Regenerative resistors are generally connected in series but they can also be connected in Parallel to lower the total resistance.
- 3. Please provided enough cooling for the regenerative resistor as it can reach above 100°C under continuous working conditions.
- 4. The min. resistance of the regenerative resistor is dependent on the IGBT of the holding brake. Please refer to table



Theoretical selection of regenerative resistor

Without external loading torque, the need for an external regenerative resistor can be determined as the flow chart below





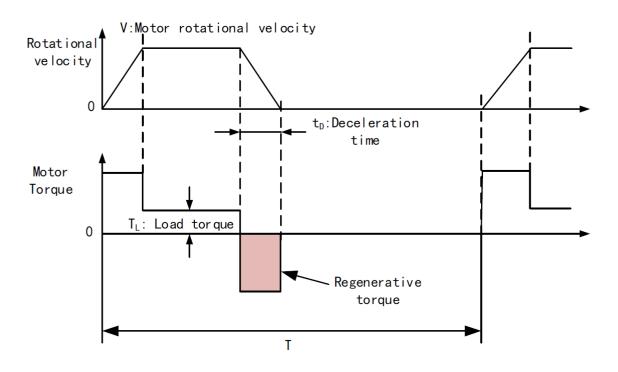


Table 2-4 Steps to calculate capacity of regenerative resistor

Steps	Calculation	Symbol	Formula
1	Servo system regenerative energy	E1	E1=(N+1) ×J×V ² /182
2	Depleted energy from loss of load system during acceleration	EL	$E_L = (\pi/60) \text{ V} \times T_L \times \text{tD}$ If loss is not determined, please assume $E_L = 0$.
3	Depleted energy due to motor coil resistance.	Ем	$E_M = (U^2/R) \times tD$ $R = coil\ resistance,\ U = operating\ voltage$ $If\ Ris\ not\ determined\ ,\ please\ assum\ E_M = 0.$
4	Energy stored by internal DC capacitors	Ec	Please refer to table 2-5
5	Depleted energy due to regenerative resistance	Eĸ	E_K =E1-(EL+EM+EC), If loss is ignored, EK=E1-EC
6	Required power rating of regenerative resistor	Pr	Pr=E _K /(0.5×T)

Internal capacitors capacity and rotor inertia

OSD-H Drivers	Servo motor	Rotor Inertia (×10 ⁻⁴ kg.m ²)	Max. regenerative energy stored in capacitors Ec(J)
400W	OSM-060401C-2NM310-M2	0.58	13.47
750W	OSM-080751C-2NM310-M2	1.66	22.85
1000W	OSM-080102C-2NM310-M2	1.79	27.74

There are motors with low, medium and high inertia. Different motor models have different rotor inertia. Please refer to servo product catalogue for more information on rotor inertia. Calculation examples:



Servo drive: OSD-H-*-E750N, Servo Motor: ELM2H-0750LA80. When T = 2s, rotational velocity = 3000rpm, load inertia is 5 times of motor inertia.

OSD-H Drivers	Servo motor		Max. regenerative energy stored in capacitors Ec(J)
750W	OSM-080751C-2NM310-M2	1.66	22.85

Regenerative energy produced

E1 =
$$\frac{(N+1) \times J \times V^2}{182}$$
 = $\frac{(5+1) \times 1.66 \times 3000^2}{182}$ = 49.3J

If E1<Ec, internal capacitors can't take in excessive regenerative energy, regenerative resistor is required. Required regenerative resistor power rating Pr

$$Pr = \frac{(E1 - Ec)}{0.5T} = \frac{49.3 - 22.85}{0.5 \times 2} = 26.45W$$

Hence, with the internal regenerative resistor Pr = 75W, Pr<Pr, no external regenerative resistor is required.

Let's assume if the load inertia is 15 times of motor inertia, Pr = 108.6W, Pr>Pr, external regenerative resistor is required. And to consider for harsh working environment,

When selecting the resistance of the regenerative resistor, please be higher than the minimum value recommended in table 2-3 but lower than Rmax

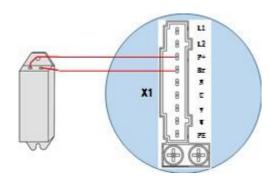
Rmax =
$$(3802-3702)/Pr=7500/108.6=69\Omega$$

In conclusion, a regenerative resistor with resistance 40Ω - 70Ω and power rating 110W to 180W can be chosen.

Please take note that theoretical calculations of the regenerative resistance are not as accurate as calculations done under normal operation.



Connection of a regenerative resistor



2.4.3 Wire Gauge for Main Power Supply

Table 2-6 Main power supply wire gauge

Driver	Wire	diameter (mm²/AW0	G)	
Driver	L1 L2/R S T	P+ BR	U V W	PE
OSD-2SD40-*	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14	0.52/AWG14	0.52/AWG14
OSD-2SD75-*	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14	0.52/AWG14	0.52/AWG14
OSD-2S1D0-*	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14	0.52/AWG14	0.52/AWG14
OSD-2S1D5-*	2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14	1.3/AWG16	1.3/AWG16
OSD-4TD75-*	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14	0.52/AWG14	0.52/AWG14
OSD-4T1D0-*	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14	1.3/AWG16	1.3/AWG16
OSD-4T1D5-*	1.3/AWG16	2.1/AWG14	1.3/AWG16	1.3/AWG16
OSD-4T2D0-*	2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14	1.3/AWG16	1.3/AWG16
OSD-4T3D0-*	2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14	3.3/AWG12	3.3/AWG12
OSD-4T4D4-*	2.1/AWG14	2.1/AWG14	3.3/AWG12	3.3/AWG12
OSD-4T5D5-*	2.6/AWG13	2.6/AWG13	3.3/AWG12	3.3/AWG12
OSD-4T7D5-*	4.2/AWG11	2.6/AWG13	3.3/AWG12	3.3/AWG12

 $[\]succ$ Grounding: Grounding wire should be thicker. Ground PE terminal of servo drive and servo motor together with resistance <100 Ω .

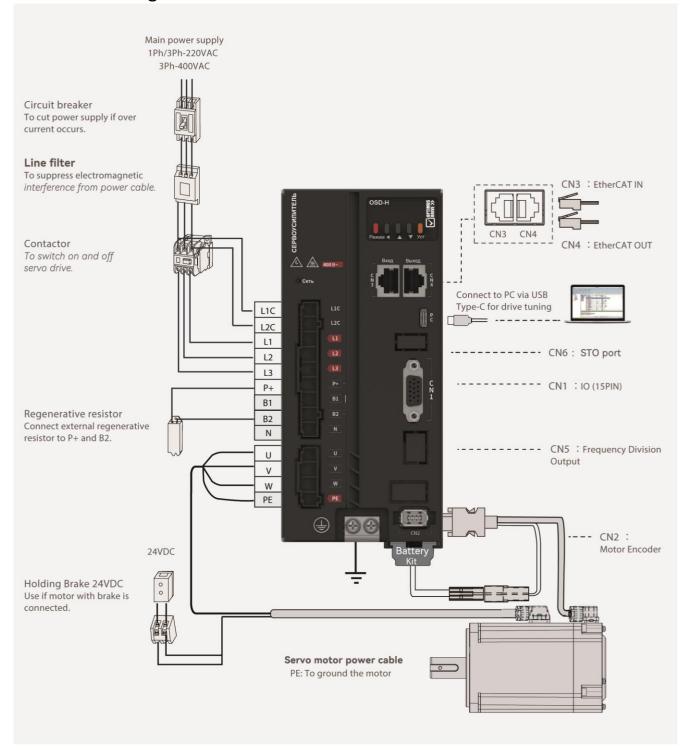
A 3-phase isolation transformer is recommended to lessen the risk of electrocution

Please install a fuseless circuit breaker to cut off power supply in time when the driver fails.

> Connect a line filter to power supply to reduce electromagnetic interference.



2.4.4 Wiring connections for OSD-H-*-E series servo drives

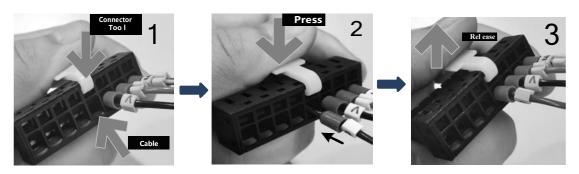


- Please use a circuit breaker for the main power supply to prevent damage to the product or machine.
- ➤ Please do not use a contactor in connection to servo motor as it may not withstand a sudden surge of operating voltage.

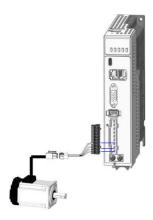
Please take note of the capacity when connect to a 24VDC switching power supply, especially if power supply is shared between multiple components. Insufficient supply current will cause failure in holding brake functions.



To fix wire cables into connector



2.4.5 Connecting motor power cable to servo drive



Example: Connecting a motor with electrical connectors
The power cable from the driver is labeled with U, V, W, PE. Please connect the wires
accordingly to the power cable extending from the servo motor.

Motor power cable selection

Motor winding power cable

- Wire length available: 1.5m, 3m and 5m
- Connectors type available: AMP electrical connectors, aviation connectors, direct connectors (recommended)
- Please contact Optimus Drive sales team or any Optimus Drive certified local retailers for any customized needs.

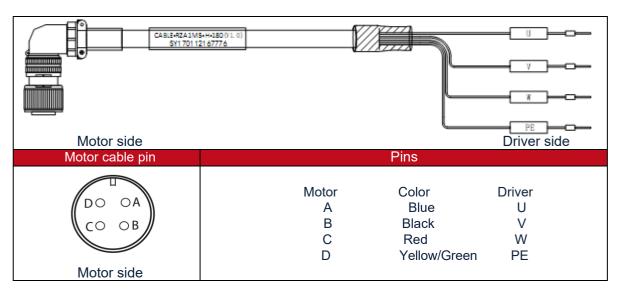
Motor winding power cable

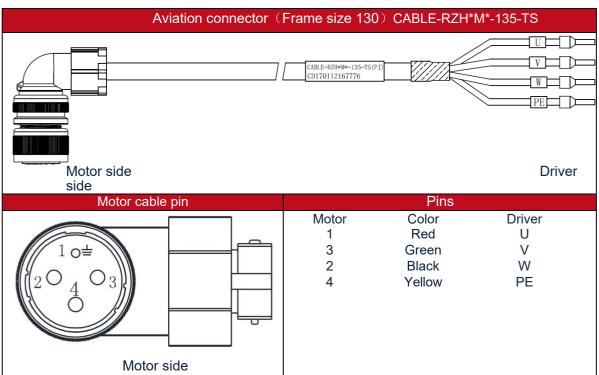
- Wire length available: 1.5m, 3m and 5m
- > Connectors type available: Aviation connectors, direct connectors (recommended)
- Please contact Optimus Drive sales team or any Optimus Drive certified local retailers for any customized needs.

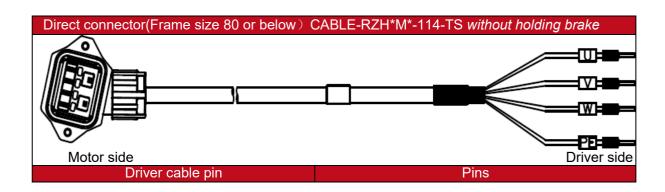
M: Length of the cable

Aviation connector Frame size 180) CABLE-RZA*M*-H-180(V1.0)











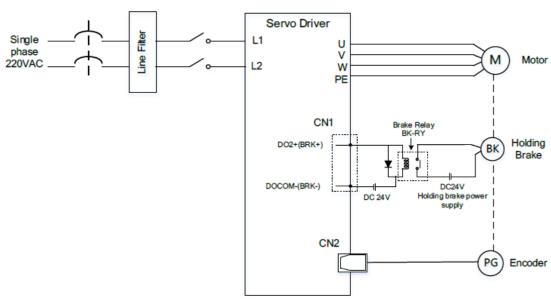
	Motor	Color	Driver
4 3 2 1	1	Blue	U
	2	Black	V
	3	Red	W
B	4	Yellow- green	PE



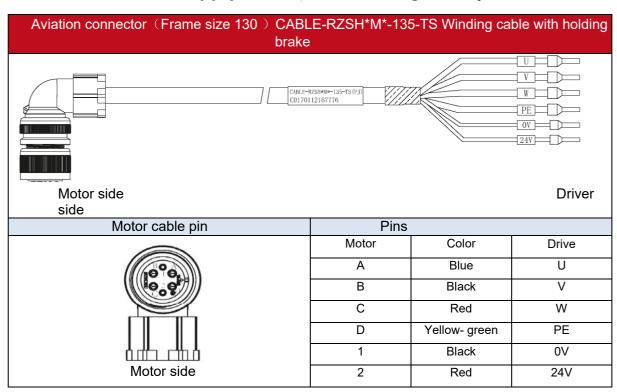
2.4.6 Holding Brake Wiring Diagram

Holding brake is activated when servo drive is not powered on to prevent axis from moving due to gravitational pull or other external forces by locking the motor in place. Usually used on axis mounted vertically to the ground so that the load would not drop under gravitational force when the driver is powered off or when alarm occurs.

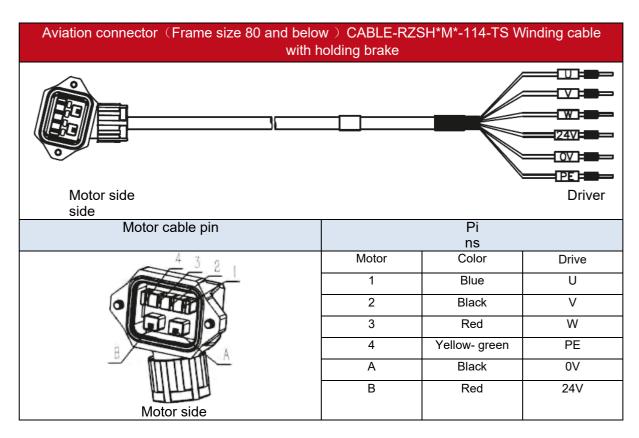
Holding brake wiring diagram



2.4.7 Motor Power Supply Cable (With Holding Brake)







- > Mechanical noise might exist when motor with holding brake is in operation but it doesn't affect the functionality of the motor.
- ☐ When the holding brake circuit is closed (holding brake deactivated), there might be magnetic flux leakage. Please be aware to not use magnetic sensor around motor with holding brake.
- □ 24V operating voltage for the holding brake has to be ensured to maintain the functionality of the holding brake. Please consider the voltage dropped over lengthy motor cables due to increase in cable resistance.
- ☐ It is recommended to have an isolated switching power supply for the holding brake to prevent malfunctioning of the holding brake in case of voltage drop.



2.5 CN1 I/O Signal Port

CN1 connector is a DB15 female connector.

Por	t		Pin	Signal	Description	Remarks
			1	DO1+	SRDY+	Servo Ready Output Signal
			6	DO1-	SRDY-	
			3	DO2+	ALM+	Alarm Output Signal
C.,		5	2	DO2-	ALM-	
15 orv	10	D03+	5	DO3+	BRK-OFF+	Break Off Output Signal
COM-	00	DOS	4	DO3-	BRK-OFF-	
	00		10	DI1	РОТ	Positive limit switch
COMP	00	DG2+	9	DI2	NOT	Negative limit switch
DM.	DM	002	8	DI3	НОМЕ	Homing switch
DIS.	061	DOE+	7	DI4	EXT 2	Touch Probe 2
11			11	DI5	EXT 1	Touch Probe 1
	6		12	DI6	-	Up to user configuration
			13	COM+	Common DI	Common digital input terminal
			14	COM-	Internal 24V Power	Output voltage: 20~28VDC, max
			15	24V+	Supply	current output: 200mA

2.5.1 Selection of I/O signal cable

I/O signal cable

To ensure I/O signal to not be affected by electromagnetic interference, a shielded twisted pair cable is recommended for this application.



- Wire diameter ≥ 0.14mm², foil shielded should be connected to PE terminal.
- Wire length should be as short as possible, not more than 3m.
- Install a surge suppressor in feedback circuit; flyback diode inversely connected in Parallel in DC coil and capacitors connected in Parallel in AC coil.
- Recommended wire gauge: 24 26AWG
- I/O signal included DI, DO and relay output signal
- Please keep 30cm away from main power supply cable or motor power cable to avoid electromagnetic interference.

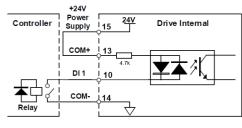


2.5.2 Common input circuit

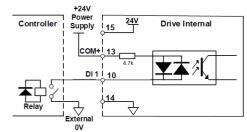
The internal circuit of common input is a bidirectional optocoupler which supports common anode and common cathode configurations. There are 2 types of outputs from master device: Relay output and Open Collector output as shown below.

①Output from master device: Relay

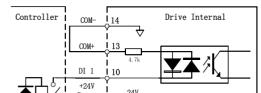
Common Anode(Internal 24V):



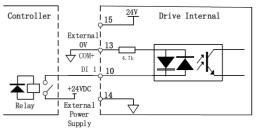
Common Cathode(Internal 24V):



Common Anode(External 24V):

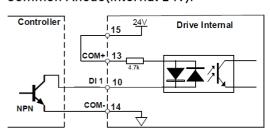


Common Cathode(External 24V):

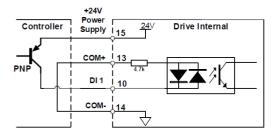


2 Output from master device: Open Collector

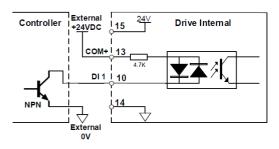
Common Anode(Internal 24V):



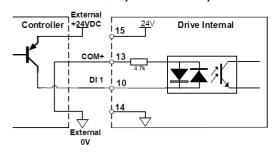
Common Cathode(Internal 24V):



Common Anode(External 24V):



Common Cathode(External 24V):



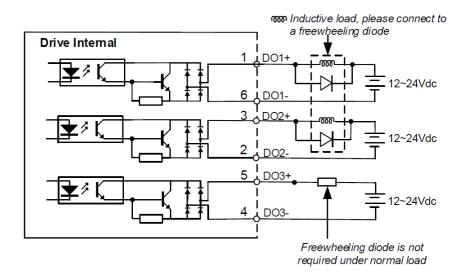
Please preparer switching power supply with output of 12-24VDC, current≥ 100mA



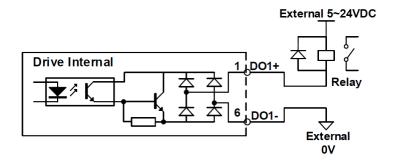
2.5.3 Common output circuit

There are 3 common outputs: DO1 ~ DO3 are double-ended, having an isolated 24v power supply.

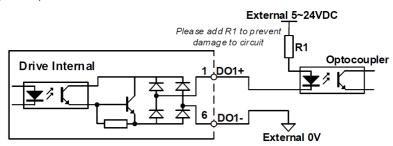
Double-ended Digital Outputs



When connected to a relay:



When connected to optocoupler:

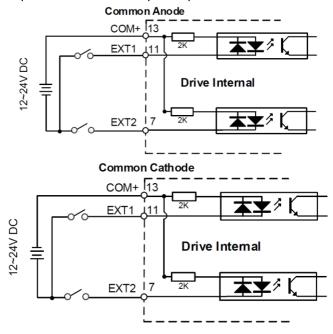


- Power supply is provided by user. Please be aware that reversed power supply polarity might cause damage to the driver.
- When it is an open collector output, max current: 50mA, max supplying voltage: 25V. Please ensure the switching power supply fulfills the conditions.
- If the load is an inductive load such as a relay, please connect a flyback diode in Parallel in reverse. A wrong installation of the flyback diode might cause damage to the driver.



2.5.4 Probe input circuit

The internal circuit of probe input is a bidirectional optocoupler.



2.5.5 DI signal function configuration

Table 2-8 Default DI signal functions

CNIA Div	Ciarral.		Defects for all an		Factory default	
CN1 Pin	Signal	Parameter	Default function	Set Value	Polarity	Status
13	DI COM	-	Common Digital Input	0x0	-	-
10	DI1	PR4.00	Positive limit switch (POT)	0x1	NO	OFF
9	DI2	PR4.01	Negative limit switch (NOT)	0x2	NO	OFF
8	DI3	PR4.02	Home switch (HOME)	0x16	NO	OFF
12	DI6	PR4.05	User configurable	-	-	-

^{**}NO: Normally Open

When limit switch or emergency stop is used, POT, NOT and E-STOP signal will be normally close (NC) by default. Please make sure there is no safety concern if these signals need to be set to normally open (NO).

Relevant Parameter s

Label PR4.00 Range		Input selection DI1	Mode		F	
		0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2400h
	Label	Input selection DI2 Mode		F		
PR4.01	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2401h



	Label	Input selection DI3	Mode		F	
PR4.02	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2402h
	Label	Input selection DI4	Mode		F	
PR4.03	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate				2403h
	Label	Input selection DI5	Mode		F	
PR4.04	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2404h
	Label	Input selection DI6	Mode		F	
PR4.05	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate		·	Index	2405h

Digital input DI allocation using hexadecimal system

		Set value		
Input	Symbol	Normally	Normally	0x60FD (bit)
		open	close	
Invalid	_	0h	i	×
Positive limit switch	POT	1h	81h	Bit1
Negative limit switch	NOT	2h	82h	Bit0
Clear alarm	A-CLR	4h	ı	×
Forced alarm	E-STOP	14h	94h	×
Home switch	HOME-SWITCH	16h	96h	Bit2

- Please don't set anything other than listed in table above.
- Normally open: Valid when input = ON Normally close: Valid when input = OFF
- Er210 might occur if same function is allocated to different channels at the same time
- Channel that has no value doesn't affect driver motion.
- Front Panel is of hexadecimal system.

PR4.00 – PR4.05 corresponds to DI1 – DI6. External sensors can be connected if the Parameter's are all set to 0. Controller will read 60FD bit4 – 11 to get DI1 – DI6 actual status.

2.5.6 DO signal function configuration

Table 2-9 DO signal functions by default

CN1 Pin	Signal	Parameter	Default function	Factory default			
				Set Value	Polarity	Status	
1	DO1+	DD4 10	Comus Doody (C DDV)	0x01	NO	OFF	
6	DO1+	PR4.10	Servo Ready (S-RDY)	OXOI	NO	UFF	
3	DO1+	DD 4 11	AL (ALAA)	002	NO	OFF	
2	DO1+	PR4.11	Alarm (ALM)	0x03	NO	UFF	
5	DO1+	DD 4 12	External brake released	004	NO	OFF	
4	DO1+	PR4.12	(BRK-OFF)	0x04	NO	UFF	

^{**} NO: Normally Open



	Label	Output selection DO1 Mode		F		
PR4.10	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2410h
	Label	Output selection DO2 Mode			F	
PR4.11	Range	e 0x0~0xFF		0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2411h
	Label	Output selection DO3	Mode		F	
PR4.12	Range	0x0~0xFF De		0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2412h

Digital output DO allocation using hexadecimal system.

			Set value
Output	Symbol	Normally open	Normally close
Master device control	_	00h	•
Alarm	ALM	01h	81h
Servo-Ready	S-RDY	02h	82h
External brake released	BRK-OFF	03h	83h
Positioning completed	INP	04h	84h
At-speed	AT-SPEED	05h	85h
Torque limit signal	TLC	06h	86h
Zero speed clamp detection	ZSP	07h	87h
Velocity coincidence	V-COIN	08h	88h
Position command ON/OFF	P-CMD	0Bh	8Bh
Velocity limit signal	V-LIMIT	0Dh	8Dh
Velocity command ON/OFF	V-CMD	0Fh	8Fh
Servo status	SRV-ST	12h	92h
Homing done	HOME-OK	22h	A2h
Position comparison	CMP-OUT	14h	94h

 ${\it Please don't set any other than the outputs listed in the table above.}$

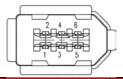
- Normally open Active low
- Normally close Active high
- Front Panel is of hexadecimal system.

PR4.10 – PR4.12 corresponds to DO1 – DO3. If all Parameter s is set to 0, master device controls the outputs, object dictionary 0x60FE sub-index 01 bit16-18 corresponds to

DO1-DO3.

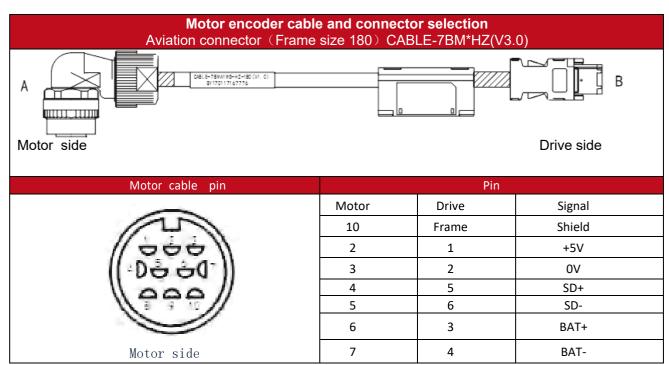


2.6 CN2 Motor Encoder

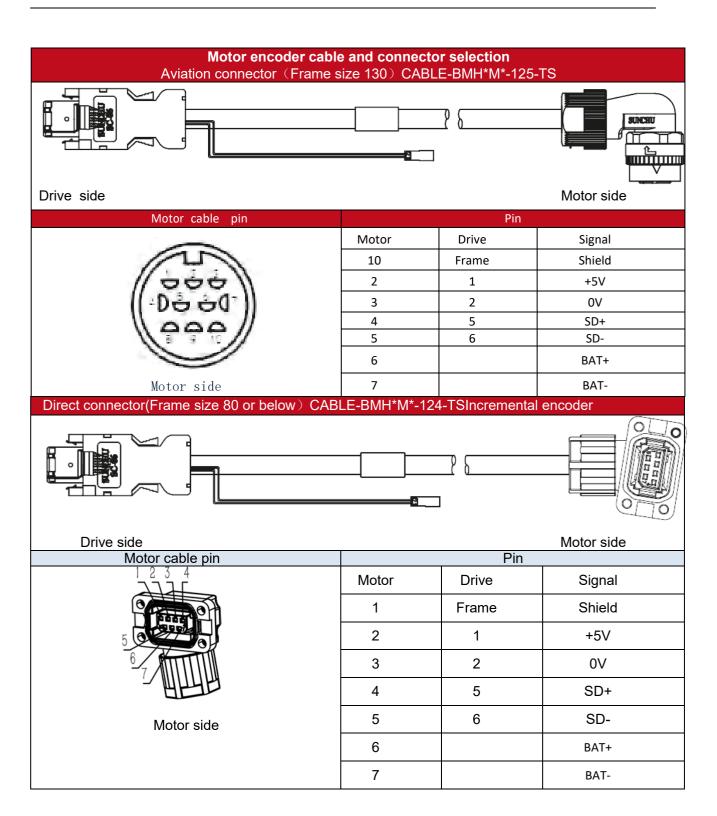


Port	Pin	Signal	Explanation
	1	VCC5V	Power supply 5V
	2	GND	Power supply ground
	3	BAT+	Battery positive terminal
CN2	4	BAT-	Battery negative terminal
	5	SD+	SSI Data+
	6	SD-	SSI Data-
	Frame	PE	Shield grounding

- Please ground both driver and motor PE terminals to avoid any servo alarms.
- It is recommended to use a shielded twisted pair cable not longer than 20m.
- Please leave a space of min. 30cm between motor power cable and encoder to avoid interference.





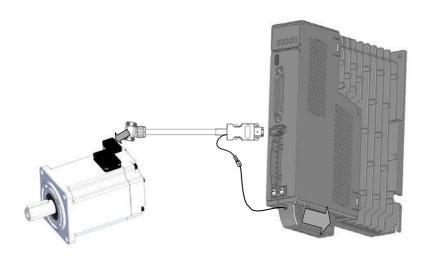


- a) Please ground cable shield foil to drive to prevent servo error alarm
- b) Please use a double winded shielded cable and make sure to be as short as possible.
- c) Please serrate CN1 cable from power cables with a minimum gap of 30cm.



Battery kit installation

Please install the battery kit as the following diagram if our Optimus Drive direct connector motor doesn't come with an online battery kit.



2.7 CN3/CN4 EtherCAT Communication Port

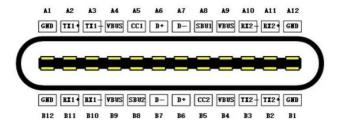
CN3 and CN4 are communication ports for EtherCAT protocol. LAN cable from master device will be connected to CN3 (IN) and CN4 (OUT) will be connected to the next slave device.

Port	Pin	Signal	Description
	1, 9	E_TX+	EtherCAT Data sending positive terminal
1 16	2, 10	E_TX-	EtherCAT Data sending negative terminal
	3, 11	E_RX+	EtherCAT Data receiving positive terminal
	4, 12		
	5, 13		
	6, 14	E_RX-	EtherCAT Data receiving negative terminal
8 9	7, 15		
0 3	8, 16		
	Frame	PE	Shielded ground



2.8 USB Type-C Tuning Port

OSD-H-*-E series servo drive can be connected to PC for performance tuning, data monitoring and Parameter s modifying using a **USB Type-C data cable**. Can be done without the servo drive connecting to main power supply.



Port	Pin	Signal	Description
USB Type-C	A4. B4. A9. B9 VCC 5V		Power supply positive terminal 5V
,,	A12, B12, A1, B1	GND	Power supply negative terminal
	A6, B6	D+	USB data positive terminal
	A7, B7	D-	USB data negative terminal
	Frame	USB_GND	Ground through capacitors

2.9 CN5 Frequency divider pulse output port

Port	Diagram	Pin	Signal	Label
		11	A+	Motor encoder phase A frequency divider output
	11 12	12	A-	iviotor eficoder priase A frequency divider output
	11 12	9	B+	Motor ancoder phase B frequency divider output
		10	B-	Motor encoder phase B frequency divider output
		7	Z+	Mater anader phase 7 frequency divides output
C) 15		8	Z-	Motor encoder phase Z frequency divider output
CN5		5	OCZ	Motor encoder Z-signal OC output
		6	GND	Motor encoder Z-signal OF output reference
				ground
		3	/	/
	1 2	4	/	/
		1	PE	Shield grounding
		2	/	/

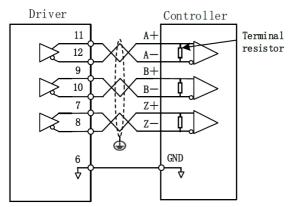
^{*}Please use stranded shielded cable ≥ 0.14 mm² with shield foil grounded to PE terminal.

^{**}Keep it shorter than 3 meters and away from any power cables.



Encoder signal after frequency divider circuit is output as differential signal. It provides feedback signal for controller using position control mode. Please use differential or optocoupler receiving circuit for controller. A terminal

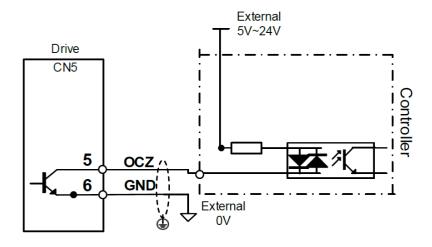
Differential Connection:



resistor needs to be installed in the differential signal input circuit. Resistance of the terminal resistor is as accordance to actual use.

If controller input circuit is not an optocoupler input circuit but a differential receiving circuit, please connect CN5 pin 6 (OC reference ground) to GND of controller differential receiving circuit.

Encoder Z-phase frequency divider output:





2.10 CN6 Safe Torque Off (STO) Port

Port	Pin	Signal	Description	Remarks
	1	0V	Reference ground	Connect to SF1 and SF2 when not in
	2	24V	24V power supply	use. Do not use to supply power.
	3	SF1+	Control signal 1positive input	When SF1 = OFF or SF2 =
	4	SF1-	Control signal 1negative input	OFF, STO is enabled.

Introduction to Safe Torque Off (STO)

Function: Cut off motor current supply physically (through mechanical means)

STO module (CN6 connector) consists of 2 input channels. It cuts off the motor current supply by blocking of PWM control signal from the power module. When the motor current is cut off, the motor will still move under inertia and stops gradually.

The STO function is set up ready to be used by factory default. Please remove STO connector if it is not needed.

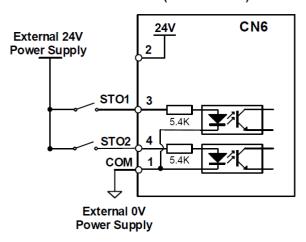
STO functional principle

STO module cuts off the motor current supply and stops motor gradually by blocking of PWM control signal from the power module through 2 isolated circuits. When a STO error occurs, the actual status of STO can be determined by the EDM status feedback.

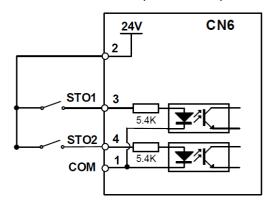
ST01 Input Status	ST02 Input Status	PWM control signal	Alarm code
ON	ON	Normal	-
ON	OFF	Blocked	Er 1c2
OFF	ON	Blocked	Er 1c1
OFF	OFF	Blocked	Er 1c0

STO wiring diagram

STO in use (External 24V)

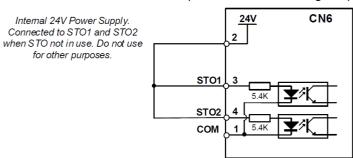


STO in use (Internal 24V)





STO not in use (STO1 & STO2 shorted together)



Please take precautions when enabling STO functions as servo drive will lose control over the motion of the motor. Motor might drop under gravitational pull (vertically mounted load) or moved when external forces are applied to it. Alternatively, motor with holding brake can be chosen.

- > STO is not meant to cut off the power supply of the servo drivers and motors completely.

 Please power off and wait for a few minutes before starting maintenance work.
- It is recommended to use an isolated power supply for STO signal input as any current leakage might cause STO malfunction.

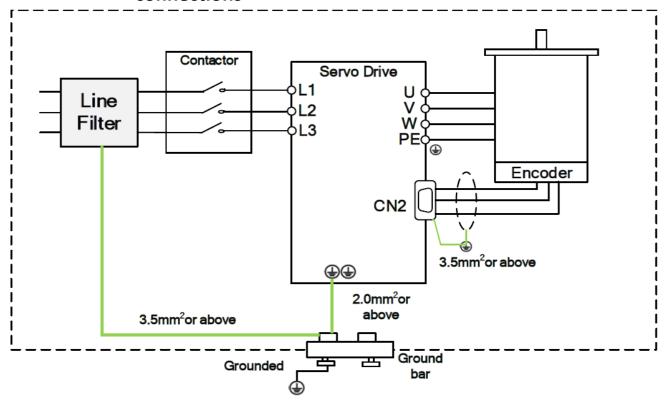
2.11 Measures against electromagnetic interference

To reduce interference, please take the following measures:

- > I/O signal cable > 3m; Encoder cable > 20m
- > Use cable with larger diameter for grounding
- (1)Grounding resistance > 100Ω
- ②When there are multiple drivers connected in Parallel, PE terminal of the main power supply and ground terminal of servo drives must be connected to copper ground bar in the electrical cabinet and the copper ground bar needs to be connected to the metal frame of the cabinet.
- Please install a line filter on main power supply cable to prevent interference from radio frequency.
- In order to prevent malfunctions caused by electromagnetic interference, please take following measures:
- OInstall master device and line filter close to the servo drive
- Oinstall surge suppressor for relay and contactor
- Delease separate signal/encoder cable from power cable with a space of at least 30cm
- Install a line filter for the main power supply if a device with high frequency generation such as a welding machine exists nearby



2.11.1 Grounding connection and other anti-interference wiring connections

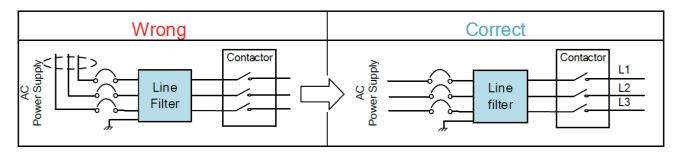


- Servo motor frame should be grounded. Please connect the PE terminal of servo motor and servo drive and ground them together to reduce interference.
- > Ground both ends of the foil shield of encoder cable.

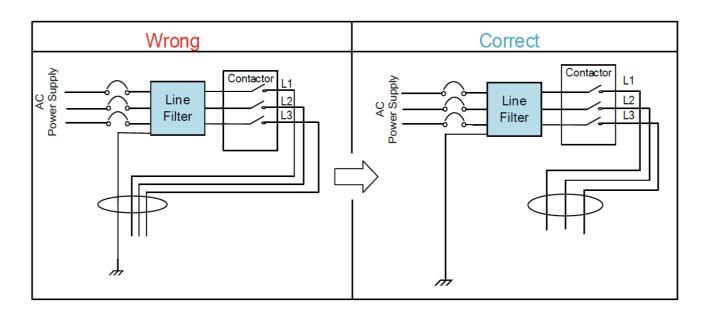
2.11.2 Using line filter

To reduce interference from main power supply cable and to prevent from affecting other sensitive components around the servo drive, please choose a line filter based on actual supply current. Please do be aware of the following mistake when installing a line filter.

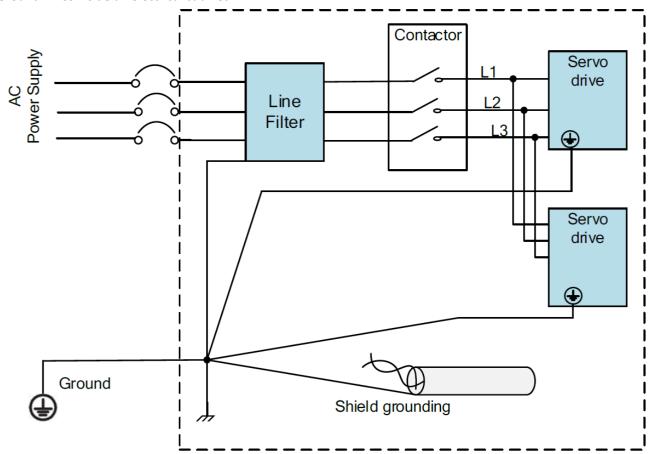
Do not band the main power supply cable together.







Ground wires inside an electrical cabinet





Chapter 3 Parameter

3.1 Parameter List

Panel Display as follows:



Parameter Valid mode Description

CSP: Valid in cyclic synchronous position mode CSV: Valid in cyclic synchronous velocity mode CST: Valid in cyclic synchronous torque mode HM: Valid in homing mode

PP: Valid in profile position mode PV: Valid in profile velocity mode PT: Valid in profile torque mode F: Valid in all modes

3.1.1 Servo drive Parameter

Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Default	Activation
Model-following bandwidth	2000h	PR 000	1	Immediate
Control Mode Settings	2001h	PR 001	9	After restart
Real time Auto Gain Adjusting	2002h	PR 002	0x001	Immediate
Real time auto stiffness adjusting	2003h	PR 003	70	Immediate
Inertia ratio	2004h	PR 004	250	Immediate
Command polarity inversion	2006h	PR 006	0	After restart
Probe signal polarity settings	2007h	PR 007	3	After restart
Command pulse counts per revolution	2008h	PR 008	0	After restart
1st command frequency divider/multiplier numerator	2009h	PR 009	1	After restart
1st command frequency divider/multiplier denominator	2010h	PR 010	1	After restart
Encoder pulse output per revolution	2011	PR 011	2500	After restart
Pulse output logic inversion	2012	PR 012	0	After restart
1st Torque Limit	2013h	PR 013	300	Immediate
Excessive Position Deviation Settings	2014h	PR 014	30	Immediate
Absolute Encoder settings	2015h	PR 015	0	After restart
Regenerative resistance	2016h	PR 016	100	Immediate
Regenerative resistor power rating	2017h	PR 017	50	Immediate
Friction compensation setting	2019h	PR 019	1000	Immediate
EtherCAT slave ID	2023h	PR 023	2	After restart
Source of slave ID	2024h	PR 024	1	After restart



Synchronous compensation time 1	2025h	PR 025	10	After restart
Synchronous compensation time 2	2026h	PR 026	50	After restart
Synchronization mode command delay cycle counts	2027h	PR 027	0	After restart
CSP mode safe self-running position setting	2028h	PR 028	10	Immediate
Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Default	Activation
1st position loop gain	2100h	PR 100	320	Immediate
1 st velocity loop gain	2101h	PR 101	180	Immediate
1 st Integral Time Constant of Velocity Loop	2102h	PR 102	310	Immediate
1st velocity detection filter	2103h	PR 103	15	Immediate
1st Torque Filter Time Constant	2104h	PR 104	126	Immediate
2 nd Position Loop Gain	2105h	PR 105	380	Immediate
2 nd velocity loop gain	2106h	PR 106	180	Immediate
2 nd Integral Time Constant of Velocity Loop	2107h	PR 107	10000	Immediate
2 nd velocity detection filter	2108h	PR 108	15	Immediate
2 nd Torque Filter Time Constant	2109h	PR 109	126	Immediate
Velocity feed forward gain	2110h	PR 110	300	Immediate
Velocity feed forward filter time constant	2111h	PR 111	50	Immediate
Torque feed forward gain	2112h	PR 112	0	Immediate
Torque feed forward filter time constant	2113h	PR 113	0	Immediate
Position control gain switching mode	2115h	PR 115	0	Immediate
Position control gain switching level	2117h	PR 117	50	Immediate
Hysteresis at position control switching	2118h	PR 118	33	Immediate
Position gain switching time	2119h	PR 119	33	Immediate
Unique registry	2137h	PR 137	0	Immediate
Unique registry 1	2138h	PR 138	0x0	Immediate
Unique registry 2	2139h EtherCAT	PR 139 Panel	0x0	Immediate
Label	Address	display	Default	Activation
Adaptive filtering mode settings	2200h	PR 200	0	Immediate
1st notch frequency	2201h	PR 201	4000	Immediate
1st notch bandwidth selection	2202h	PR 202	4	Immediate
1st notch depth selection	2203h	PR 203	0	Immediate
2 nd notch frequency	2204h	PR 204	4000	Immediate
2 nd notch bandwidth selection	2205h	PR 205	4	Immediate
2 nd notch depth selection	2206h	PR 206	0	Immediate
3 rd notch frequency	2207h	PR 207	4000	Immediate
3 rd notch bandwidth selection	2208h	PR 208	4	Immediate
3 rd notch depth selection	2209h	PR 209	0	Immediate
1st damping frequency	2214h	PR 214	0	Immediate
2 nd damping frequency	2216h	PR 216	0	Immediate
Position command smoothing filter	2222h	PR 222	300	After stopping



Position command FIR filter	2223h	PR 223	0	Disable
5 th resonant frequency	2231h	PR 231	4000	Immediate
5 th resonant Q value	2232h	PR 232	0	Immediate
5 th anti-resonant frequency	2233h	PR 233	4000	Immediate
5 th anti-resonant Q value	2234h	PR 234	0	Immediate
6 th resonant frequency 6 th resonant Q value	2235h 2236h	PR 235 PR 236	4000 0	Immediate Immediate
6 th anti-resonant frequency	2237h	PR 237	4000	Immediate
6 th anti-resonant Q value	2237h	PR 238	0	Immediate
Adjustment mode	2248h	PR 248	0	Immediate
MFC type	2250h	PR 250	0	Immediate
Velocity feedforward compensation				
coefficient	2251h	PR 251	0	Immediate
Torque feedforward compensation coefficient	2252h	PR 252	0	Immediate
Dynamic friction compensation coefficient	2253h	PR 253	0	Immediate
Overtravel time coefficient	2254h	PR 254	0	Immediate
Overtravel suppression gain	2255h	PR 255	0	Immediate
Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Default	Activation
Acceleration time settings	2312h	PR 312	0	Immediate
Deceleration time settings	2312h	PR 313	0	Immediate
Sigmoid acceleration/ deceleration settings	2314h	PR 314	0	Disable
Zero speed clamp function	2315h	PR 315	0	Immediate
Zero speed clamp level	2316h	PR 316	30	Immediate
Zero speed clamp static time	2323h	PR 323	0	Immediate
zero speed clamp static time	EtherCAT	Panel	U	iiiiiiediate
Label	Address	display	Default	Activation
Input selection DI1	2400h	PR 400	0x0	Immediate
Input selection DI2	2401h	PR 401	0x0	Immediate
Input selection DI3				
•	2402h	PR 402	0x0	Immediate
Input selection DI4	2402h 2403h	PR 402 PR 403	0x0 0x0	Immediate Immediate
Input selection DI4	2403h	PR 403	0x0	Immediate
Input selection DI4 Input selection DI5	2403h 2404h	PR 403 PR 404	0x0 0x0	Immediate Immediate
Input selection DI5 Input selection DI6	2403h 2404h 2405h	PR 403 PR 404 PR 405	0x0 0x0 0x0	Immediate Immediate Immediate
Input selection DI4 Input selection DI5 Input selection DI6 Output selection DO1	2403h 2404h 2405h 2410h	PR 403 PR 404 PR 405 PR 410	0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0	Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate
Input selection DI4 Input selection DI5 Input selection DI6 Output selection DO1 Output selection DO2	2403h 2404h 2405h 2410h 2411h	PR 403 PR 404 PR 405 PR 410 PR 411	0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0	Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate
Input selection DI4 Input selection DI5 Input selection DI6 Output selection DO1 Output selection DO2 Output selection DO3	2403h 2404h 2405h 2410h 2411h 2412h	PR 403 PR 404 PR 405 PR 410 PR 411 PR 412	0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0	Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate
Input selection DI4 Input selection DI5 Input selection DI6 Output selection DO1 Output selection DO2 Output selection DO3 Positioning complete range	2403h 2404h 2405h 2410h 2411h 2412h 2431h	PR 403 PR 404 PR 405 PR 410 PR 411 PR 412 PR 431	0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0	Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate
Input selection DI4 Input selection DI5 Input selection DI6 Output selection DO1 Output selection DO2 Output selection DO3 Positioning complete range Positioning complete output setting	2403h 2404h 2405h 2410h 2411h 2412h 2431h 2432h	PR 403 PR 404 PR 405 PR 410 PR 411 PR 412 PR 431 PR 432	0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 1	Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate
Input selection DI4 Input selection DI5 Input selection DI6 Output selection DO1 Output selection DO2 Output selection DO3 Positioning complete range Positioning complete output setting INP positioning delay time	2403h 2404h 2405h 2410h 2411h 2412h 2431h 2432h 2433h	PR 403 PR 404 PR 405 PR 410 PR 411 PR 412 PR 431 PR 432 PR 433	0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 1	Immediate
Input selection DI5 Input selection DI6 Output selection DO1 Output selection DO2 Output selection DO3 Positioning complete range Positioning complete output setting INP positioning delay time Zero speed	2403h 2404h 2405h 2410h 2411h 2412h 2431h 2432h 2433h 2434h	PR 403 PR 404 PR 405 PR 410 PR 411 PR 412 PR 431 PR 432 PR 433 PR 434	0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 20 1 0	Immediate
Input selection DI5 Input selection DI6 Output selection DO1 Output selection DO2 Output selection DO3 Positioning complete range Positioning complete output setting INP positioning delay time Zero speed Velocity coincidence range Arrival velocity	2403h 2404h 2405h 2410h 2411h 2412h 2431h 2432h 2433h 2434h 2435h	PR 403 PR 404 PR 405 PR 410 PR 411 PR 412 PR 431 PR 432 PR 433 PR 434 PR 435	0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 50 50	Immediate
Input selection DI4 Input selection DI5 Input selection DI6 Output selection DO1 Output selection DO2 Output selection DO3 Positioning complete range Positioning complete output setting INP positioning delay time Zero speed Velocity coincidence range Arrival velocity Motor power-off delay time	2403h 2404h 2405h 2410h 2411h 2412h 2431h 2432h 2433h 2434h 2435h 2436h	PR 403 PR 404 PR 405 PR 410 PR 411 PR 412 PR 431 PR 432 PR 433 PR 434 PR 435 PR 436	0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 50 1000	Immediate
Input selection DI4 Input selection DI5 Input selection DI6 Output selection DO1 Output selection DO2 Output selection DO3 Positioning complete range Positioning complete output setting INP positioning delay time Zero speed Velocity coincidence range Arrival velocity Motor power-off delay time Delay time for holding brake release	2403h 2404h 2405h 2410h 2411h 2412h 2431h 2432h 2433h 2434h 2435h 2436h 2437h	PR 403 PR 404 PR 405 PR 410 PR 411 PR 412 PR 431 PR 432 PR 433 PR 434 PR 435 PR 436 PR 437	0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 20 1 0 50 50 1000	Immediate
Input selection DI5 Input selection DI6 Output selection DO1 Output selection DO2 Output selection DO3 Positioning complete range Positioning complete output setting INP positioning delay time Zero speed Velocity coincidence range Arrival velocity Motor power-off delay time Delay time for holding brake release Holding brake activation velocity	2403h 2404h 2405h 2410h 2411h 2412h 2431h 2432h 2433h 2434h 2435h 2436h 2437h 2438h 2439h	PR 403 PR 404 PR 405 PR 410 PR 411 PR 412 PR 431 PR 432 PR 433 PR 434 PR 435 PR 436 PR 437 PR 438 PR 439	0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 1000 1000 30	Immediate
Input selection DI5 Input selection DI6 Output selection DO1 Output selection DO2 Output selection DO3 Positioning complete range Positioning complete output setting INP positioning delay time Zero speed Velocity coincidence range Arrival velocity Motor power-off delay time Delay time for holding brake release	2403h 2404h 2405h 2410h 2411h 2412h 2431h 2432h 2433h 2434h 2435h 2436h 2437h 2438h	PR 403 PR 404 PR 405 PR 410 PR 411 PR 412 PR 431 PR 432 PR 433 PR 434 PR 435 PR 436 PR 437 PR 438	0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 0x0 20 1 0 50 1000 100	Immediate



Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Default	Activation
Driver prohibition input settings	2504h	PR 504	0	Immediate
Servo-off mode	2506h	PR 506	0	After restart
Main power-off detection time	2509h	PR 509	50	Immediate
Servo-off due to alarm mode	2510h	PR 510	0	After restart
Servo braking torque setting	2511h	PR 511	0	Immediate
Overload level setting	2512h	PR 512	0	Immediate
Overspeed level settings	2513h	PR 513	0	Immediate
I/O digital filter	2515h	PR 515	10	Immediate
Position unit settings	2520h	PR 520	2	After restart
Torque limit selection	2521h	PR 521	0	Immediate
2 nd torque limit	2522h	PR 522	300	Immediate
LED initial status	2528h	PR 528	34	After restart
Torque limit detection time during torque initialization	2537h	PR 537	500	Immediate
3 rd torque limit	2539h	PR 539	80	Immediate
D41 set value	2540h	PR 540	0x30C	Immediate
Frequency divider output – Z-signal polarity	2542h	PR 542	0	After restart
Frequency divider output – Z-signal width	2543h	PR 543	0	After restart
Frequency divider output source	2544h	PR 544	0	After restart
Vent overload level	2546h	PR 546	0	Immediate
Label	EtherCAT Address	Panel display	Default	Activation
Encoder zero position compensation	2601h	PR 601	0	After restart
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				/ tree restare
JOG trial run torque command	2603h	PR 603	350	Immediate
·			350 30	
JOG trial run torque command	2603h	PR 603		Immediate
JOG trial run torque command JOG trial run velocity command	2603h 2604h	PR 603 PR 604	30	Immediate Immediate
JOG trial run torque command JOG trial run velocity command Position 3 rd gain valid time	2603h 2604h 2605h	PR 603 PR 604 PR 605	30	Immediate Immediate Immediate
JOG trial run torque command JOG trial run velocity command Position 3 rd gain valid time Position 3 rd gain scale factor	2603h 2604h 2605h 2606h	PR 603 PR 604 PR 605 PR 606	30 0 100	Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate
JOG trial run torque command JOG trial run velocity command Position 3 rd gain valid time Position 3 rd gain scale factor Torque command additional value	2603h 2604h 2605h 2606h 2607h 2608h 2609h	PR 603 PR 604 PR 605 PR 606 PR 607 PR 608 PR 609	30 0 100 0	Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate
JOG trial run torque command JOG trial run velocity command Position 3 rd gain valid time Position 3 rd gain scale factor Torque command additional value Positive direction torque compensation value	2603h 2604h 2605h 2606h 2607h 2608h	PR 603 PR 604 PR 605 PR 606 PR 607 PR 608	30 0 100 0	Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate
JOG trial run torque command JOG trial run velocity command Position 3 rd gain valid time Position 3 rd gain scale factor Torque command additional value Positive direction torque compensation value Negative direction torque compensation value	2603h 2604h 2605h 2606h 2607h 2608h 2609h	PR 603 PR 604 PR 605 PR 606 PR 607 PR 608 PR 609	30 0 100 0 0	Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate Immediate
JOG trial run torque command JOG trial run velocity command Position 3 rd gain valid time Position 3 rd gain scale factor Torque command additional value Positive direction torque compensation value Negative direction torque compensation value Torque compensation upon enabling	2603h 2604h 2605h 2606h 2607h 2608h 2609h 2610h	PR 603 PR 604 PR 605 PR 606 PR 607 PR 608 PR 609 PR 610	30 0 100 0 0 0 0	Immediate
JOG trial run torque command JOG trial run velocity command Position 3 rd gain valid time Position 3 rd gain scale factor Torque command additional value Positive direction torque compensation value Negative direction torque compensation value Torque compensation upon enabling Current response settings	2603h 2604h 2605h 2606h 2607h 2608h 2609h 2610h 2611h	PR 603 PR 604 PR 605 PR 606 PR 607 PR 608 PR 609 PR 610 PR 611	30 0 100 0 0 0 0 0x0 100	Immediate
JOG trial run torque command JOG trial run velocity command Position 3 rd gain valid time Position 3 rd gain scale factor Torque command additional value Positive direction torque compensation value Negative direction torque compensation value Torque compensation upon enabling Current response settings Max. time to stop after disabling	2603h 2604h 2605h 2606h 2607h 2608h 2609h 2610h 2611h 2614h	PR 603 PR 604 PR 605 PR 606 PR 607 PR 608 PR 609 PR 610 PR 611 PR 614	30 0 100 0 0 0 0 0x0 100 500	Immediate
JOG trial run torque command JOG trial run velocity command Position 3 rd gain valid time Position 3 rd gain scale factor Torque command additional value Positive direction torque compensation value Negative direction torque compensation value Torque compensation upon enabling Current response settings Max. time to stop after disabling Trial run distance	2603h 2604h 2605h 2606h 2607h 2608h 2609h 2610h 2611h 2614h 2620h	PR 603 PR 604 PR 605 PR 606 PR 607 PR 608 PR 609 PR 610 PR 611 PR 614 PR 620	30 0 100 0 0 0 0 0x0 100 500	Immediate
JOG trial run torque command JOG trial run velocity command Position 3 rd gain valid time Position 3 rd gain scale factor Torque command additional value Positive direction torque compensation value Negative direction torque compensation value Torque compensation upon enabling Current response settings Max. time to stop after disabling Trial run distance Trial run waiting time	2603h 2604h 2605h 2606h 2607h 2608h 2609h 2610h 2611h 2614h 2620h 2621h	PR 603 PR 604 PR 605 PR 606 PR 607 PR 608 PR 609 PR 610 PR 611 PR 614 PR 620 PR 621	30 0 100 0 0 0 0 0x0 100 500 10	Immediate
JOG trial run torque command JOG trial run velocity command Position 3 rd gain valid time Position 3 rd gain scale factor Torque command additional value Positive direction torque compensation value Negative direction torque compensation value Torque compensation upon enabling Current response settings Max. time to stop after disabling Trial run distance Trial run waiting time No. of trial run cycles	2603h 2604h 2605h 2606h 2607h 2608h 2609h 2610h 2611h 2614h 2620h 2621h	PR 603 PR 604 PR 605 PR 606 PR 607 PR 608 PR 609 PR 610 PR 611 PR 614 PR 620 PR 621 PR 622	30 0 100 0 0 0 0x0 100 500 10 300	Immediate
JOG trial run torque command JOG trial run velocity command Position 3 rd gain valid time Position 3 rd gain scale factor Torque command additional value Positive direction torque compensation value Negative direction torque compensation value Torque compensation upon enabling Current response settings Max. time to stop after disabling Trial run distance Trial run waiting time No. of trial run cycles Trial run acceleration	2603h 2604h 2605h 2606h 2607h 2608h 2609h 2610h 2611h 2614h 2620h 2621h 2622h	PR 603 PR 604 PR 605 PR 606 PR 607 PR 608 PR 609 PR 610 PR 611 PR 614 PR 620 PR 621 PR 622 PR 625	30 0 100 0 0 0 0x0 100 500 10 300 5	Immediate
JOG trial run torque command JOG trial run velocity command Position 3 rd gain valid time Position 3 rd gain scale factor Torque command additional value Positive direction torque compensation value Negative direction torque compensation value Torque compensation upon enabling Current response settings Max. time to stop after disabling Trial run distance Trial run waiting time No. of trial run cycles Trial run acceleration Velocity observer gain	2603h 2604h 2605h 2606h 2607h 2608h 2609h 2610h 2611h 2614h 2620h 2621h 2622h 2625h 2628h	PR 603 PR 604 PR 605 PR 606 PR 607 PR 608 PR 609 PR 610 PR 611 PR 614 PR 620 PR 621 PR 622 PR 625 PR 628	30 0 100 0 0 0 0 0x0 100 500 10 300 5	Immediate
JOG trial run torque command JOG trial run velocity command Position 3 rd gain valid time Position 3 rd gain scale factor Torque command additional value Positive direction torque compensation value Negative direction torque compensation value Torque compensation upon enabling Current response settings Max. time to stop after disabling Trial run distance Trial run waiting time No. of trial run cycles Trial run acceleration Velocity observer gain Velocity observer bandwidth	2603h 2604h 2605h 2606h 2607h 2608h 2609h 2610h 2611h 2614h 2620h 2621h 2622h 2625h 2628h 2629h	PR 603 PR 604 PR 605 PR 606 PR 607 PR 608 PR 609 PR 610 PR 611 PR 614 PR 620 PR 621 PR 622 PR 625 PR 628 PR 629	30 0 100 0 0 0 0 0x0 100 500 10 300 5 200 0	Immediate
JOG trial run torque command JOG trial run velocity command Position 3 rd gain valid time Position 3 rd gain scale factor Torque command additional value Positive direction torque compensation value Negative direction torque compensation value Torque compensation upon enabling Current response settings Max. time to stop after disabling Trial run distance Trial run waiting time No. of trial run cycles Trial run acceleration Velocity observer gain Velocity observer bandwidth Frame error window Absolute value rotation mode	2603h 2604h 2605h 2606h 2607h 2608h 2609h 2610h 2611h 2614h 2620h 2622h 2625h 2628h 2629h 2634h	PR 603 PR 604 PR 605 PR 606 PR 607 PR 608 PR 609 PR 610 PR 611 PR 614 PR 620 PR 621 PR 622 PR 625 PR 628 PR 629 PR 634	30 0 100 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 500 10 300 5 200 0 100	Immediate
JOG trial run torque command JOG trial run velocity command Position 3 rd gain valid time Position 3 rd gain scale factor Torque command additional value Positive direction torque compensation value Negative direction torque compensation value Torque compensation upon enabling Current response settings Max. time to stop after disabling Trial run distance Trial run waiting time No. of trial run cycles Trial run acceleration Velocity observer gain Velocity observer bandwidth Frame error window	2603h 2604h 2605h 2606h 2607h 2608h 2609h 2610h 2611h 2614h 2620h 2621h 2622h 2625h 2628h 2629h 2634h 2635h	PR 603 PR 604 PR 605 PR 606 PR 607 PR 608 PR 609 PR 610 PR 611 PR 614 PR 620 PR 621 PR 622 PR 625 PR 628 PR 629 PR 634 PR 635	30 0 100 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 100 500 10 300 5 200 0 100 500	Immediate



Homing mode position deviation threshold	2659h	PR 659	8	Immediate
Z-signal sustaining time	2661h	PR 661	10	Immediate
Absolute multiturn data upper limit	2663h	PR 663	0	After restart
	EtherCAT Address	Panel display		
Label		. ,	Default	Activation
Label Motor model	-	PR 715	Ox200	Activation After restart

3.1.2 Manufacturer Parameter

Index	Sub index	Label	Unit	Default	Min	Max
5004	01	RPDO length		8	0	64
•	02	TPDO length		17	0	64
Ī	03	The number of RPDO		1	0	4
-	04	The number of TPDO		1	0	2
	05	Sync0 Watchdog counter		0	0	65535
	06	Reserved			0	65535
	07	Sync0 Watchdog limit		4	0	65535
	08	Sync0 Drift watchdog counter		0	0	65535
-	09	Sync0 Drift watchdog limit		4	0	65535
	0A	SM2 watchdog counter		0	0	65535
	OB	SM2 Watchdog limit		4	0	65535
	0C	Application layer SM2/Sync0 watchdog counter		0		
	0D	Application layer SM2/Sync0 watchdog limit		4		
	0E	Reserved			0	500
	0F	Time interval between SM2 and Sync0	ns	0	0	1000000000
5006	00	Synchronous alarm setting		0xFFFF	0	0xFFFF
5010	00	PDO watchdog overtime	ms	0	0	60000
5012	04	Homing setting	-	5		
5400	01	Set synchronization cycle minimum value	us	250	125	1000
5400	02	Set synchronization cycle maximum value	us	10000	4000	20000
5500	01	Absolute encoder multiturn number	r	-	-	-
-	02	Encoder single turn position	Pulse	-	-	-
-	03	Encoder feedback position 32 bit low	Pulse	-	1	-
-	04	Encoder feedback position 32 bit high	Pulse	-	-	-
-	05	The actual mechanical position 32 bit low	Unit	-	-	-
	06	The actual mechanical position 32 bit high	Unit	-	-	-
	07	Number of encoder communication exceptions		-	-	-
5501	01	Motor Speed	r/min	-	-	-
	02	Speed of position command	r/min	-	-	-
	03	Speed command	r/min	-	-	-
<u> </u>	04	Actual torque	0.1%	-	-	-
<u> </u>	05	Torque command	0.1%	-	-	-
<u> </u>	06	Relative position error	Pulse	-	-	-
	07	Internal position command	Pulse	-	-	-



I	00	Overdend askin	0.10/			
	08	Overload ratio	0.1%	-	-	-
	09	Discharge load rate	0.1%	-	-	-
	0A	Inertia ratio	%	-	-	-
	ОВ	Actual positive torque limit value	0.1%	-	-	-
	0C	Actual negative torque limit value	0.1%	-	-	-
	0D	U phase current detect value	0.1%	-	-	-
	0E	W phase current detect value	0.1%	-	-	-
5502	01	DI input signal	-	-	-	-
3302	02	SO, output signal	-	-	-	-
	03	Reserved	-	-	-	-
	04	Reserved	-	-	-	-
	05	Bus voltage	V	-	-	-
	06	Temperature	°C	-	-	-
	07	Power on time	S	-	-	-

3.1.3 Motion Parameter starting with object dictionary 6000

Index	Sub-index	Label	Unit	Default
603F	0	Error code	-	0x0
6040	0	Control word	-	0x0
6041	0	Status word	-	0x0
605A	0	Quick stop option code	-	2
605B	0	Shutdown Option Code	-	0
605C	0	Disable Operation Option Code	-	0
605D	0	Halt Option Code	-	1
605E	0	Fault Reaction Option Code	-	0
6060	0	Mode of Operation	-	8
6061	0	Mode of Operation display	-	0
6062	0	Position Demand Value	Command unit	0
6063	0	Position Actual Internal Value	Encoder unit	0
6064	0	Position Actual Value	Command unit	-
6065	0	Follow Error Window	Command unit	30000
6066	0	Follow Error Time Out	ms	10
6067	0	Position window	Command unit/s	0
6068	0	Position window time	ms	0
606B	0	Velocity Demand Value	Command unit/s	0
606C	0	Velocity Actual Value	Command unit/s	0
606D	0	Velocity window	Command unit /s	10
606E	0	Velocity window time	ms	0
606F	0	Velocity Threshold	Command unit/s	10
6070	0	Velocity Threshold Time	ms	100
6071	0	Target torque	0.001	0
6072	0	Maximum torque	0.001	3000



6073	0	Maximum current	0.001	3000
6074				
6075	0	Torque Demand Motor Rated Current	0.001	0
6076	0		mA	3000
6077	0	Motor Rated Torque	mN.m	0
6078	0	Torque Actual Value Current Actual Value	0.1%	0
6079	0		0.1% mV	0
0079	U	DC Link Circuit Voltage	Command unit	0
607A	0	Target position	Sommand dime	0
607C	0	Home Offset	Command unit	0
607D	1	Min Position Limit	Command unit	0
	2	Max Position Limit	Command unit	0
607E	0	Polarity	-	0x0
607F	0	Max Profile Velocity	Command unit /s	2147483647
6080	0	Max Motor Speed	r/min	6000
6081	0	Profile velocity	Command unit /s	10000
6083	0	Profile acceleration	Command unit /s²	10000
6084	0	Profile deceleration	Command unit /s²	10000
6085	0	Quick Stop Deceleration	Command unit /s²	10000000
6087	0	Torque slope	0.001/s	5000
608F	1	Encoder Increments	Encoder unit	0
6091	1	Motor Revolutions	r	1
	2	Shaft Revolutions	r	1
6092	1	Feed	Command unit/r	10000
6098	0	Homing method	-	19
6099	1	Speed During Search for Switch	Command unit /s	10000
		Speed During Search for Zero	Command unit /s	
6004	2		Command unit /s²	5000
609A	0	Homing acceleration	Command unit	500000
60B0	0	Position Offset	Command unit /s	0
60B1	0	Velocity Offset		0
60B2	0	Torque Offset	0.001	0
60B8	0	Touch Probe function	-	0x0
60B9	0	Touch Probe status		0x0
60BA	0	Touch Probe 1 Positive Position	Command unit	0
60BB	0	Touch Probe 1 Negative Position	Command unit	0
60BC	0	Touch Probe 2 Positive Position	Command unit	0
60BD	0	Touch Probe 2 Negative Position	Command unit	0
60C5	0	Max Acceleration	Command unit /s²	100000000
60C6		Max Deceleration	Command unit /s²	100000000
0000	0			



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60D5	0	Touch Probe 1 Positive Edge Counter	-	0
60D6	0	Touch Probe 1 Negative Edge Counter	-	0
60D7	0	Touch Probe 2 Positive Edge Counter	-	0
60D8	0	Touch Probe 2 Negative Edge Counter	-	0
60E0	0	Positive Torque Limit	0.001	3000
60E1	0	Negative Torque Limit	0.001	3000
60F4	0	Following Error Actual Value	Command unit	0
60FA	0	Control Effort	Command unit /s	0
60FC	0	Position Demand Internal Value	Encoder unit	0
60FD	0	Digital Inputs	-	0x0
60FE	1	Physical Outputs	-	0x0
	2	Bit Mask	-	0x0
60FF	0	Target velocity	Command unit /s	0
6502	0	Supported Drive Modes	-	0x0



3.2 Parameter Function

Panel Display as follows:



Parameter valid under following modes: CSP: Cyclic synchronous position mode CSV: Cyclic synchronous velocity mode CST: Cyclic synchronous torque mode

HM: Homing mode

PP: Profile position mode PV: Profile velocity mode PT: Profile torque mode

F: All modes

3.2.1 【Class 0】 Basic Settings

	Label	Model-following bandwidth	Mode	F		
PR0.00	Range	0~5000	Default	1	Unit	0.1Hz
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2000h

Model-following bandwidth, also known as model-following control (MFC), is used to control the position loop to improve the responsiveness to commands, speed up positioning time and reduce following error. The effect is obvious especially in low and medium mechanical stiffness.

Use mainly for MFC or ZTC tuning.

Value	Description
0	Disable the function.
1	Enable the function to set bandwidth automatically, recommended for most applications. PR0.00=PR1.01
2	Reserved
3-9	Invalid

PR0.00>9: Model-following bandwidth value set by PR0.00. 10<Pr0.00<5000: Specifies the bandwidth.

^{*}Recommended settings for belt application: 30<PR0.00<100.

	Label	Control Mode Settings	Mode	F		
PR0.01	Range	0~9	Default	9	Unit	-
	Activation	After restart			Index	2001h

Set value to use following control modes:

Value	Content	Details
0-8	Reserved	Reserved
9	EtherCAT mode	PP/PV/PT/HM/CSP/CSV/CST



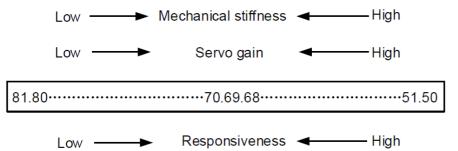
	Label	Real time Auto Gain Adjusting	Mode		F		
PR0.02	Range	0x0~0xFFF	Default	0x001	Unit	ı	
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2002 h	
Set up the mode of the real time auto gain adjusting.							

Data bits	Category	/ Settings	Application			
		requirements. Ger requirement, mod	n setting mode, which can be selected according to the motion characteristics or setting merally, it is recommended to select mode 1 with good generality when there is no special e 2 when rapid positioning is needed If mode 1 and mode 2 cannot meet please choose mode 0.			
		0: Manual	PR0.03 invalid. Gain value must be adjusted manually and accordingly.			
0x00_	Motion setting mode	1: Standard	PR0.03 valid. Quick gain adjusting can be achieved by changing PR0.03 stiffness value. Gain switching is not used in this mode, suitable for applications with requirements for stability.			
		2: Positioning	PR0.03 valid. Quick gain adjusting can be achieved by changing PR0.03 stiffness value. This mode is suitable for applications requiring quick positioning. Not recommended for load mounted vertical to ground, or please compensate for the load using PR6.07			
		Used to select the	load type, choose according to load-inertia ratio and mechanical structure.			
	Load	0: Rigid structure	This mode prioritizes system responsiveness. Use this mode when there is a relatively rigid structure with low load inertia. Typical application including directly connected high-precision gearbox, lead screw, gears, etc.			
0x0_0	type setting		1: High inertia	For applications with higher load inertia (10 times or above), gain settings take into account both machine stability and responsiveness. Not recommended to set stiffness above 15 for high load inertia.		
		2: Flexible structure	This mode prioritizes system stability. Use this mode when there is low rigidity structure with high load inertia. Typical applications included belts and chains.			
0x 00	Reserve	d				
The setti	ng type cor	nbination is a hexadeci	nal standard, as follows:			
0X000	Rig	gid structure + Manual				
0X001	Rig	igid structure +Standard				
0X002	Rig	gid structure +Positionii	ng			
0X010	Hi	gh inertia + Manual				
0X011	Hi	gh inertia + Standard	tia + Standard			
0X012	Hi	gh inertia + Positioning				
0X020	Fle	exible structure + Manu	al			
0X021	Fle	exible structure +Standa	ord			
0X022	Fle	exible structure +Position	oning			



	Label	Real time auto stiffness adjusting	Mode	F		
PR0.03	Range	50~81	Default	70	Unit	1
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2003h

Valid when PR0.03 = 1,2



- Lower values ensure better system responsiveness and mechanical stiffness but machine vibration might occur, please set accordingly. Please stop the motor before doing any changes to the stiffness settings.
- When PR0.02 = 0x010, please set stiffness level to around 65.

	Label	Inertia ratio	Mode		F	
PR0.04	Range	0~20000	Default	250	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2004h

PR0.04= (load inertia/motor rotational inertia) ×100%

Set inertia ratio according to actual load inertia. When both are uniform, actual motor velocity loop responsiveness and gain settings will be consistent. If inertia ratio is greater than actual value, velocity loop gain settings will be higher and vice versa.

For motor with high inertia, PR0.04 can be left unfilled but optimal setting of PR0.04 could improve system performance.

	Label	Command polarity inversion	Mode	F		
PR0.06	Range	0~1	Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	After restart			Index	2006h

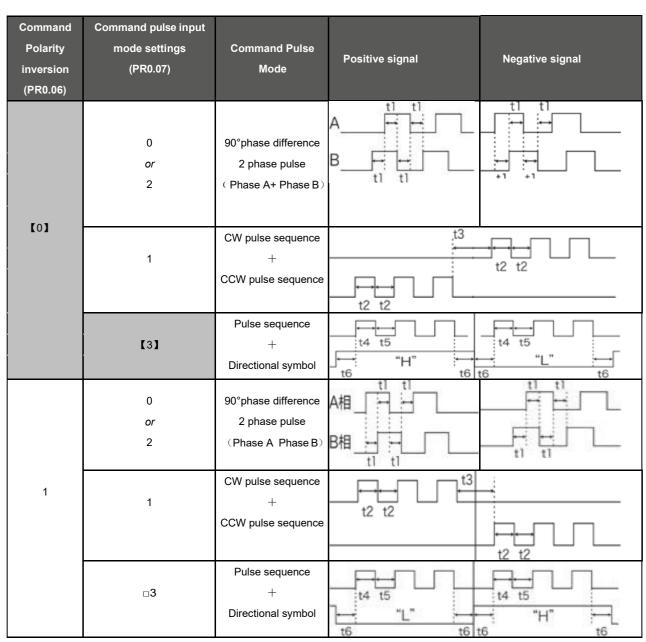
Used to change the rotational direction of the motor

Set value	Details				
	Polarity of the command is not inversed. The direction of rotation is consistent with the polarity of command.				
0	, ,				
	Polarity of command is inversed. The direction of rotation is opposite to the polarity of				
1	command.				
Note: Rotational	Note: Rotational direction of the motor is recommended to be set through object dictionary 607F. However, PRO 06 has higher priority than				

Note: Rotational direction of the motor is recommended to be set through object dictionary 607E. However, PR0.06 has higher priority than object dictionary 607E. 607E only takes effect when PR0.06 = 0.



	Label	Probe signal polarity settings	Mode		F	
PR0.07	Range	0~3	Default	3	Unit	-
	Activation	After restart			Index	2007h
Probe signa	al polarity settings tak	e effect when PR0.01 = 9				
0	Probe 1 & 2 pol	Probe 1 & 2 polarity inversion				
1	Probe 2 polarity	Probe 2 polarity inversion				
2	Probe 1 polarity	Probe 1 polarity inversion				
3	No polarity inversion for probe 1 & 2					
If PR0.01 ≠	If PRO.01 ≠ 9, PRO.07 = Command pulse input mode settings.					
Command pulse input						





Command pulse input signal max. frequency and min. duration needed

Command pulse input interface		May Fraguesay	Min. durati	on needed (με	5)			
		Max. Frequency	t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6
Pulse sequence	Differential	500 kHz	2	1	1	1	1	1
interface	Open collector	200 kHz	5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5

Please set $>0.1\mu s$ for the duration between rising and falling edge of command pulse input signal.

1 revolution with 2500 pulses 2-phase pulse input when PR0.07=0 or 2, PR0.08 = 10000; 1 revolution with 10000 pulses 1

phase pulse input when PR0.07=1 or 3, PR0.08 = 10000

	Label	Command pulse count per revolution	Mode		F	
PR0.08	Range	0~8388608	Default	0	Unit	P-
	Activation	After restart			Index	2008h

Pulses per revolution can be set using object dictionary 608F, 6091, 6092. However, PR0.08 has higher priority.

PRO.09 Label divider/multiplier numerator Mode divider/multiplier numerator F Range 1~2147483647 Default 1 Unit Activation After restart Index 2						
	Range	1~2147483647	Default	1	Unit	P-
	Activation	After restart			Index	2009h

This Parameter correspond s to object dictionary 6091-01. Modifying this Parameter is the same as changing object dictionary 6091-01 value. Valid when PR0.08 = 0.

	Label	1st command frequency divider/multiplier denominator	Mode		F	
PR0.10	Range	1~2147483647	Default	1	Unit	P-
	Activation	After restart			Index	2010h

This Parameter correspond s to object dictionary 6091-02. Modifying this Parameter is the same as changing object dictionary 6091-02 value. Valid when PR0.08 = 0.

	Label	Encoder pulse output per revolution	Mode		F	
PR0.11	Range	0~65535	Default	2500	Unit	P/r
	Activation	After restart			Index	201
						1

Including rising and falling edge of encoder phase A and B, encoder actual differential output pulse count = PR0.011 x 4

Please make sure: Motor rotational speed x PR0.11 x 4≤1MHz. If exceeds, alarm Er280 might



	Label	Pulse output logic inversion	Mode		F	
PR0.12	Range	0~1	Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	After restart			Index	2012

To set phase B logic and output source from encoder pulse output. To inverse B-Phase pulse logic and change the phase relation between Phase

A and Phase B

Pulse output logic inversion

PR0.12	Phase B logic	CW direction	CCW direction
[0]	Not inverted	A-phase	A-phase
[0]	Not inverted	B-phase	B-phase
[1]	Inverted	A-phase	A-phase
1.1	mvorted	B-phase	B-phase

	Label	1 st Torque Limit	Mode		F	
PR0.13	Range	0~500	Default	300	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2013h

 $^{1^{}st}$ torque limit is set according to ratio percentage of motor rated current. Do not exceed max driver output current.

Actual torque limit is the smaller value of PR0.13 and object dictionary 6072

	Label	Excessive Position Deviation Settings	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
PR0.14	Range	0~500	Default	30	Unit	0.1rev
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2014h

Please set threshold value for position deviation accordingly. Default factory setting = 30, Er180 will be triggered if positive deviation is in excess of 3 revolutions.

	Label	Absolute Encoder settings	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
PR0.15	Range	0~32767	Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2015h

0: Incremental mode:

 $Used \ as \ an \ incremental \ encoder. \ Doesn't \ retain \ position \ data \ on \ power \ off. \ Unlimited \ travel \ distance.$

1: Multiturn linear mode:

Used as a multiturn absolute encoder. Retrain position data on power off. For applications with fixed travel distance and no multiturn data overflow.

2: Multiturn rotary mode:

Used as a multiturn absolute encoder. Retrain position data on power off. Actual data feedback in between 0-(PR6.63). Unlimited travel distance.

3: Single turn absolute mode:

Used when travel distance is within 1 revolution of the encoder. Data overflow will trigger alarm.

5: Clear multiturn alarm and activate multiturn absolute function. Will switch to multiturn mode

once alarm cleared, if remains at 5 after 3s, please solve according to Er153.

9: <u>Clear multiturn position, reset multiturn alarm and activate multiturn absolute function</u>. Will switch to multiturn mode once alarm cleared, if remains at 9 after 3s, please solve

according to Er153. Please disable axis before setting to 9 and home the axis before using.



PR0.16	Label	Regenerative resistance	Mode		F	
	Range	25~500	Default	100	Unit	Ohm
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2016h
To set resista	To set resistance value of regenerative resistor					

	Label	Regenerative resistor power rating	Mode		F	
PR0.17	Range	20~5000	Default	50	Unit	W
	Activation	Immediate	·		Index	2017h
To set powe	r rating of regene	rative resistor				
Drive	F	esistance(Ω)	Power Rati	ng(W)		
OSD-H-2SD	10	100		50		
OSD-H-2SD	75	50		75		
OSD-H-2S1	00	50			75	
OSD-H-2S1)5	50			80	
OSD-H-2S2	00	50			80	
		es the threshold value of Er 120. Please set accordingly resistor is used, please set according to its labeled pow	0 00	arm or dam	nage to serv	o driver.

	Label	Friction compensation setting	Mode		F		
PR0.19	Range	0~1000	Default	0	Unit	-	
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2022h	
Friction compensation setting = 0, default = 1; Friction compensation setting = x, indicating x+1/10000 of friction compensation runway;							

	Label	EtherCAT slave ID	Mode		F		
PR0.23	Range	0~32767	Default	2	Unit	-	
	Activation	After restart			Index	2023h	
Set ID number of the slave station under EtherCAT mode							
	Label	Source of slave ID	Mode		F		
PR0.24	Range	0~1	Default	1	Unit	-	
PR0.24		0~1 After restart	Default	1		- 2024h	
	Range Activation		Default	1	Unit		

	Label	Synchronous compensation time 1	Mode	C	SP	
PR0.25	Range	1~100	Default	10	Unit	0.1us
	Activation	After restart			Index	2025h
Synchronous dithering compensation range. Used for master device with poor synchronization.						



PR0.26	Label	Synchronous compensation time 2	Mode	C	SP	
	Range	1~2000	Default	50	Unit	0.1us
	Activation	After restart			Index	2026h

Synchronous dithering compensation range. Used for master device with poor

synchronization.

	Label	Synchronization mode command delay cycle counts	Mode	C	SP	
	Range	1~50	Default	0	Unit	-
PR0.27	Activation	After restart			Index	2027h

Driver delays N position loop cycle counts to receive position command from master device. To solve motor jitter caused by master device with poor synchronization.

	Label	CSP mode safe self-running position setting	Mode	C	SP	
	Range	0~10000	Default	10	Unit	-
PR0.28	Activation	Immediate			Index	2028h

Synchronous dithering compensation range. Used for master device with poor synchronization.

3.2.2 【Class 1】 Gain Adjustments

	Label	1 st position loop gain	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
PR1.00	Range	0~30000	Default	320	Unit	0.1/s
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2100h

Higher position loop gain value improves the responsiveness of the servo driver and lessens the positioning time.

Position loop gain value shouldn't exceed responsiveness of the mechanical system and take in consideration velocity loop gain, if not it might cause vibration, mechanical noise and overtravel.

As velocity loop gain is based on position loop gain, please set both values accordingly.

Recommended range: $1.2 \le PR1.00/PR1.01 \le 1.8$

	Label	1 st velocity loop gain	Mode		F	
PR1.01	Range	1~32767	Default	180	Unit	0.1Hz
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2101h

To determine the responsiveness of the velocity loop. If inertia ratio of PR0.04 is uniform with actual inertia ratio, velocity loop responsiveness = PR1.01.

To increase position loop gain and improve responsiveness of the whole system, velocity loop gain must be set at higher value. Please notice that if the velocity loop gain is too high, it might

cause vibration.



	Label	1st Integral Time Constant of Velocity Loop	Mode		F	
PR1.02	Range	1~10000	Default	310	Unit	0.1ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2102h

If auto gain adjusting function is not enabled, PR1.02 is activated.

The lower the set value, the closer the lag error at stop to 0 but might cause vibration. If the value set is overly large, overshoot, delay of positioning time duration and lowered responsiveness might occur.

Set 10000 to deactivate PR1.02.

Recommended range: 50000 SPR1.01xPR1.02 S150000

For example: Velocity loop gain PR1.01=500(0.1Hz), which is 50Hz. Integral time constant of

velocity loop should be 100(0.1ms)≤PR1.02≤300(0.1ms)

	Label	1 st velocity detection filter	Mode		F	
PR1.03	Range	1~10000	Default	15	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2103h

This filter is a low Pass filter. It blocks high frequencies which cause system instability from velocity feedback data. The higher the set value, lower frequencies will be blocked and velocity responsiveness will also be lowered. PR1.03 needs to match velocity loop gain.

Please refer to the following table.

Value	Velocity Detection Filter Cut-off Frequency(Hz)	Value	Velocity Detection Filter Cut-off Frequency (Hz)
0	2500	16	750
1	2250	17	700
2	2100	18	650
3	2000	19	600
4	1800	20	550
5	1600	21	500
6	1500	22	450
7	1400	23	400
8	1300	24	350
9	1200	25	300
10	1100	26	250
11	1000	27	200
12	950	28	175
13	900	29	150
14	850	30	125
【15】	800	31	100

	Label	1 st Torque Filter Time Constant	Mode		F	
PR1.04	Range	0~2500	Default	126	Unit	0.01ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2104h

To set torque command low-Pass filter, add a filter delay time constant to torque command and filter out the high frequencies in the command. Often used to reduce or eliminate some noise or vibration during motor operation, but it will reduce the responsiveness of current loop, resulting in undermining velocity loop and position loop control. PR1.04 needs to match velocity loop gain.

Recommended range: $1,000,000/(2\pi \times PR1.04) \ge PR1.01 \times 4$

For example: Velocity loop gain PR1.01=180(0.1Hz) which is 18Hz. Time constant of torque filter should be PR1.01≤221(0.01ms) If mechanical vibration is due to servo driver, adjusting PR1.04 might eliminate the vibration. The smaller the value, the better the responsiveness but also subjected to machine conditions. If the value is too large, it might lower the responsiveness of current loop. With higher PR1.01 value settings and no resonance, reduce PR1.04 value;

With lower PR1.01 value settings, increase PR1.04 value to lower motor noise.



	Label	2 nd Position Loop Gain	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
PR1.05	Range	0~30000	Default	380	Unit	0.1/s
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2105h
	Label	2 nd velocity loop gain	Mode		F	
PR1.06	Range	1~32767	Default	180	Unit	0.1Hz
	Activation	on Immediate			Index	2106h
	Label	2 nd Integral Time Constant of	Mode		F	
PR1.07	Labei	Velocity Loop	Wiode			
PK1.07	Range	1~10000	Default	10000	Unit	0.1ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2107h
	Label	2 nd velocity detection filter	Mode		F	
PR1.08	Range	1~31	Default	15	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2108h
	Label	2 nd Torque Filter Time Constant	Mode		F	
PR1.09	Range	0~2500	Default	126	Unit	0.01ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2109h

Position loop, velocity loop, velocity detection filter, torque command filter each have 2 Pairs of gain or time constant (1st and 2nd)

	Label	Velocity feed forward gain	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
PR1.10	Range	0~1000	Default	300	Unit	0.10%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2110h

Used for decreasing following error caused by low responsiveness of velocity loop. Might cause overshoot or increase in noise if set value is too high.

Constant Range 0~6400 Default 50 Unit	нм	CSP				
	Range	0~6400	Default	50	Unit	0.01ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2111h

Set velocity feed forward low Pass filter to eliminate high or abnormal frequencies in velocity feed forward command. Often used when position command with low resolution or high electronic gear ration to smoothen velocity feed forward.

Position deviation under constant velocity can be lowered with higher velocity feed forward gain. Please to refer to the equation below.

$$\frac{Set\ velocity[\frac{Uint}{s}]}{Position\ deviation\ [Unit]=\frac{Position\ loop\ gain[Hz]}{Position\ loop\ gain[Hz]}}\ x\ \frac{100-Velocity\ feed\ foward\ gain[\%]}{100}$$

PR1.12	Label	Torque feed forward gain	Mode	PP	PV	нм	CSP	CSV
	Range	0~1000	Default	0		Unit	0.19	6
	Activation	Immediate				Index	211	2h

Before using torque feed forward, please set correct inertia ratio PR0.04. By increasing torque feed forward gain, position deviation on constant acceleration/deceleration can be reduced to close to 0. Under ideal condition and trapezoidal speed profile, position deviation of the whole motion can be reduced to close to 0. In reality, perturbation torque will always exist, hence position deviation can never be 0.



DD4 42	Label	Torque feed forward filter time constant	Mode	PP	PV	НМ	CSP	csv
PR1.13	Range	0~6400	Default	0		Unit	0.01	ms
	Activation	Immediate				Index	2113	₃h

Low Pass filter to eliminate abnormal or high frequencies in torque feed forward command. Usually used when encoder has lower resolution or precision.

Noise reduces if torque feed forward filter time constant is set higher but position deviation will $\frac{1}{2}$

increase at acceleration varied points.

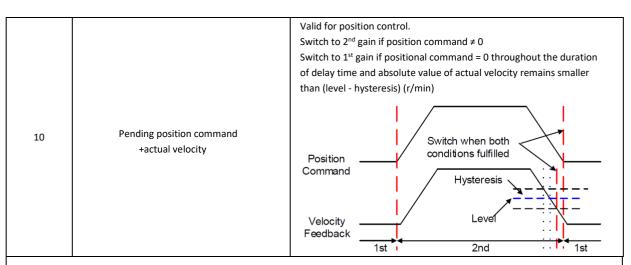
	Label	Position control gain switching mode	Mode		F	
	Range	0~11	Default	0	Unit	-
PR1.15	Activation	Immediate			Index	2115h

Set Value	Condition	Gain switching condition
0	1 st gain fixed	Fixed on using 1 st gain (PR1.00-PR1.04)
1	2 nd gain fixed	Fixed on using 2 nd gain (PR1.05-PR1.09)
2	Reserved	
3	High set torque	Switch to 2 nd gain when set torque command absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis) [%] Switch to 1 st gain when set torque command absolute value smaller than (level + hysteresis) [%] Hysteresis Acceleration Constant Deceleration speed Level Set Torque 1st 2nd 1st 2nd 1st
4	Reserved	Reserved
5	High set velocity	Valid for position and velocity control. Switch to 2 nd gain when set velocity command absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis) [r/min] Hysteresis Set Velocity 1st 2nd 1st Switch to 1 st gain when set velocity command absolute value smaller than (level-hysteresis) [r/min]



6	Large position deviation	Valid for position control. Switch to 2 nd gain when position deviation absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis) [pulse] Switch to 1 st gain when position deviation absolute value smaller than (level-hysteresis) [pulse] Set Velocity Level Hysteresis Position Deviation 1st 2nd 1st
7	Pending position command	Valid for position control. Switch to 2 nd gain if position command ≠ 0 Switch to 1 st gain if position command remains = 0 throughout the duration of delay time. Position Command 1st 2nd 1st
8	Not yet in position	Valid for position control. Switch to 2 nd gain if position command is not completed. Switch to 1 st gain if position command remains uncompleted throughout the duration of delay time. Position Command 1st 2nd 1st
9	High actual velocity	Velocity Feedback Switch to 2 nd gain when actual velocity absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis) [r/min] Switch to 1 st gain when actual velocity absolute value remains smaller throughout the duration of delay time than (level-hysteresis) [r/min]





For position control mode, set PR1.15=3,5,6,9,10; For velocity control mode, set PR1.15=3,5,9;

** Above 'level' and 'hysteresis' are in correspondence to PR1.17 Position control gain switching level and PR1.18 Hysteresis at position control switching.

	Label	Position control gain switching level		Mode		F	
PR1.17	Range	0~20000		Default	50	Unit	As set
	Activation	Immediate				Index	2117h
Set thresho	ld value for gai	n switching to occur. Unit is mode dependent	witching to occur. Unit is mode dependent.				
Switching c	ondition		Unit				

Switching condition	Unit
Position	Encoder pulse count
Velocity	RPM
Torque	%
Please set level ≥ hysteresis	

	Label	Hysteresis at position control switching	Mode		F	
PR1.18	Range	0~20000	Default	33	Unit	As PR1.17
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2118h

To eliminate the instability of gain switching. Used in combination with PR1.17 If level< hysteresis, drive will set internally hysteresis =



	Label	Position gain switching time	Mode		F	
PR1.19	Range	0~10000	Default	33	Unit	0.1ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2119h
gain, s	et suitable PR1.	<-> 2nd (PR1.05) 2 nd gainSwi	tching ion(ms)	rapid chang	es in position	on loop

3.2.3 【Class 2】 Vibration Suppression

	Label	Adaptive filtering	mode settings	Mode	F				
PR2.00	Range	0~4		Default	0	Unit	-		
	Activation	vation Immediate				Index	2200h		
Set value		Description							
0	Adaptive fi	lter: invalid	Parameter s related to 3 rd and 4 th notch filter remain unchanged						
1	Adaptive fi	lter: 1 filter valid ce.	1 adaptive filter becomes valid. 3 rd notch filter related Parameter s updated accordingly. PR2.00 switches automatically to 0 once updated.						
2	Adaptive fi filter rema		1 adaptive filter becomes valid. 3 rd notch filter related Parameter s will keep updating accordingly.						
3-4	Reserved	1							

	Label	1st notch frequency	Mode		F			
PR2.01	Range	50~4000	Default	4000	Unit	Hz		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2201h		
Set center frequency of 1st torque command notch filter. Set PR2.01 to 4000 to deactivate notch filter								

	Label	1st notch bandwidth	Mode		F	
PR2.02	Range	0~20	Default	4	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2202h

Set notch bandwidth for 1st resonant notch filter.

Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with PR2.01 and PR2.03, PR2.02 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.



	Label	1st notch depth	Mode	Vlode		
PR2.03	Range	0~99	Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2203h

Set notch depth for 1st resonant notch filter.

 $\label{lem:condition} \textbf{Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under}$

control, in combination with PR2.01 and PR2.02, PR2.03 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings

	Label	2 nd notch frequency	Mode		F			
PR2.04	Range	50~4000	Default	4000	Unit	Hz		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2204h		
Set center frequency of 2 nd torque command notch filter. Set PR2.04 to 4000 to deactivate notch filter								

	Label	2 nd notch bandwidth	Mode		F	
PR2.05	Range	0~20	Default	4	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2205h

Set notch bandwidth for 2nd resonant notch filter.

Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with PR2.04 and PR2.06, PR2.05 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.

	Label	2 nd notch depth	Mode		F	
PR2.06	Range	0~99	Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2206h

Set notch depth for $\mathbf{1}^{\text{st}}$ resonant notch filter.

When PR2.06 value is higher, notch depth becomes shallow, phase lag reduces. Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings. If resonance is under control, in combination with PR2.04 and PR2.05, PR2.06 can be reduced to improve current loop responsiveness which allows higher mechanical stiffness settings.

	Label	3 rd notch frequency	Mode		F	
PR2.07	Range	50~4000	Default	4000	Unit	Hz
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2207h

Set center frequency of 3rd torque command notch filter. Set PR2.07 to 4000 to deactivate notch filter

	Label	3 rd notch bandwidth	Mode		F	
PR2.08	Range	0~20	Default	4	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2208h

Set notch bandwidth for 3rd resonant notch filter.

Under normal circumstances, please use factory default settings.



	Label	3 rd notch depth	Mode	ode		
PR2.09	Range	0~99	Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2209h

Set notch depth for 3rd resonant notch filter.

When PR2.09 value is higher, notch depth becomes shallow, phase lag reduces.

	Label	1st damping frequency	Mode	F		
PR2.14	Range	0~2000	Default	0	Unit	0.1Hz
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2214h

0: Deactivate

To suppress wobble at load end. Often used when wobble of flexible structure due to high deceleration upon stopping. Especially effective for wobble with frequencies under 100Hz. Set PR2.15 to wobble frequency (wobble frequency can be determined using tracing function of Optimus Tuning Software)

	Label	2 nd damping frequency	Mode		F	
PR2.16	Range	0~2000	Default	0	Unit	0.1Hz
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2216h

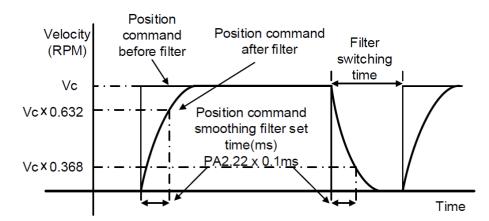
0: Deactivate

To suppress wobble at load end. Often used when wobble of flexible structure due to high deceleration upon stopping. Especially effective for wobble with frequencies under 100Hz. Set PR2.16 to wobble frequency (wobble frequency can be determined using tracing function of Optimus Tuning Software)

	Label	Position command smoothing filter	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
	Range	0~32767	Default	300	Unit	0.1ms
PR2.22	Activation	After stopping			Index	2222h

To set time constant of 1 time delay filter of position command.

To set time constant of 1 time delay filter, according to target velocity Vc square wave command as show below.

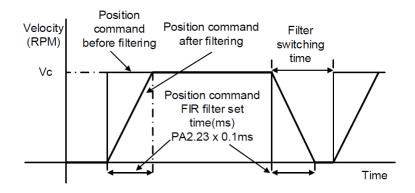


Usually applied when there is rather sharp acceleration which might cause motor overshoot or undershoot. To smoothen command signal, reduces impact to machines and eliminate vibration. If PR2.22 is set too high, overall time will be lengthened.

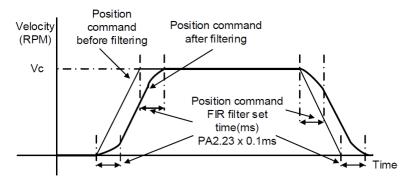


	Label	Position command FIR filter	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
PR2.23	Range	0~10000	Default	0	Unit	0.1ms
	Activation	After disabling			Index	2223h

As shown below, when target velocity Vc square wave command reaches Vc, it becomes trapezoidal wave after filtering.



As shown below, when target velocity Vc trapezoidal command reaches Vc, it becomes S wave after filtering.



Usually applied when there is rather sharp acceleration which might cause motor overshoot or undershoot. To smoothen command signal, reduces impact to machines and eliminate vibration. If PR2.23 is set too high, overall time will be lengthened.

^{**}Please wait for command to stop and after filter idle time to modify PR2.23. Filter switching time = (PR2.23 set value x 0.1ms + 0.25ms)

	Label	5 th resonant frequency	Mode		F	
PR2.31	Range	50~4000	Default	4000	Unit	Hz
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2231h

To set zero-valued eigenfrequency of 5th resonant notch filter. PR2.31 corresponds to machine specific resonant frequency. Notch filter deactivated if PR2.31 is set to any value.

	Label	5 th resonant Q value	Mode		F	
PR2.32	Range	0~10000	Default	0	Unit	Hz
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2232h

To set notch Q value of 5th resonant notch filter



	Label	5 th anti-resonant frequency	Mode		F	
PR2.33	Range	50~4000	Default	4000	Unit	Hz
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2233h

To set zero-valued eigenfrequency of 5th resonant notch filter. PR2.31 corresponds to machine-specific anti-resonant frequency.

	Label	5 th anti-resonant Q value	Mode		F	
PR2.34	Range	0~9900	Default	0	Unit	Hz
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2234h

To set resonant Q value of 5th resonant notch filter

	Label	6 th resonant frequency	Mode		F	
PR2.35	Range	50~4000	Default	4000	Unit	Hz
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2235h

To set zero-valued eigenfrequency of 6^{th} resonant notch filter. PR2.35 corresponds to machine-specific resonant frequency. Notch filter deactivated if PR2.35 is set to any value.

	Label	6 th resonant Q value	Mode		F	
PR2.36	Range	0~10000	Default	0	Unit	Hz
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2236h
	Activation	Immediate			index	2236

To set notch Q value of 6th resonant notch filter

	Label	6 th anti-resonant frequency	Mode	F		
PR2.37	Range	50~4000	Default	4000	Unit	Hz
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2237h

To set zero-valued eigenfrequency of 6^{th} resonant notch filter. PR2.37 corresponds to machine-specific anti-resonant frequency.

ı	PR2.38	Label	6 th anti-resonant Q value	Mode		F	
ı		Range	0~9900	Default	0	Unit	Hz
ı		Activation	Immediate			Index	2238h
Г							

To set resonant Q value of 6^{th} resonant notch filter



	Label Adjustment mode Mode				F				
PR2.48	Range	0~1	Default	0	Unit	1			
	Activation	Activation Immediate							
To turn on/off automatic adjustments									
Set value		Description							
ro1	Turn off automatic adjustments								
[0]	Turn off auto	omatic adjustments							
101		omatic adjustments omatic adjustments, real time inertia measuring and vibration suppre	ssion. Inertia	measuring	deactivate	d after			

	Label	MFC type	Mode	PP		CSP	
PR2.50	Range	0~3	Default	0	Unit	Hz	
	Activation	After restart			Index	2250h	
Set value		Description					
[0]	Model follow	ving control					
1	Zero tracking	Zero tracking control					
2	3 inertias (fu	3 inertias (future upgrade)					
3	Path followin	Path following (future upgrade)					

	Label	Velocity feedforward compensation coefficient	Mode	PP		CSP
DD2 F4	Range	-10000~ 10000	Default	0	Unit	-
PR2.51	Activation	Immediate			Index	2251h
To compensa	ite for velocity f	eedforward				

	Label	Torque feedforward compensation coefficient	Mode	PP	PV	CS	P CSV
PR2.52	Range	-10000~ 10000	Default	0	Unit		-
	Activation	Immediate			Inde	ex	2252h
To compensa	te for velocity f	eedforward					

	Label	Dynamic friction compensation coefficient	Mode	F		
222.50	Range	0~1000	Default	0	Unit	%
PR2.53	Activation	Immediate			Index	2253h

To set ratio of rated torque/rated rotational speed, to compensate for dynamic friction during motion and have better control over acceleration/deceleration.

Dynamic friction coefficient

 $= \left| \frac{\text{Torque}(\text{Rotational speed 1}) - \text{Torque}(\text{Rotational speed 2})}{\text{Rotational speed 1} - \text{Rotational speed 2}} * \text{rated rotational speed} \right|$

When there is an excess position deviation during acceleration/deceleration, please adjust PR2.53 to reduce the deviation to 0.



	Label	Overtravel time coefficient	Mode		F				
PR2.54	Range	0~10000	Default	0	Unit	-			
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2254h			
To set overtr	To set overtravel time coefficient								

	Label	Overtravel suppression gain	Mode		F	
PR2.55	Range	0~1000	Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2255h

Suppression improves with larger set value but might affect the performance of MFC. Please use with caution for any value above 100.

3.2.4 【Class 3】 Velocity Control

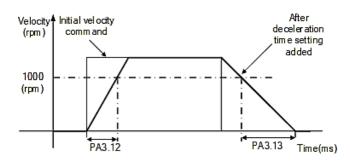
	Label	Acceleration time		Mode	PV		CSV
PR3.12	Range	0~10000	Default	0	Unit	ms/	(1000RPM)
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2312h	
	Label	Deceleration time		Mode	PV		csv
PR3.13	Range	0~10000	Default	0	Unit	ms/(1000RPM)	
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2313	3h

Set max acceleration/deceleration for velocity command.

If target velocity = x [rpm], max acceleration = a [unit: rpm/ms], acceleration time = t [ms] PR3.12 = 1000/a PR3.13 = 1000/a

a = x/t

For example: If motor is to achieve 1500rpm in 30s, a=1500/30=50rpm/ms PR3.12 = 1000/a=20. Hence when PR3.12 = 20, motor can achieve 1500rpm in 30s.



Usually used when there is rapid acceleration or trapezoidal wave velocity command due to many different internal speed segments under velocity control mode which causes instable while motor in motion.

Under velocity control mode, 6083 and 6084 is limited by PR3.12 and PR3.13 correspondingly.



	Label	Sigmoid acceleration/de	eceleration settings	Mode	PV		CSV
555.44	Range	0~1000		Default	0	Unit	ms
PR3.14	Activation	After disabling		•	•	Index	2314h
To set sigm	oid acceleration a	and deceleration turning p	oint in accordance to PR3.12 and PR3.13.				
	Velocity (RPM)		ts	ts			
	Target velocity Vc	 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	ia=Vc/1000 ×PA3.12× 1m td=Vc/1000 ×PA3.13× 1m ts=PA3.14× 1ms		ts		
			Please set according to ta/2>ts、td/2>ts	\			
		i ii !		!	iiii	Time	

	Label	Zero speed clamp function selection	Mode		F		
PR3.15	Range	0~3	Default	0	Unit	-	
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2315h	
Set value	Zero speed clamp function						
0	Invalid: zero	speed clamp deactivated					
	Velocity command is forced to 0 when the zero speed clamp (ZEROSPD) input signal is valid.						
1	Velocity com	mand is forced to 0 when the zero speed clamp (ZEROSPD) input sign	al is valid.				
2		mand is forced to 0 when the zero speed clamp (ZEROSPD) input sign mand is forced to 0 when actual velocity is lower than PR3.16.	al is valid.				

	Label	Zero speed clamp level	Mode	PV		CSV			
PR3.16	Range	10~2000	Default	30	Unit	rpm			
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2316h			
Velocity com	Velocity command is forced to 0 when actual velocity is lower than PR3.16 and after static time set in PR3.23								

	Label	Zero speed clamp static time	Mode	PV		CSV
PR3.23	Range	0~32767	Default	0	Unit	ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2323h

To set delay time for zero speed clamp.

To prevent creeping at low speed, velocity command forced to 0 when velocity goes under PR3.16 after time set in PR3.23



3.2.5 【Class 4】 I/O Interface Setting

	Label	Input selection DI1	Mode		F	
PR4.00	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2400h
	Label	Input selection DI2	Mode		F	
PR4.01	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	ı
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2401h
	Label	Input selection DI3	Mode		F	
PR4.02	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	ı
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2402h
	Label	Input selection DI4	Mode		F	
PR4.03	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	ı
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2403h
	Label	Input selection DI5	Mode		F	
PR4.04	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	ı
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2404h
	Label	Input selection DI6	Mode		F	
PR4.05	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2405h

Digital input DI allocation using hexadecimal system

Input	Input Symbol Set value			
	- ,	Normally open	Normally close	0x60FD (bit)
Invalid	_	0h	-	×
Positive limit switch	POT	1h	81h	Bit1
Negative limit switch	NOT	2h	82h	Bit0
Clear alarm	A-CLR	4h	-	×
Forced alarm	E-STOP	14h	94h	×
Home switch	HOME-SWITCH	16h	96h	Bit2

- Please don't set anything other than listed in table above.
- Normally open: Valid when input = ON Normally close: Valid when input = OFF
- Er210 might occur if same function is allocated to different channels at the same time
- Channel that has no value doesn't affect driver motion.
- Front Panel is of hexadecimal system.

PR4.00 – PR4.05 corresponds to DI1 – DI6. External sensors can be connected if the Parameter s are all set to 0. Controller will read 60FD bit4 – 11 to get DI1 – DI6 actual status.

	Label	Output selection DO1	Mode		F	
PR4.10	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2410h
	Label	Output selection DO2	Mode		F	
PR4.11	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2411h



	Label	Output selection DO3	Mode		F		
PR4.12	Range	0x0~0xFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-	
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2412h	

Digital output DO allocation using hexadecimal system.

			Set value
Output	Symbol	Normally open	Normally close
Master device control	_	00h	-
Alarm	ALM	01h	81h
Servo-Ready	S-RDY	02h	82h
External brake released	BRK-OFF	03h	83h
Positioning completed	INP	04h	84h
At-speed	AT-SPEED	05h	85h
Torque limit signal	TLC	06h	86h
Zero speed clamp detection	ZSP	07h	87h
Velocity coincidence	V-COIN	08h	88h
Position command ON/OFF	P-CMD	0Bh	8Bh
Velocity limit signal	V-LIMIT	0Dh	8Dh
Velocity command ON/OFF	V-CMD	0Fh	8Fh
Servo status	SRV-ST	12h	92h
Homing done	HOME-OK	22h	A2h
Position comparison	CMP-OUT	14h	94h

Please don't set any other than the outputs listed in the table above.

- Normally open: Active low
- Normally close: Active high
- Front Panel is of hexadecimal system.

PR4.10 – PR4.12 corresponds to DO1 – DO3. If all Parameter s are set to 0, master device controls the outputs, object dictionary 0x60FE sub-index 01 bit16-18 corresponds to

DO1-DO3.

PR4.31	Label	Positioning complete range	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP		
	Range	0~10000	Default	20	Unit	Command		
	Activation	Immediate		•	Index	2431h		
To set position	To set position deviation range of INP1 positioning completed output signal.							

	Label	Positioning complete output settings	Mode	PP	HM	CSP				
PR4.32	Range	0~4	Default	1	Unit	-				
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2432h				
Output conditions of INP1 positioning completed output signal										
Set value	Positioning completed signal									
0	Signal valid when the position deviation is smaller than PR4.31									
1	Signal valid when	Signal valid when there is no position command and position deviation is smaller than PR4.31								
2	Signal valid when is smaller than PR	there is no position command, zero-speed clamp detection 4.31	(ZSP) signal	is ON an	d the posit	ional deviatio				
3		Signal valid when there is no position command and position deviation is smaller than PR4.31. Signal ON when within the time set in PR4.33 otherwise OFF.								
4	When there is no command, position detection starts after the delay time set in PR4.33. Signal valid when there is no position command and positional deviation is smaller than PR4.31.									



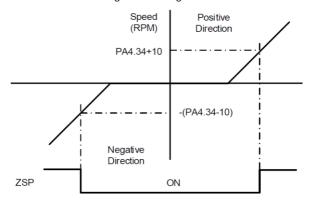
	Label	INP positioning delay time	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP			
PR4.33	Range	0~15000	Default	0	Unit	1ms			
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2433h			
To set delay	To set delay time when PR 4.32 = 3								
Set value	Positioning comple	ted signal							
0	Indefinite delay time	Indefinite delay time, signal ON until next position command							
1-15000	OFF within the time	OFF within the time set; ON after time set. Switch OFF after receiving next position command.							

	Label	Zero speed	Mode		F	
PR4.34	Range	1~2000	Default	50	Unit	RPM
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2434h

To set threshold value for zero speed clamp detection.

Zero speed clamp detection (ZSP) output signal valid when motor speed goes under the value set in PR4.34

- Disregard the direction of rotation, valid for both directions.
- Hysteresis of 10RPM. Please refer to diagram on the right side.

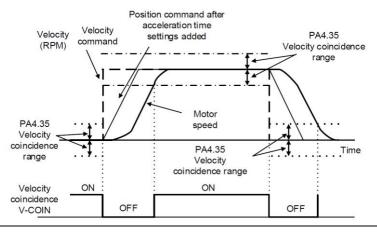


	Label	Velocity coincidence range	Mode	PV		CSV
PR4.35	Range	10~2000	Default	50	Unit	RPM
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2435h

If the difference between velocity command and motor actual speed is below PR4.35, Velocity coincidence (V-COIN) output signal valid.

Due to 10RPM hysteresis:

 $Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ OFF\ ->\ ON\ timing\ (PR4.35\ -10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ Velocity\ coincidence\ output\ ON\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ OP\ ->\ OFF\ timing\ (PR4.35\ +10)\ r/min\ OP\$





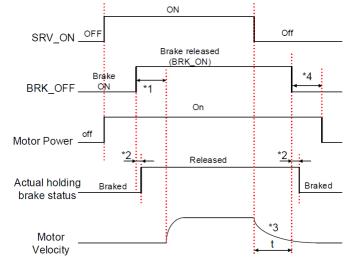
	Label	Reached speed (AT-speed)	Mode	PV		CSV			
PR4.36	Range	10~2000	Default	1000	Unit	RPM			
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2436h			
When motor velocity > PR4.36, AT-speed output signal is valid. Detection using 10RPM hysteresis									
Speed (RPM) PA4.36+10 PA4.36-10									
	-(PA4.36			7					
	Reached s AT-SP <u>E</u>		ON						

	Label	Motor power-off delay time	Mode		F		
PR4.37	Range	0~3000	Default	100	Unit	1ms	
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2437h	

To set delay time for holding brake to be activated after motor power off to prevent axis from sliding.

	Label	Delay time for holding brake release	Mode	F		
221.22	Range	0~3000	Default	0	Unit	1ms
PR4.38	Activation	Immediate			Index	2438h

- To set delay time for holding brake to be released after motor power on. Motor will remain at current position and input command is masked to allow holding brake to be fully released before motor is set in motion.
- *1: Delay time set in PR4.38
- *2: Delay time from the moment BRK_OFF signal is given until actual holding brake is released or BRK_ON signal is given until actual holding brake is activated. It is dependent on the holding brake of the motor.
- *3: Deceleration time is determined by PR6.14 or if motor speed goes below PR4.39, whichever comes first. BRK_OFF given after deceleration time.
- *4: PR4.37 set time value.



Delay time from the moment SRV_ON is given until BRK_OFF switch to BRK_ON, is less than 500ms.



	Label	Holding brake activation speed	Mode		F	
PR4.39	Range	30~3000	Default	30	Unit	RPM
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2439h

To set the activation speed for which holding brake will be activated.

When SRV-OFF signal is given, motor decelerates, after it reaches below PR4.39 and PR6.14 is not yet reached, BRK_OFF is given.

BRK_OFF signal is determined by PR6.14 or if motor speed goes below PR4.39, whichever comes first.

Application

- 1. After disabling axis, PR6.14 has been reached but motor speed is still above PR4.39, BRK_OFF signal given.
- 2. After disabling axis, PR6.14 has not been reached but motor speed is below PR4.39,

BRK_OFF signal given.

	Label	Emergency stop function	Mode		F	
PR4.43	Range	0~1	Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2443h

0: Emergency stop is valid, servo driver will be forced to STOP and alarm occurs. 1: Emergency stop is invalid; servo driver will not be forced to STOP.

	Label	Torque compensation time upon enabling	Mode	F		
PR4.48	Range	0~3000	Default	0	Unit	ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2448h

Torque compensation at the enabling of the servo drive can be turned on through PR6.10. Torque compensation time is set using PR4.48. Torque will increase as the motor is enabled and reduce until diminished in the time duration set in PR4.48.

When PR4.48 is set at default of 0s, continuous torque compensation duration will be 1000ms

3.2.6 【Class 5】 Extension settings

	Label	Driver prohibition input settings	Mode	e F					
PR5.04	Range	0~2	Default	0	Unit	ı			
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2504h			
To set driver prohibition input (POT/NOT): If set to 1, no effect on homing mode.									
Set value	Description								
0	POT → Positive	direction drive prohibited							
	NOT → Negative	e direction drive prohibited							
1	POT and NOT in	POT and NOT invalid							
2	Any single sided input from POT or NOT might cause Er260								
In homing mode, POT/NOT invalid, please set object dictionary 5012-04 bit0=1									



	Label	Servo-off mode	Mode		F	
PR5.06	Range	0~5	Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	After restart			Index	2506h

To set servo driver disable mode and status.

Value		Description						
value	Mode	Status						
0	Servo braking	Dynamic braking						
1	Free stopping	Dynamic braking						
2	Dynamic braking	Dynamic braking						
3	Servo braking	Free-run						
4	Free stopping	Free-run						
5	Dynamic braking	Free-run						

	Label	Main power-off detection time	Mode		F			
PR5.09	Range	50~2000	Default	50	Unit	ms		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2509h		
To set duration time for detection of main power-off or low voltage supply.								

	Label	Servo-off due to alarm mode	Mode		F	
PR5.10	Range	0~5	Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	After restart			Index	2510h

To set servo driver disable mode and status if alarm is triggered. Alarm type 2:

Value	Description						
value	Mode	Status					
0	Servo braking	Dynamic braking					
1	Free stopping	Dynamic braking					
2	Dynamic braking	Dynamic braking					
3	Servo braking	Free-run					
4	Free stopping	Free-run					
5	Dynamic braking	Free-run					

Alarm type 1:

Malua		Description			
Value	Mode	Status			
0					
1	Dynamic braking	Dynamic braking			
2					
3	Servo braking	Free-run			
4	Free stopping	Free-run			
5	Dynamic braking	Free-run			



	Label	Servo braking torque setting	Mode		F	
PR5.11	Range	0~500	Default	0	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2511h

To set torque limit for servo braking mode.

If PR5.11 = 0, use torque limit as under normal situation.

Between max. torque 6072 and PR5.11, actual torque limit will take smaller value.

	Label	Overload level setting	Mode		F	
PR5.12	Range	0~115	Default	0	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2512h

If PR5.12 = 0, overload level = 115%

Use only when overload level degradation is needed.

DDE 43	Label	Overspeed level setting	Mode		F	
PR5.13	Range	0~10000	Default	0	Unit	RPM
	Activation	Immediate		Index	2513h	

If motor speed exceeds PR5.13, Er1A0 might occur.

When PR5.13 = 0, overspeed level = max. motor speed x 1.2

	Label	I/O digital filter	Mode		F	
PR5.15	Range	0~255	Default	10	Unit	0.1ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2515h
Digital filterin	ng of I/O input. Over	ly large value set will cause control delay.				

	Label		Position unit setting	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
PR5.20	Range		0~2	Default	2	Unit	-
Activation		on	After restart				2520h
Set va	lue		Unit				
0			Encoder unit				
1			Command unit				

0.0001rev

Command unit: Pulse from host (Affected by electronic gear ratio) Encoder unit: Pulse from encoder (Related to encoder resolution)
PR5.20 can only be modified when axis is disabled as it will clear position data.

	Label	Torque li	rque limit selection M			F	
PR5.21	Range	0~2		Default	0	Unit	ı
	Activation Immedia		te			Index	2521h
Set value	Positive lim	it value	Negative lir	Negative limit value			
0	PR0.1	PR0.13 PR0.13					
1	PR0.1	3	PR5.:	22			
	60E0		60E				

Between max. torque 6072 and PR5.21, actual torque limit will take smaller value.



	Label	2 nd Torque limit	Mode		F	
PR5.22	Range	0~500	Default	300	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2522h

Limited by motor max. torque.

Between max. torque 6072 and PR5.22, actual torque limit will take smaller value.

	Label	LED initial status	Mode		F	
PR5.28	Range	0~42	Default	34	Unit	-
	Activation	After restart			Index	2528h

To set content display on front Panel of the servo driver at servo driver power on.

Set value	Content	Set value	Content	Set value	Content
0	Position command deviation	15	Overload rate	30	No. of encoder communication error
1	Motor speed	16	Inertia ratio	31	Accumulated operation time
2	Position command velocity	17	No rotation cause	32	Automatic motor identification
3	Velocity control command	18	No. of changes in I/O signals	33	Driver temperature
4	Actual feedback torque	19	Number of over current signals	34	Servo status
5	Sum of feedback pulse	20	Absolute encoder data	35	/
6	Sum of command pulse	21	Single turn position	36	Synchronous period
7	Maximum torque during motion	22	Multiturn position	37	No. of synchronous loss
8	/	23	Communication axis address	38	Synchronous type
9	Control mode	24	Encoder position deviation	39	Whether DC is running or not
10	I/O signal status	25	Motor electrical angle	40	Acceleration/ Deceleration status
11	/	26	Motor mechanical angle	41	Sub-index of OD index
12	Error cause and history record	27	Voltage across PN	42	Value of sub-index of OD index
13	Alarm code	28	Software version		
14	Regenerative load rate	29	/		

	Label	Torque limit duration during homing	Mode		F	
PR5.37	Range	0~5000	Default	500	Unit	ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2537h

To set time threshold for output torque to reach limit under torque initialization mode.

Only applicable for torque initialization method -6 to -1

Under torque initialization mode, motor torque reached PR5.39 and the duration reach PR5.37 before moving into next step.



	Label	3 rd torque limit	Mode		F	
PR5.39	Range	0~500	Default	80	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2539h
To set torque	limit during torque	initialization				

To set torque limit during torque initialization

0 = Positive

Bit2

Between max. torque 6072 and PR5.37, actual torque limit will take smaller value.

	Label	D41 set value	Mode		F	
PR5.40	Range	0x0~0xFFFFF	Default	0X30C	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2540h

Set object word monitored by D41, index (left 4 bits) + sub-index (right 1 bit), if monitoring 0x6092-01, set PR5.40 to 0x60921.

Only valid in position comparison.

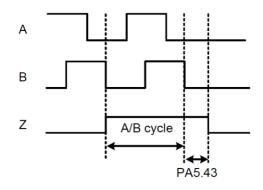
	Label	Frequency divider output - ABZ signal polarity	Mode		F	
PR5.42	Range	0~7	Default	0	Unit	-
Activation		After restart			Index	2542h
Bit	Polarity	Description				
0 = Positive		Z polarity setting of frequency divider output and position				
Di+∩	0 1 0011110	2 polarity setting of frequency divider output and position				
Bit0	1 = Negative	comparison				
Bit0	-					

	Label	Frequency divider output – Z-signal width	Mode		F	
PR5.43	Range	0~500	Default	0	Unit	μs
	Activation	After restart		•	Index	2543h

Polarity setting when phase B frequency divider as position comparison output

Set value	Description
[0]	Z bandwidth equivalent to 1 cycle of A/B
1~500	Delay setting on top of A/B cycle width

When PR5.43 = 0, width of frequency divider output Z-signal is equivalent to width of 1 cycle of A/B, value set in PR5.43 + A/B cycle width = delay setting.





	Label	Frequency divider output source	Mode		F				
PR5.44	Range	0~4	Default	0	Unit	-			
	Activation	After restart			Index	2544h			
Set Value		Description							
[0]	Position feedl	Position feedback of encoder #1(motor encoder)							
1	Reserved	Reserved							
2	Reserved								
3	Pulse input co	ommand position synchronous output; position							
	comparison n	ot available in this mode							
4	Frequency div	Frequency divider output prohibited							

	Label	Vent overload level	Mode		F	
PR5.46	Range	0~115	Default	0	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2546h

Set value	Description
[0]	Default level: 80%
1~115	Set vent overload level accordingly

3.2.7 【Class 6】 Other settings

	Label	Encoder zero position compensation	Mode	F			
PR6.01	Range	0~360	Default	0	Unit	۰	
	Activation	After restart			Index	2601h	
Angle of the	Angle of the encoder after zero position calibration						

	Label	JOG trial run torque command	Mode		F		
PR6.03	Range	0~350	Default	350	Unit	%	
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2603h	
To set torque	To set torque for JOG trial run command.						

	Label	JOG trial run velocity command	Mode		F	
PR6.04	Range	0~10000	Default	30	Unit	r/min
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2604h
To set velocit	ty for JOG trial run c	ommand.				



	Label	Position 3 rd gain valid time	Mode	PP	нм	CSP
PR6.05	Range	0~10000	Default	0	Unit	0.1ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2605h

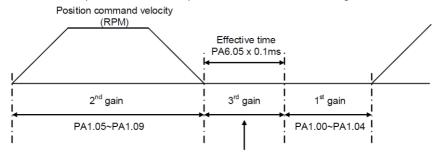
To set time for 3rd gain to be valid When not in use, set PR6.05=0, PR6.06=100

	Label	Position 3 rd gain scale factor	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
PR6.06	Range	0~1000	Default	100	Unit	100%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2606h

Set up the 3rd gain by multiplying factor of the 1st gain

Position loop gain = PR1.00 x PR6.06/100 Velocity loop gain = PR1.01 x PR6.06/100

Velocity loop integral time constant Velocity detection filter, Torque filter time constant still uses 1st gain



Position loop gain = PA1.00 x PA6.06/100 Velocity loop gain = PA1.01 x PA6.06/100

Velocity loop integral time constant, Velocity detection filter, Torque filter time constant still uses 1st gain

Above diagram is illustrated using PR1.15 = 7. 3rd gain= 1st gain * PR6.06/100

Only effective under position control mode. 3rd gain valid when PR6.05 ≠ 0. Set 3rd gain value in PR6.06.

When 2nd gain switches to 1st gain, it will go through 3rd, switching time is set in PR1.19.

	Label	Torque command additional value	Mode		F	
PR6.07	Range	-100~100	Default	0	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2607h

To set torque forward feed additional value of vertical axis. Applicable for loaded vertical axis, compensate constant torque.

Application: When load move along vertical axis, pick any point from the whole motion and

stop the load at that particular point with motor enabled but not rotating. Record output torque value from d04, use that value as torque command additional value (compensation value)

	Label	Positive direction torque compensation value	Mode		F		
220.00	Range	-100~100	Default	0	Unit	%	
PR6.08	Activation	Immediate			Index	2608h	
	Label	Negative direction torque compensation value	Mode		F		
PR6.09	Range	-100~100	Default	0	Unit	%	
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2609h	

To reduce the effect of mechanical friction in the movement(s) of the axis. Compensation

values can be set according to needs for both rotational directions.

Applications:

When motor is at constant speed, d04 will deliver torque values.

Torque value in positive direction = T1;

Torque value in negative direction = T2

PR6.08/PR6.09 = Tf = |T1-T2|/2



PR6.10	Label	Torque compensation upon enabling	Mode		F	
	Range	0x0 ~ 0xFFFF	Default	0x0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2610h

In applications with vertical load axis, servo drive will automatically increase the motor torque to compensate for the gravitational force at enabling of the drive. In order to prevent the axis from having a slight drop and back to initial position behavior, PR6.10 can be set to turn on torque compensation.

Set 0x0010: ON

Set 0x0 : OFF

	Label	Current response setting	Mode		F	
PR6.11	Range	50~100	Default	100	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2611h

To set driver current loop related effective value ratio

	Label	Max. time to stop after disabling	Mode		F	
PR6.14	Range	0~3000	Default	500	Unit	ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2614h

To set the max. time allowed for the axis to stop on emergency stop or normal axis disabling. After disabling axis, if motor speed is still higher than PR4.39 but the time set in PR6.14 is reached, BRK_ON given and holding brake activated.

 ${\tt BRK_ON\ given\ time\ is\ determined\ by\ PR6.14\ or\ when\ motor\ speed\ goes\ below\ PR4.39,\ whichever\ comes\ first.}$

Applications:

- 1. After disabling axis, if motor speed is still higher than PR4.39 but the time set in PR6.14 is reached, BRK_ON given and holding brake activated.
- 2. After disabling axis, if motor speed is already lower than PR4.39 but the time set in PR6.14 is not yet reached, BRK_ON given and holding brake activated.

	Label	Trial run distance	Mode		F			
PR6.20	Range	0~1200	Default	10	Unit	0.1rev		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2620h		
IOG (Position	IOG (Position control) : Distance travel of each motion							

	Label	Trial run waiting time	Mode		F				
PR6.21	Range	0~30000	Default	300	Unit	ms			
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2621h			
JOG (Position control): Waiting time after each motion									
JOG (Positio	n control): Waiting t	time after each motion							
JOG (Positio	n control): Waiting t	time after each motion No. of trial run cycles	Mode		F				
JOG (Position	, ,	1	Mode Default	5	F Unit	-			
·	Label	No. of trial run cycles		5		- 2622h			





	Label	Trial run acceleration	Mode	F			
	Range	0~10000	Default	200	Unit	ms/ (1000rpm)	
PR6.25	Activation	Immediate			Index	2625h	
To set the acceleration/deceleration time for JOG command between 0 rpm to 1000 rpm							

	Label	Velocity observer gain	Mode		F				
PR6.28	Range	0~32767	Default	0	Unit	-			
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2628h			
0: Default sta	0: Default stable gain; Modifications are not recommended.								

	Label	Velocity observer bandwidth	Mode		F			
PR6.29	Range	0~32767	Default	0	Unit	-		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2629h		
0: Default stable bandwidth; Modifications are not recommended.								

	Label	Frame error window time	Mode		F			
PR6.34	Range	0~32767	Default	100	Unit	-		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2634h		
To set EtherCAT data frame error detection window time								

	Label	Frame error window	Mode		F		
PR6.35	Range	0~32767	Default	50	Unit	-	
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2635h	
To set EtherCAT data frame error detection window							

	Label	Absolute value rotation mode denominator setting	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
220	Range	0~32766	Default	0	Unit	-
PR6.54	Activation	After restart			Index	2654h

To set denominator of absolute encoder in rotational mode. When PR0.15 = 2 and use in combination with PR6.54:

Feedback load position 6064= $\frac{PA6.63}{PA6.54}$ x Electronic gear ratio

	Label	Blocked rotor alarm torque threshold	Mode	F		
PPC = C	Range	0~300	Default	300	Unit	%
PR6.56	Activation	Immediate			Index	2656h

To set the torque threshold of blocked rotor to trigger alarm. (Alarm triggered if torque output% larger than threshold value & under 10rpm)

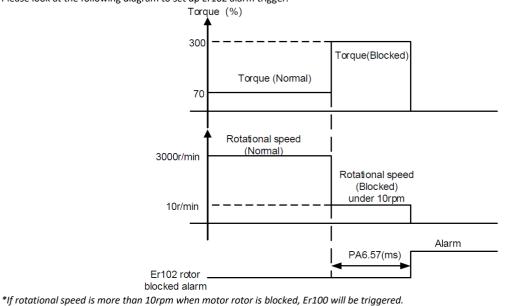
If PR6.56 = 0, blocked rotor alarm deactivated.

If motor speed is 10rpm or above, Er102 won't be triggered.



	Label	Blocked rotor alarm delay time	Mode		F	
PR6.57	Range	0~1000	Default	400	Unit	ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2657h

To set delay time for blocked rotor alarm to trigger, if rotor blocked duration is shorter than time set in PR6.57, Er102 won't be triggered. Please look at the following diagram to set up Er102 alarm trigger.



 PR6.59
 Label
 Homing mode position threshold
 Mode
 F

 Range
 0~100
 Default
 8
 Unit
 0.00001rev

 Activation
 Immediate
 Index
 2659h

	Label	Z signal holding time	Mode		F	
PR6.61	Range	0~100	Default	10	Unit	ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2661h

To set the holding time for Z signal to maintain active high Application:

- 1. Z signal for 60FDH;
- 2. Z signal for homing process
- 3. Z-phase frequency output pulse width. Unit = 0.1ms;

Please set PR6.61≥0.2ms if used for 3 applications as above

	Label	Absolute multiturn data upper limit	Mode		F	
PR6.63	Range	0~32766	Default	0	Unit	rev
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2663h

To set upper limit of multiturn data with absolute encoder set as rotational mode.

When PR0.15 = 2 and use in combination with PR6.54:

Feedback load position 6064=
$$\frac{PA6.63}{PA6.54}$$
 x Electronic gear ratio



3.2.8 【Class 7】 Factory settings

 $\textit{Please take precaution when modifying Class 7 Parameter s. Might cause \textit{driver errors}$

	Label	Motor model			Mode		F	
PR7.15	Range	0x0~0x7FFF			Default	0x200	Unit	-
	Activation	After restart		D	ata length	16 bit	Property	R/W
Set value	Des	scription						
0x100		ad from EEPROM						
[0x200]		ad from Encoder						
	5 = 0x200(2xx):							
Parameter			Label					
PR7.00	Current loop	gain						
PR7.01	Current loop	integral time						
PR7.05	No. of motor	pole pairs						
PR7.06	Motor phase	resistance						
PR7.07	Motor D/Q in	duction						
PR7.08	Motor back E	MF coefficient						
PR7.09	Motor torque	e coefficient						
PR7.10	Motor rated i	rotational speed						
PR7.11	Motor max. r	otational speed						
PR7.12	Motor rated o	current						
PR7.13	Motor rotor i	nertia						
PR7.14	Driver power	rating						
PR7.16	Encoder							
PR7.17	Motor max. c	current						
PR7.18	Encoder inde	x angle compensation						

	Label	Encoder		Mode		F	
PR7.16	Range	0x0~0x200		Default	Encoder	Unit	1
	Activation	After restart		Data length	16 bit	Property	R/W
Set value	e		Description				
0x0		17-bit encoder					
0x7			23-bit encoder		•		•

	Label		Vent release mode	Mode		F	
PR7.31	Range		0~1 Default -				-
Activation		tion	After restart			Index	2731h
To set vent re	elease mo	ode					
Power Rati	ing(W)	Default	Descri	ption			
400 1		1	Regenerative electricity absorbed by internal capacitor				
750 or above 0		0	Regenerative electricity absorbed by regenerative	resistor			



3.3 CiA 402 Parameter's Function

Panel Display as follows:



Parameter Valid mode Description

CSP: Valid in cyclic synchronous position mode CSV: Valid in cyclic synchronous velocity mode CST: Valid in cyclic synchronous torque mode

HM: Valid in homing mode PP: Valid in profile position mode PV: Valid in profile velocity mode PT: Valid in profile torque mode

F: Valid in all modes

Indox 602Fh	Label	Error code			Mode		F	
index 603Fn	Range 0x0~0xFFFF					0X0	Unit	-
	Structure	VAR	Туре	Uint16	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
Diamento de la	Charata of Canada							

Please refer to Chapter 9 for more details on error codes.

Index		Label	Cor	ntrol word	word Mode								
	01:	Range	0x0	0~0xFFFF			Default	0X0	Unit	-			
604	Un	Structure	VA	R	Туре	Uint16	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW			
Bit		Label			Description								
0		Start				1 - valid,	0 - invalid						
1	Ма	in circuit power	on			1 - valid,	0 - invalid						
2		Quick stop			0 - valid,1 - invalid								
3		Servo running				1 - valid,	0 - invalid						
4-6	Rur	nning mode rela	ted	Related to each servo running mode									
7		Fault reset			Reset resettable fault alarm. Rising edge of Bit7 is valid, bit7 remains at 1, and all other instructions are invalid								
8		Pruse			For more information on how to Pruse in each mode, refer to Object Dictionary 605Dh								
9		No definition		Undefined									
10	Reserved					Unde	efined						
11-15	Reserved					Unde	efined						



Index 604	Label	I	Status word	Mode		F			
index 604	Rang	e	0x0~0xFFFF			Default	0X0 Unit -		
	Struc	ture	VAR	Туре	Uint16	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
D;t	1.	le el			Danaminsti	• • •			

Bit	Label	Description
0	Servo ready	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
1	Start	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
2	Servo running	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
3	Fault	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
4	Main circuit power on	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
5	Quick stop	0- valid, 1 - invalid
6	Servo cannot run	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
7	Warning	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
8	Reserved	Reserved
9	Remote control	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
10	Arrived at position	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
11	Internal limit valid	1 - valid, 0 - invalid
12-13	Mode related	Related to each servo operation mode
14	Reserved	Reserved
15	Origin found	1 - valid, 0 - invalid

Index 605Ah	Label	Quick stop option code			Mode		F	
muex 605An	Range	0~7			Default	2	Unit	-
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT16	Mapping	-	Access	RW

Motor stops when quick stop option code is given.

PP, CSP, CSV, PV

 $0 \hspace{1.5cm} : \hspace{.1cm} \text{To stop motor through PR5.06. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.} \\$

1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.

2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.

3 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.

5 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084. Status: Quickstop

: Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Quickstop

: Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Quickstop

нм

6

7

2

3

6

0 : To stop motor through PR5.06. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.

1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 609A. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.

: Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.

: Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.

5 : Motor decelerates and stops through 609A. Status: Quickstop

: Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Quickstop

7 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Quickstop



	Label	Shutdown Option Code			Mode		F	
Index 605Bh	Range	0~1			Default	0	Unit	-
	Structure	VAR	Typ e	Uint16	Mapping	-	Access	RW

PP, CSP, CSV, PV

- 0: To stop motor through PR5.06, 5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), 5.06=1(Free stop)
- 1: Motor decelerates and stops through 6084

нм

- 0: To stop motor through PR5.06, 5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), 5.06=1(Free stop)
- 1: Motor decelerates and stops through 609A

CST

- 0 : To stop motor through PR5.06, 5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), 5.06=1(Free stop)
- 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6087

	Label	Disable Operation Option Code			Mode		F	
Index 605Ch	Range	0~1			Default	0	Unit	-
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT16	Mapping	-	Access	RW

To set motor stopping mode when servo drive is disabled.

PP, CSP, CSV, PV

- 0 : To stop motor through PR5.06, 5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), 5.06=1(Free stop)
- 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084

нм

- 0 : To stop motor through PR5.06, 5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), 5.06=1(Free stop)
- 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 609A

CST

- 0 : To stop motor through PR5.06, 5.06 = 0(Emergency stop), 5.06=1(Free stop)
- 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6087

	Label	Halt Option Code			Mode		F	
Index 605Dh	Range	1~3			Default	1	Unit	-
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT16	Mapping	-	Access	RW

When control word is set to halt, set deceleration and stop option. Also suitable for deceleration mode settings during mode switching

PP, CSP, CSV, PV

- 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.
- 2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.
- ${\it 3} \hspace{1.5cm} : \hspace{1.5cm} {\it Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.}$

нм

- 1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 609A. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.
- ${\small 2} \\ \hspace*{2.5cm} \textbf{: Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.}$
- 3 : Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.

CST

- 1, 2: Motor decelerates and stops through 6087. Status: Operation enabled, axis enabled.
- 3: Motor decelerates and stops through torque = 0. Status: Operation enabled, axis

enabled.



	Label	Fault Reaction Option Code			Mode	F		
Index 605Eh	Range	0~2			Default	0	Unit	-
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT16	Mapping	-	Access	RW

Select stopping mode when servo alarm (Err 8xx) occurs.

PP, CSP, CSV, PV

: Select motor stopping mode according to alarm properties. Status: Fault, axis disabled.

1 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6084. Status: Fault, axis disabled.

2 : Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Fault, axis disabled.

нм 0

 $: \ \, {\sf Select\ motor\ stop\ by\ the\ alarm\ attribute\ for\ emergency\ stop,\ the\ fault\ state\ and disable}$

 $\hbox{:}\ \ \mbox{After the 609Amotor is decelerated and stopped, the fault state and disable}$

: After the 6085 motor is decelerated and stopped, the fault state and disable

2 CST

 ${\bf 0,1:} \ \ {\bf Select\ motor\ stop\ by\ the\ alarm\ attribute\ for\ emergency\ stop,\ the\ fault\ state\ and\ disable$

2: After the 6087 motor is decelerated and stopped, the fault state and disable When other alarms, i.e. drive-side alarms:

Select motor stop by the alarm attribute for emergency stop, the fault state and disable

	Label	Mode of Operation			Mode		F	
Index 6060h	Range	1~11	1~11			8	Unit	-
	Structure	VAR	Mapping	-	Access	RW		
No	Mode							
1	Profile position	mode					PP	
3	Profile velocity	mode					PV	
4	profile Torque	mode					PT	
6	Homing mode						НМ	
8	Cyclic synchronous position mode						CSP	
9	Cyclic synchror	clic synchronous velocity mode						
10	Cyclic synchror	Cyclic synchronous torque mode						

	Label	Mode of Operation display				Mode		F	
Index 6061h	Range	1~11				Default	8	Unit	-
	Structure	VAR	R Type INT8				-	Access	RW
No.		Mode				Abbr.			
1	Profil	e position mode	PP						
3	Profil	e velocity mode	PV						
4	profi	le Torque mode				PT			
6	Н	oming mode				НМ			
8	Cyclic synch	ronous position mode	CSP						
9	Cyclic synch	nronous velocity mode	CSV						
10	Cyclic sync	hronous torque mode	CST						



	Label	Position Demand Value			Mode	PP	CSP	НМ
Index 6062h	Range	-2147483648~2147483647			Default	0	Unit	Command
	Structure	VAR Type INT32			Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
Reflects position command when servo driver is enabled.								

	Label	Position Actual Internal Value			Mode	F			
Index 6063h	Range	-2147483648~2147483647			Default	0	Unit	Encoder	
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT32	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO	
Reflects motor absolute position (Encoder unit)									

	Label	Position Actual Value			Mode	F		
Index 6064h	Range	-2147483648~2147483647			Default	0	Unit	Command
	Structure	VAR Type INT32			Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
Reflects user's real time absolute position 6064h*Gear ratio = 6063h								

	Label	Follow Error Window			Mode	PP	CSP	нм
Index 6065h	Range	0~2147483647			Default	30000	Unit	Command
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RO

To set an acceptable deviation for requested position.

When actual position exceeds position deviation window, error might occur.

	Label	Follow Error Time Out			Mode	PP	CSP	нм
Index 6066h	Range	0~65535			Default	10	Unit	Command
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT16	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RO
To set position deviation detection time								

	Label	Position window			Mode	PP	CSP	нм
Index 6067h	ex 6067h Range 0~2147483647			Default	10	Unit	Command	
	Structure	VAR Type UINT32			Mapping	RPDO	Access	RO
To set an acceptable extent of arrival position								

	Label	Position window time			Mode	PP	CSP	нм
Index 6068h	Range	0~65535			Default	300	Unit	Command
	Structure	VAR	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RO		
To set the time between arrival to the output of INP (In position) signal.								

	Label	Velocity Demand Value			Mode	csv		PV	
Index 606Bh	606Bh Range -2147483648~2147483647			Default	0	Unit	Command/s		
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT32	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO	
Show user set velocity demand value.									



	Label	Velocity Actual Value			Mode	F		
Index 606Ch	Range	-2147483648~2147483647			Default	0 Unit Comman		Command/s
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT16	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
Show actual velocity value.								

	Label	Velocity window			Mode	CSV		PV
Index 606Dh	Range	0~65535			Default	10	Unit	Command/s
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT16	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RO
Set the range	of velocity							

	Label	Velocity window time			Mode	CSV		PV
Index 606Eh	Range	0~65535			Default	0	Unit	ms
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT16	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RO
To set the time between velocity reached and status word set to Target Reached.								

	Label	Velocity Threshold			Mode	csv		PV	
Index 606Fh	Range	0~65535		Default	10	Unit	Command/s		
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT16	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RO	
To set to zero	o-speed range.								

	Label	Velocity Threshold Time			Mode	csv		PV	
Index 6070h	Range	0~65535			Default	100	Unit	ms	
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT16	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RO	
To set the time	To set the time until status word – zero speed detection is canceled.								

	Label	Target torque			Mode	CST		PT
Index 6071h	Range	-32768~32767			Default	100	Unit	0.1%
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT16	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW
To set target	To set target torque for profile and cyclic torque mode.							

	Label	Maximum torque			Mode	F		
Index 6072h	Range	0~65535			Default	3000	Unit	0.1%
	Structure	VAR Type UINT16			Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW
To set max to	To set max torque for servo drive, limited by motor's highest torque.							

	Label	Maximum current		Mode	F			
Index 6073h	Range	0~65535			Default	3000	Unit	0.1%
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT16	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
To set max. current for servo driver.								





	Label	Torque Demand			Mode	F		
Index 6074h	Range	-32768~32767			Default	0	Unit	0.1%
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT16	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
Internal com	Internal command torque							

	Label	Motor Rated Current			Mode	F		
Index 6075h	Range	0~2147483647			Default 3000 Unit		Unit	mA
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT32	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
Shows motor	Shows motor rated current.							

	Label	Motor Rated Torque			Mode	F		
Index 6076h	Range	0~2147483647			Default	3000	Unit	mN.m
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT32	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
Shows motor rated torque.								

	Label	Torque Actual Value			Mode	F		
Index 6077h	Range	-32768~32767			Default	0	Unit	0.1%
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT16	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
Shows servo driver actual torque feedback								

	Label	Current Actual Value			Mode	F		
Index 6078h	Range	-32768~32767			Default	0	Unit	0.1%
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT16	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
Shows servo	Shows servo drive actual current value							

	Label	DC Link Circuit Voltage			Mode	F			
Index 6079h	Range	0~2147483647	Default	0 Unit mV		mV			
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO	
Shows DC bus voltage across P, N terminals									

	Label	Target position			Mode	PP		CSP
Index 607Ah	Range	-2147483647~2147483647	Default	0	Unit	command		
	Structure	VAR	/AR Type INT32				Access	RW
To set the target position under profile and cyclic position mode.								

	Label	Home Offset			Mode	ŀ				
Index 607Ch	dex 607Ch Range -2147483647~2147483647				Default	0 Unit commar		command		
	Structure	ure VAR Type INT32				RPDO	Access	RW		
To set position offset to compensate for the deviation of mechanical origin from motor origin under homing										



Index 607Dh-	Label	Min Position Limit	Min Position Limit			PP		CSP	
01	Range	-2147483647~2147483647	-2147483647~2147483647			0	Unit	command	
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW	
To set lower limit with calculated position and actual position using absolute position after homing.									

Index 607Dh-	Label	Max Position Limit			Mode	PP		CSP	
01	Range	-2147483647~2147483647	-2147483647~2147483647				Unit	command	
	Structure	VAR	VAR Type INT32			RPDO	Access	RW	
To set upper limit with calculated position and actual position using absolute position after homing.									

	Label	Polarity			Mode		F	
Index 607Eh	Range	0x0 – 0xFF			Default	0x0	Unit	command
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT8	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW

Set input polarity of the command.

Mode		Set Value
	PP	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command 128: Rotate in the opposite direction to the
Position mode	НМ	position command
	CSP	
Velocity mode	PV	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command
·	CSV	64: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command
Torque mode	PT	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command
	CST	32: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command
ALL mode		0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command
		224: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command

	Label	Max Profile Velocity			Mode	PP	нм	PV	CST	
Index 607Fh	Range	0~2147483647			Default	21474	Unit	Con	nmand/s	
						83647	Oill			
	Structure	VAR	Type	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW		
To set max al	To set max allowable velocity. Limited by 6080									

	Label	Max Motor Speed			Mode		F	
Index 6080h	Range	0~2147483647	0~2147483647 VAR Type UINT32			6000	Unit	r/min
	Structure	VAR				RPDO	Access	RW
To set the maximum allowable motor velocity.								

	Label	Profile velocity			Mode		PP		
Index 6081h	Range	0~2147483647			Default	10000	Command/s		
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW	
To set target velocity. Limited by 607Fh.									



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	Label	Profile acceleration			Mode	PP		PV	
Index 6083h	Range	1~2147483647				10000	Unit	command/s²	
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW	
To set motor acceleration									

	Label	Profile deceleration	Profile deceleration			PP		PV
Index 6084h	Range	1~2147483647	1~2147483647				Unit	command/s²
	Structure VAR Type UINT32				Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW
To set motor	To set motor deceleration							

Index 6085h	Label	Quick Stop Deceleration			Mode	CSP	csv	PP	PV	нм
	Range	1~2147483647			Default	100000	00 Unit		command/s²	
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	А	ccess	RW	
To set the deceleration during an emergency stop										

Index 6087h	Label	Torque slope			Mode	PT			
	Range	1~2147483647			Default	5000	Unit	0.1%/s	
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW	
To set values for tendency torque command									

Index 608Fh-	Label	Encoder Increments 0~2147483647			Mode	PT			
01	Range				Default	0 Unit encoder			
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO	
To set encoder resolution									

Index 6091h-	Label	Motor Revolutions			Mode	F				
01	Range	1~2147483647			Default	1	Unit	r		
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW		
To set electro	To set electronic gear ratio numerator									
Index 6091h-	Label	Shaft Revolutions 1~2147483647			Mode	F				
02	Range				Default	1	Unit	r		
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW		
To set electro	To set electronic gear ratio denominator									
Index 6092h-	Label	Feed			Mode	F				
01	Range	1~2147483647			Default	10000	Unit	Command/r		
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW		

If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is not equal to 608Fh (Position encoder resolution), then: Electronic gear ratio = Encoder increments / 6092h-01

If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is equal to 608Fh (Position encoder resolution), then: Electronic gear ratio = 6091-01 / 6092h-01



	Label	Homing method			Mode	НМ		
Index 6098h	Range	-6 ~ 37	Default	19	Unit	-		
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT8	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW

Description Description Stop			<u> </u>								
Description Velocity Direction Stop	The tab	le helow do	scribes the w	elocity direction	on and stonning conditions	of each homing methods					
Velocity Direction Stop	THE Lab			elocity, direction	on and stopping conditions	or each norming methods.					
1-6	Value			Stop							
Low Positive When torque reached High Negative Inversed when torque reached, after torque is gone	-6				e reached						
High Negative Inversed when torque reached, after torque is gone											
-3 High Positive Inversed when torque reached, after torque is gone -2 High Negative Inversed when torque reached, received 1** Z-signal after torque is gone -1 High Positive Inversed when torque reached, received 1** Z-signal after torque is gone						urquo is gano					
-2 High Negative Inversed when torque reached, received 1st Z-signal after torque is gone -1 High Positive Positive Inversed when torque reached, received 1st Z-signal after torque is gone					·						
High Positive Inversed when torque reached, received 1st Z-signal after torque is gone	-				·						
Direction Deceleration point Home Before Z-signal			_								
1 Negative Negative limit switch Motor Z-signal edge 2 Positive Positive limit switch Motor Z-signal Positive limit switch falling edge 3 Positive Homing switch Motor Z-signal Falling edge on same side of homing switch 4 Positive Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch 5 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch 6 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch 7 Positive Homing switch Motor Z-signal Falling edge on same side of homing switch 8 Positive Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch 9 Positive Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch 10 Positive Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch 11 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Falling edge on same side of homing switch 12 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch 13 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch 14 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch 15 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch 16 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch 17 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on other side of homing switch 18 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on other side of homing switch 19 Negative Homing switch Notor Z-signal Rising edge on other side of homing switch 19 Negative Homing switch Notor Z-signal Notor Notor Notor Notor Notor Notor Notor Z-signal Notor Z-signal Notor Z-signal Notor Z-signal											
Positive Positive Imit switch Motor Z-signal Positive limit switch falling edge	1					Negative limit switch falling					
Positive	2	Positivo	Positive I	imit switch	Motor 7-signal						
Positive Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch	-	FOSILIVE	FOSITIVE	IIIII SWILCII	Wiotor Z-Signal						
Positive	3	Positive	Homing s	switch	Motor Z-signal	railing edge on same side of noming switch					
Solution Homing switch Motor Z-signal Falling edge on same side of homing switch	4	Positive	Homing s	switch	Motor Z-signal						
Negative	_		<u> </u>		_	<u> </u>					
Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Falling edge on same side of homing switch	5	Negative	Homing s	switch	Motor Z-signal	Falling edge on same side of homing switch					
Positive Homing switch Motor Z-signal homing switch 8 Positive Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch 9 Positive Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch 10 Positive Homing switch Motor Z-signal Falling edge on same side of homing switch 11 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Falling edge on same side of homing switch 12 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch 13 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on other side of homing switch 14 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal on other side of homing switch 15 Positive Homing switch Potor Z-signal on other side of homing switch 16 Total Positive Homing switch Potor Z-signal on other side of homing switch 17-32 Similar with 1-14, but deceleration point = homing point = motor Z-signal Home in negative direction, homing point = motor Z-signal Home in positive direction, homing point = motor Z-signal	6	Negative	Homing s	switch	Motor Z-signal	Rising edge on same side of homing switch					
Rising edge on same side of homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch	7	Positive	Homing s	switch	Motor Z-signal						
9 Positive Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch 10 Positive Homing switch Motor Z-signal Falling edge on same side of homing switch 11 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Falling edge on same side of homing switch 12 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch 13 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal on other side of homing switch 14 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal on other side of homing switch 15 Falling edge on other side of homing switch 16 Falling edge on other side of homing switch 17-32 Similar with 1-14, but deceleration point = homing point 33 Home in negative direction, homing point = motor Z-signal 34 Home in positive direction, homing point = motor Z-signal	8	Positive	Homing s	switch	Motor Z-signal	Rising edge on same side of					
Positive Homing switch Motor Z-signal homing switch 11 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Falling edge on same side of homing switch 12 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch 13 Negative Homing switch Other side of homing switch other side of homing switch 14 Negative Homing switch Other side of homing switch Other side of homing switch 15 Similar with 1-14, but deceleration point = homing point 33 Home in negative direction, homing point = motor Z-signal 34 Home in positive direction, homing point = motor Z-signal	9	Positive	Homing s	switch	Motor Z-signal						
11 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Falling edge on same side of homing switch 12 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on same side of homing switch 13 Negative Homing switch Other side of homing switch 14 Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal on other side of homing switch 15 Falling edge on other side of homing switch 16 T7-32 Similar with 1-14, but deceleration point = homing point 33 Home in negative direction, homing point = motor Z-signal 34 Home in positive direction, homing point = motor Z-signal	10	Positive	Homing s	switch	Motor Z-signal						
Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal Rising edge on other side of homing switch Negative Homing switch Other side of homing switch Negative Homing switch Motor Z-signal on other side of homing switch Negative Homing switch Other side of homing switch Negative Homing switch Other side of homing switch 15 16 17-32 Similar with 1-14, but deceleration point = homing point 33 Home in negative direction, homing point = motor Z-signal Home in positive direction, homing point = motor Z-signal	11	Negative	Homing s	switch	Motor Z-signal	<u> </u>					
Negative Homing switch other side of homing switch 14 Negative Homing switch Other side of homing switch 15 Falling edge on other side of homing switch 16 Tr-32 Similar with 1-14, but deceleration point = homing point 33 Home in negative direction, homing point = motor Z-signal 34 Home in positive direction, homing point = motor Z-signal	12	Negative	Homing s	switch	Motor Z-signal	Rising edge on same side of homing switch					
Negative Homing switch other side of homing switch 15 16 17-32 Similar with 1-14, but deceleration point = homing point 33 Home in negative direction, homing point = motor Z-signal 34 Home in positive direction, homing point = motor Z-signal	13	Negative	Homing s	switch	other side of homing	Rising edge on other side of homing switch					
16 17-32 Similar with 1-14, but deceleration point = homing point 33 Home in negative direction, homing point = motor Z-signal 34 Home in positive direction, homing point = motor Z-signal	14	Negative	Homing s	switch	other side of	Falling edge on other side of homing switch					
17-32 Similar with 1-14, but deceleration point = homing point 33 Home in negative direction, homing point = motor Z-signal 34 Home in positive direction, homing point = motor Z-signal	15										
33 Home in negative direction, homing point = motor Z-signal 34 Home in positive direction, homing point = motor Z-signal	16			-							
34 Home in positive direction, homing point = motor Z-signal	17-32	Similar wi	th 1-14, but	deceleration p	oint = homing point						
	33	Home in r	negative dire	ction, homing	point = motor Z-signal						
35-37 Set current position as homing point	34	Home in p	ositive direc	tion, homing p	ooint = motor Z-signal						
process of the control of the contro	35-37	Set currer	nt position as	homing point							



Index 6099h-	Label	Speed During Search for Switch	Mode	H	łM			
01	Range	0~2147483647			Default	10000	Unit	Command/s
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW
To set the speed used in homing								

Index 6099h-	Label	Speed During Search for Zero	Mode	H	IM			
01	Range	0~2147483647			Default	5000	Unit	Command/s
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW
To set the speed used in homing								

	Label	Homing acceleration			Mode	нм		
Index 609Ah	ndex 609Ah Range 1~2147483647				Default	5000	Unit	Command/s ²
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
To set acceleration and deceleration used in homing								

	Label	Position Offset			Mode	CSP		
Index 60B0h	Range	-2147483647~2147483647			Default	0	Unit	Command
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT32	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
To add offset to target position								

	Label	Velocity Offset			Mode	CSP	csv	PP	PV	НМ
Index 60B1h	Range	-2147483647~2147483647			Default	0	U	nit	Comn	mand/s
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT32	Mapping	TPDO	А	ccess	RO	
To add offset to velocity demand value.										

	Label	Torque Offset			Mode	F		
Index 60B2h	Range	-32768~32767			Default	0 Unit 0.1%		
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT32	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
To add offset to torque demand value.								



	Label	Touch Probe function			Mode		F		
Index 60I	Range	0x0-0xFFFF			Default	0x0	Unit	-	
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT16	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW	
Bit	Description			D	etails				
0	Probe 1		0Disable 1Enable						
1	Probe 1 trigger mod	de	0Single trigger, triggered only when trigger signal is valid 1—Continuous trigger						
2	Probe 1 trigger sign	obe 1 trigger signal selection 0—Probe 1 captured 1Z signal							
3	Reserved		-						
4	Probe 1 rising edge	enabled	0Disal	ble 1Enable					
5	Probe 1 falling edge	e enabled	0Disal						
6-7	Reserved		-						
8	Probe 2		0Disal	ble 1Enable					
9	Probe 2 trigger mod	de	_	e trigger, triggere tinuous trigger	d only when	trigger sign	al is valid		
10	Probe 2 trigger sign	al selection	0—Probe 2 captured 1Z signal						
11	Reserved	ved -							
12	Probe 2 rising edge	enabled	0—Rising edge not latched 1—Rising edge latched						
13	Probe 2 falling edge	e enabled		ng edge not latch ng edge latched	ed				
14-15	Reserved -								

	Label	Touch Probe status				Mode		F				
Index 60B9h	Range	0x0-0xFFFF				Default	0x0	Unit	-			
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT16	i	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO			
Bit	Definition				Details							
0	Probe 1	Probe 1										
1	Probe 1 risin	Probe 1 rising edge latching					0—Rising edge not latched 1—Rising edge latched					
2	Probe 1 fallir	alling edge latching				alling edge no alling edge lat						
3-5	-				-							
6-7	-				-							
8	Probe 2				0Dis 1En							
9	Probe 2 risin	g edge latching			ising edge not ising edge late							
10	Probe 2 fallir	robe 2 falling edge latching					t latched ched					
11-13	-				-							
14-15	-	-										



	Label	Touch Probe 1 Positive Position			Mode	F		
Index 60BAh	Range	-2147483647~2147483647			Default	0 Unit Command		
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT32	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
Shows position feedback at rising edge of probe 1 signal								

	Label	Touch Probe 1 Negative Position			Mode	F		
Index 60BBh	Range	-2147483647~2147483647			Default	0	Unit	Command
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT32	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
Shows position feedback at falling edge of probe 1 signal								

	Label	Touch Probe 2 Positive Position			Mode	F			
Index 60BCh	Range	-2147483647~2147483647			Default	0	Unit	Unit Command Access RO	
	Structure	VAR	/AR Type INT32			TPDO	Access	RO	
Shows position feedback at rising edge of probe 2 signal									

Index CORDA	Label	Touch Probe 2 Negative Position			Mode	F		
Index 60BDh	Range	-2147483647~2147483647			Default	0	Unit	Command
	Structure	VAR Type INT32			Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
Shows position feedback at falling edge of probe 2 signal								

	Label	Max Acceleration			Mode		F		
Index 60C5h	Range	1~2147483647			Default	100000000	Unit	Command/s²	
	Structure	VAR Type UINT32			Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW	
To set upper limit of acceleration.									
	Label	Max Deceleration			Mode		F		
Index 60C6h	Range	1~2147483647			Default	100000000	Unit	Command/s²	
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW	
To set upper limit of deceleration.									

	Label	Touch Probe 1 Positive Edge Counter			Mode	F		
Index 60D5h	Index 60D5h Range 0~65535				Default	0	Unit	-
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT16	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
Shows the number of times probe 1 rising edge latched.								

	Label	Touch Probe 1 Negative Edge Counter			Mode	F		
Index 60D6h	Range	0~65535			Default	0	Unit	-
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT16	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
Shows the number of times probe 1 falling edge latched.								

	Label	Touch Probe 2 Positive Edge Counter			Mode	F			
Index 60D7h	Range	0~65535			Default	0	Unit	-	
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT16	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO	
Shows the number of times probe 2 rising edge latched.									



	Label	Touch Probe 2 Negative Edge Counter			Mode	F		
Index 60D7h	Range	0~65535			Default	0	Unit	-
	Structure	VAR	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO		
Shows the number of times probe 2 falling edge latched.								

	Label	Positive Torque Limit			Mode	F		
Index 60E0h	Range	0~65535			Default	3000	Unit	0.1%
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT16	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW
To set the maximum torque of servo drive in positive direction								

	Label	Negative Torque Limit			Mode	F		
Index 60E1h	Range	0~65535			Default	3000	Unit	0.1%
	Structure	VAR Type UINT16			Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW
To set the maximum torque of servo drive in negative direction								

	Label	Following Error Actual Value			Mode	CSP	PP	нм
Index 60F4h	Range	-2147483647~2147483647			Default	0	Unit	Command
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT32	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
Shows position following error								

	Label	Control Effort			Mode	CSP	PP	нм		
Index 60FAh	Range	-2147483647~2147483647			Default	0	Unit	Command/s		
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT32	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO		
Shows veloc	Shows velocity demand value (Position loop output)									

	Label	Position Demand Internal Value			Mode	CSP	PP	НМ
Index 60FCh	Range	-2147483647~2147483647			Default	0	Unit	encoder
	Structure	VAR	Туре	INT32	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
Shows position demand value of servo drive.								

	Label	Digital Inputs					Mode		F	
Index 60FDh	Range	0x0~0x7FFFFFF					Default	0	Unit	-
	Structure	VAR		Type UINT32			Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
The bits of 60FDh object are functionally defined as follow:										
Bit 31	Bit 30	Bit 29	Bit 28	Bit 2	Bit 27 Bit		26	Bit 25		Bit 24
Z signal	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Prol	be 2	Pro	be 1	BRAKE		INP/V-COIN
Bit 23	Bit 22	Bit 21	Bit 20	Bit 1	19	Bit	18	Bit 17		Bit 16
E-STOP	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Res	erved	Re.	served	DI14		DI13
Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 1	11	Bit	10	Bit 9		Bit 8
DI12	DI11	DI10	DI9	DI8	DI8 DI		7	DI6		DI5
Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	3	Bit	2	Bit 1		Bit 0
DI4	DI3	DI2	DI1	Resi	erved	HC	ME	POT		NOT

	Label	Physical Outputs			Mode	F		
Index 60FEh-01	Range	0x0~0x7FFFFFFF		Default	0x0	Unit	-	
	Structure	ARRAY	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW



The bits of 60FEh ol	The bits of 60FEh object are functionally defined as follow:										
Bit Sub-index	31~21	21	20	19	18	17	16	15~0			
01h	Reserved	DO6 valid	DO5 valid	DO4 valid	DO3 valid	DO2 valid	DO1 valid	Reserved			

	Label	Bit Mask					Mode		F				
Index 60FEh-02	Range	0x0~0x7FFFFFF				Default 0xFFFF00		000 Unit		-			
	Structure	ARRAY		Туре	UIN	T32	Марр	ing	RPDO		Acce	ess RW	V
The bits of a 60	The bits of a 60FEh object are functionally defined as follow:												
Bit Sub-index	31~21	21	20	19		1	8		17		16	15~	-0
02h	Reserved	DO6 enabled	DO5 enabled	DO4 ena	bled	DO3 e	nabled	DO2	enabled	DO1	enabled	Reser	rved

	Label	Target velocity			Mode	CSV		PV
Index 60FFh	Range	-2147483647~2147483647	2147483647~2147483647				Unit	Command/s
	Structure	VAR Type INT32			Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW
Shows set targe	Shows set target velocity. Limited by 6080h							

	Label	Supported Drive Modes			Mode	F			
Index 6502h Range 0x0~0x7FFFFFF					Default	0x0	Unit	-	
	Structure	ARRAY Type UINT32			Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO	
Shows the cont	Shows the control modes supported by the servo drive.								



Chapter 4 Servo Drive Operation

4.1 Get Started with Driver Operation

4.1.1 Checklist before operation

No.	Description
	Power supply
1	The voltage of main and control circuit power supply is within rated values.
2	Power supply polarity is rightly connected.
	Wiring
1	Power supply input is rightly connected.
2	Driver's power output UVW matches UVW terminals on the main circuit.
3	No short circuit of driver's input and output UVW terminals.
4	Signal cables are correctly and well connected.
5	Drivers and motors are connected to ground
6	All cables under stress within recommended range.
7	No foreign conductive objects inside/outside the driver.
	Mechanical
1	Driver and external holding brake are not place near combustibles.
2	Installations of driver, motor and axis is fastened.
3	Movement of motors and mechanical axes are not obstructed.

4.1.2 Power On

Connect 400V power supply into main power supply R, S, T terminals and 220V power supply into control circuit power supply L1C, L2C. After power on, light indicator will light up and front Panel will display **rEAdy**, then LED initial status will be displayed. Driver is ready for operation if no alarm occurs.

4.1.3 Trial Run

Servo drive must be disabled before performing trial run. For safety precautions, please JOG under minimal velocity.

Related Parameter s

No.	Parameter s	Label	Set value	Unit
1	PR0.01	Control mode settings	9	/
2	PR6.04	JOG trial run command velocity	User defined	r/min
3	PR6.25	Trial run acc-/deceleration time	User defined	ms/1000rpm

Please make sure the mechanical axis is within the range of motion and travelled distance should not be too long to avoid collision.



Set optimal velocity and acceleration for trial run (not too high!)

Do not modify any gain related Parameter's during motion to avoid vibration.

Please refer to "AF Jog Trial Run" for detailed explanations on how to perform trial run using front Panel operation

4.1.4 Motor rotational direction settings

Motor rotational direction can be changed through PR0.06 without changing the polarity of the input command.

	Label	Command polarity inversion	Mode	Mode		
PR0.06	Range	0~1	Default	0	Unit	_
	Activation	After restart	Index	2006h		
Used to chan	ge the rotational direc	tion of the motor				
Set value	Details					
0	Polarity of the	command is not inversed. The direction of rotation i	s consistent w	ith the p	oolarity of comma	and.
	Polarity of com	mand is inversed. The direction of rotation is opposi	ite to the polar	ity of		
1	command.					
		otor is recommended to be set through object dictionary aly takes effect when PRO.06 = 0.	y 607E. Howeve	r, PR0.06	has higher priorit	y than

4.1.5 Holding Brake Settings

Holding brake is designed to hold the axis in position to prevent it from sliding due to applied external forces when the driver is disabled. Holding brake is optional and depends on the model of motor chosen for the application.

Please only use holding brake when motor is stopped. No applicable when motor is in motion.

Holding brake coil has no polarity.

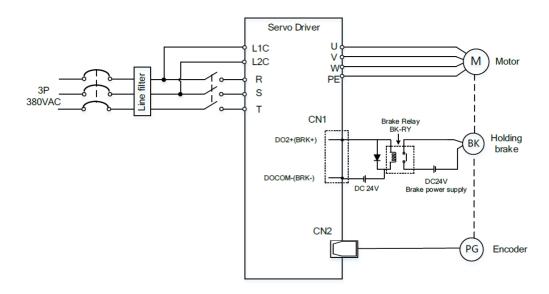
Motor should be disabled after stopped.

There is some noise when motors with brake are in motion but that doesn't affect its functionality. Magnetic sensors might be affected when the holding brake is on. Please be aware.

Holding brake wiring

Holding brake input signal is without polarity. An isolated 24V switching power supply is recommended to prevent abnormal holding brake behavior in case of sudden drop in working current or voltage.





Wiring diagram of motor holding brake

4.1.6 Servo Running

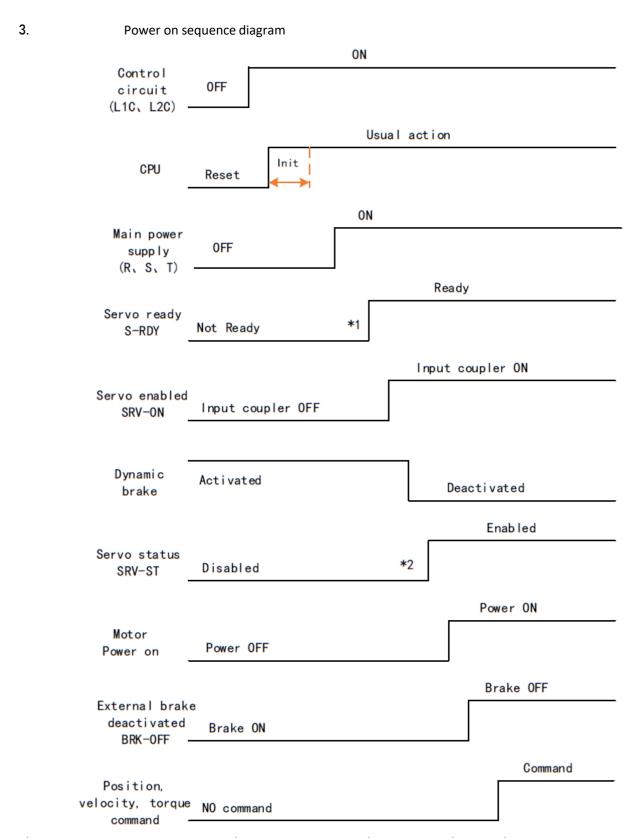
1. Enable servo driver

Check if CN3/CN4 is connected properly. Servo driver is in ready mode. Motor is stopped and holding brake is activated. Front Panel display shows 402 state machine = Operational, EtherCAT communication status = operational, Running mode = 8, servo is in stop mode.



- 2. Motor starts to move after command input
- i. On first time operation, please use suitable command at low velocity. Confirm if motor is working normally.
- ii. Check if motor rotational direction is correct. If not, please check input command or Parameter settings. (Pr0.06).
- iii. If motor is working normally, motion data such as motor rotational velocity "d01SP" and actual torque feedback "d04tr" can be monitored on the front Panel or through Optimus Tuning Software.





Please enter servo status, position, velocity, torque command as sequence diagram above.

2. SRV-ST signal is received when servo driver is enabled. Command input is not allowed yet.

^{** 1.} S-RDY signal is given after CPU initialization and main power supply powered on.



4.1.7 Servo stop

Servo stopping are of 3 different methods: Servo braking method, free stopping method, dynamic braking method.

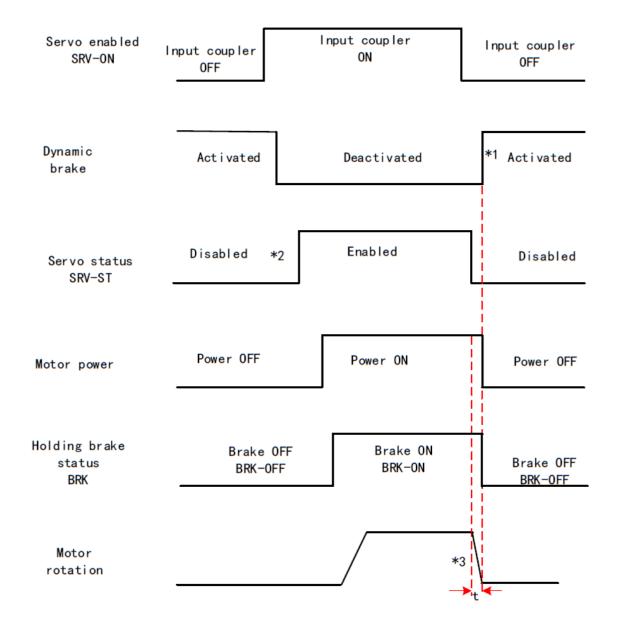
Stopping method	Description	Details
Servo braking	Servo driver delivers braking torque in	Quick stopping but mechanical
	opposite direction	impact might exist
Free stopping	Motor power cut off. Free to move until	Smooth deceleration, low mechanical
	velocity = 0. Affected inertia, friction	impact but slow stopping
	and other factors	
Dynamic braking	Brake activated when in motion	Quick stopping but mechanical
		impact might exist

Stopping status	Status after stopped
Free moving	Motor is powered off; rotor is free to rotate
Dynamic braking	Motor is powered off; rotor is not free to rotate
Holding brake stopping	Motor axis is locked, cannot rotate freely

Motor stopping Servo disabled) - Sequence Diagram

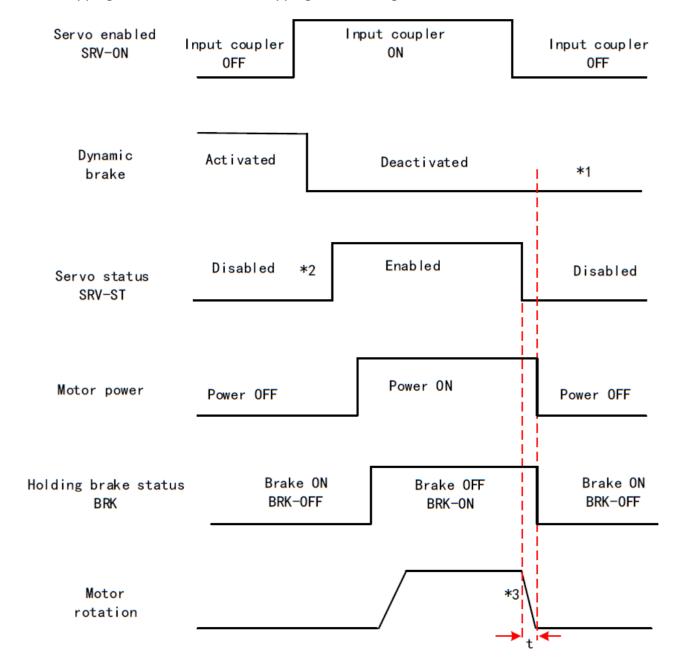
Servo braking method. Status after stopping: Dynamic braking





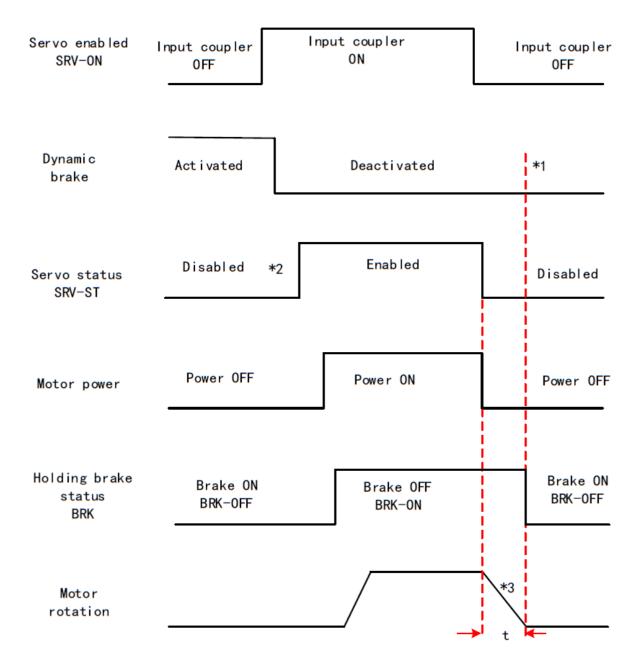


Servo stopping method. Status after stopping: free moving



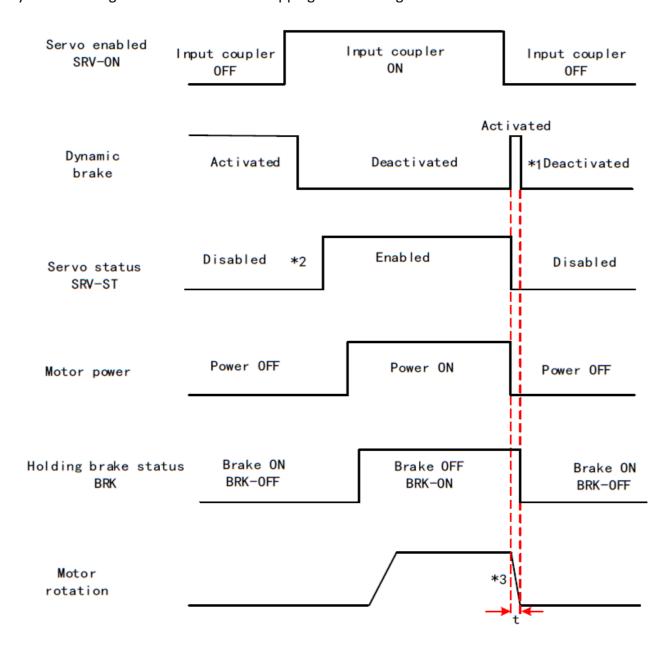


Free stopping method. Status after stopping: Free moving





Dynamic braking method. Status after stopping: Free moving

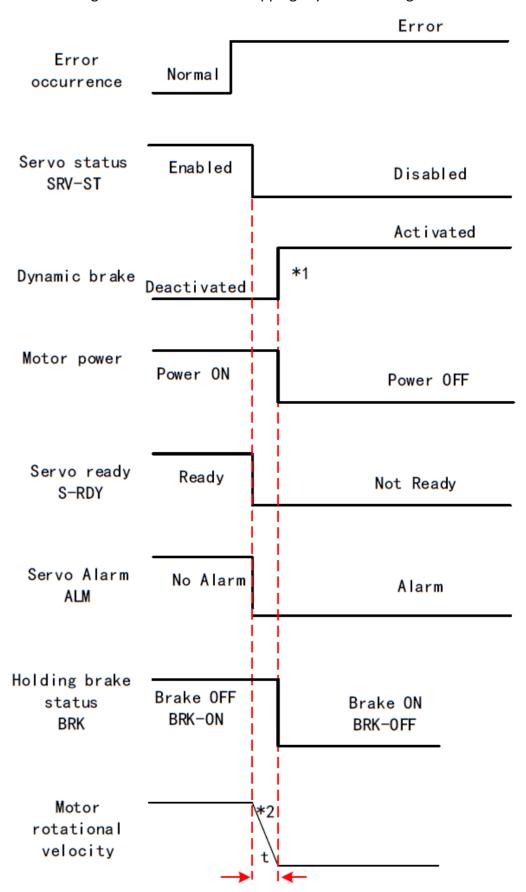


- ** 1. Status after stopping is as defined in PA5.06.
- 2. SRV-ST signal is received when servo driver is enabled. Command input is not allowed yet.
- 3. Servo stopping method is as defined in PA5.06; braking torque in opposite direction to decelerate the motor is as defined in PA5.11. Deceleration time t is determined by whichever comes first between time set in PA6.14 and time needed for motor to drop below velocity set in PA4.39. After deceleration time t, dynamic braking will be off and holding brake signal will be set to OFF (Holding brake is activated. Although BRK-OFF signal is valid, actual activation of holding brake is dependent on whether the motor comes with holding brake).
- 4. BRK-ON signal doesn't indicate the activation of holding brake but the validation of the signal. Holding brake is not applied when BRK-ON signal is valid. Same idea goes for BRK-OFF signal.



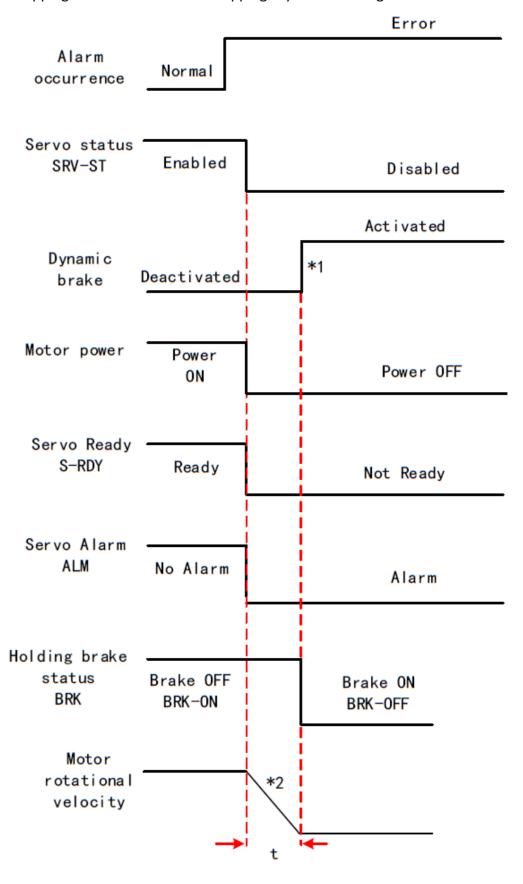
Stopping when alarm occurs – Sequence Diagram

Servo braking method. Status after stopping: Dynamic braking



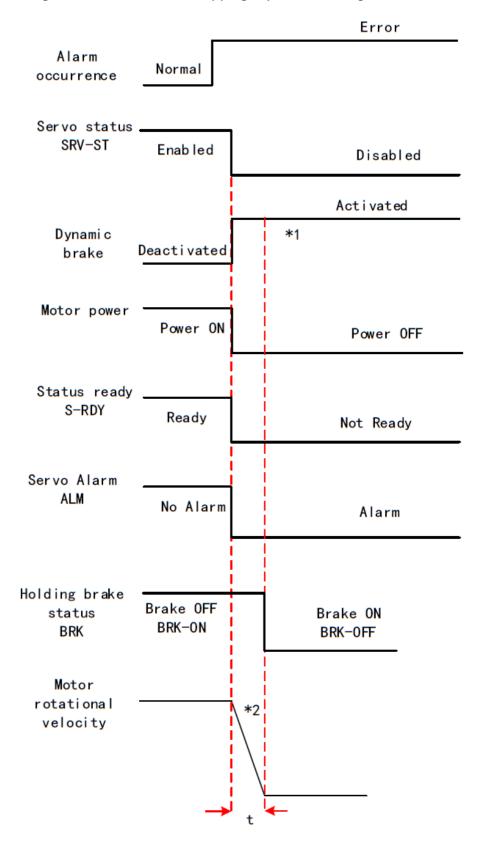


Free stopping method. Status after stopping: Dynamic braking



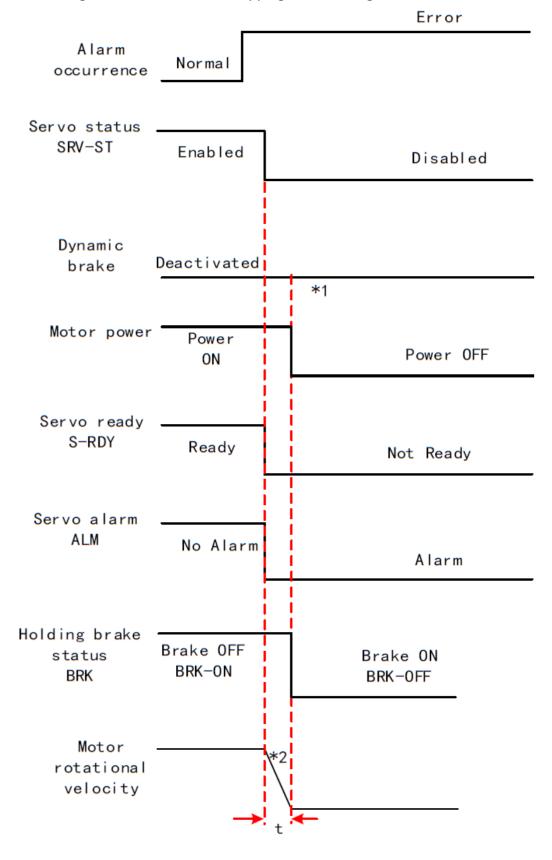


Dynamic braking method. Status after stopping: Dynamic braking



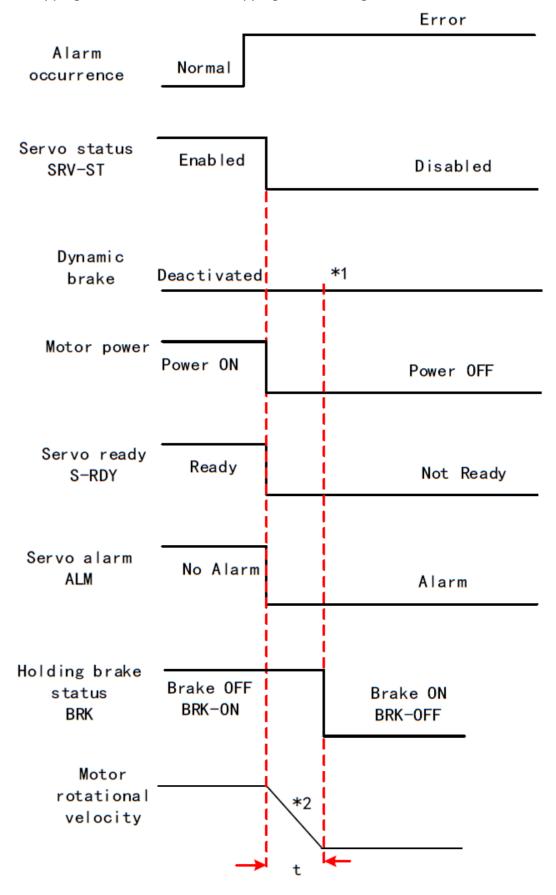


Servo braking method. Status after stopping: Free moving



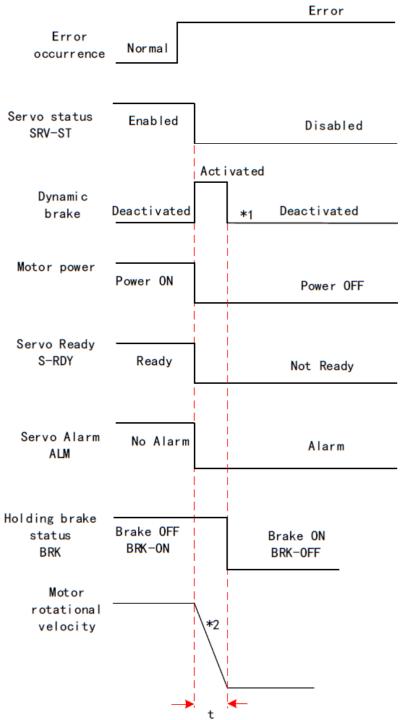


Free stopping method. Status after stopping: Free moving



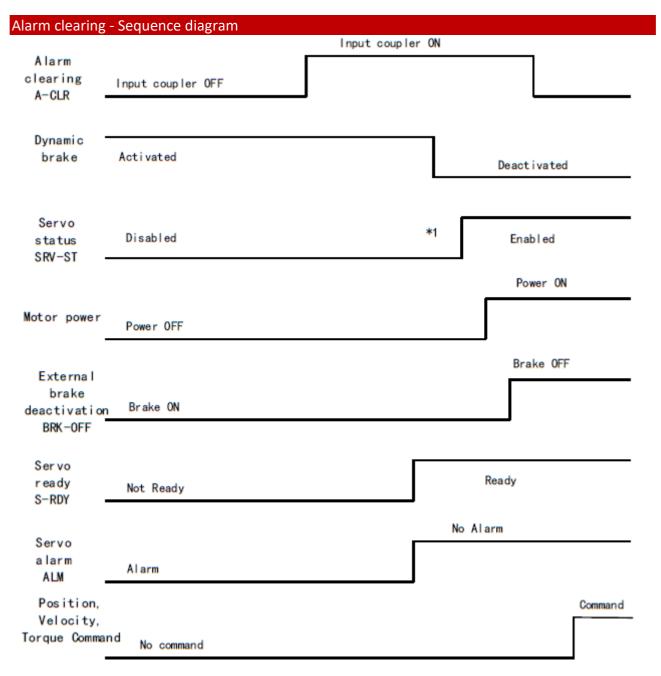


Dynamic braking. Status after stopping: Free moving



- ** 1. Status after stopping is as defined in Pr5.10.
- 2. Servo stopping method is as defined in Pr5.10. Deceleration time t is determined by whichever comes first between time set in Pr6.14 and time needed for motor to drop below velocity set in Pr4.39. After deceleration time t, dynamic braking will be off and holding brake signal will be set to OFF (Holding brake is activated. Although BRK-OFF signal is valid, actual activation of holding brake is dependent on whether the motor comes with holding brake).
- 3. BRK-ON signal doesn't indicate the activation of holding brake but the invalidation of the signal. Holding brake is not applied when BRK-ON signal is valid. Same idea goes for BRK-OFF signal.





- ** 1.SRV-ST signal is received when servo driver is enabled. Command input is not allowed yet 1
- 2. BRK-OFF signal doesn't indicate the deactivation of holding brake but the invalidation of the signal. Holding brake is applied when BRK-OFF signal is invalid



4.2 Electronic gear ratio

When loaded axis moved for 1 command unit, it corresponds to motor encoder unit which is converted in more comprehensible physical units such as μm . The use of electronic gear ratio is to turn the movement in physical units to required pulse count equivalency.

Electronic gear ratio =
$$\frac{\text{Rotor movement (Encoder unit)}}{\text{Loaded axis movement (Command unit)}}$$

Rotor might be connected to load through reducer or other mechanical structures. Hence, the gear ratio is closely related to reducer gear ratio, position encoder resolution and mechanical dimensions related Parameters.

Electronic gear ratio =
$$\frac{\text{Encoder resolution}}{\text{Loaded axis resolution}}$$

Electronic gear can be set through Pr0.08. If Pr0.08 \neq 0, Pr0.08 is valid. If Pr0.08 = 0, object dictionary 6092-01 is valid.

Command pulse count per motor revolution needs to be $\ensuremath{\mathbb{Z}}$ Encoder Pulse Count per Revolution / 8000.

OSD-H-*-E series comes with motors with 23-bit encoder. Pulse count per revolution for 23-bit encoder = 8388608. From the condition above, the command pulse count per motor revolution for 23-bit encoder ≥ 1049 .

	Label	Command pulse count per revolutio	n		Mode		F	
PR0.08	Range	0~8388608			Default	0	Unit	t P-
	Activation	After restart					Ind	ex 2008h
Pulses per	revolution can b	pe set using object dictionary 608F, 6091	, 6092. H	owever, PR0.08			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	U.
has higher	priority.							
Index	Label	Encoder Increments			Mode	1	PT	
608Fh-01	Range	0~2147483647			Default	0	Unit	encoder
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
To set enc	oder resolution			l.				
Index	Label	Motor Revolutions	Motor Revolutions			F		
6091h-01	Range	1~2147483647			Default	1	Unit	r
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW
To set elec	tronic gear ratio	numerator		'	ij			
Index	Label	Shaft Revolutions			Mode	F		
6091h-02	Range	1~2147483647			Default	1	Unit	r
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW
To set elec	tronic gear ratio	denominator						•
Index	Label	Feed			Mode		F	
6092h-01	Range	1~2147483647			Default	10000	Unit	Command/ı
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW
6092h	n-01) is not equal to 608Fh(Position encoder) is equal to 608Fh (Position encoder res						/



4.3 Front Panel

Servo Driver front Panel consists of 5 push buttons and an 8-segments display. Can be used for displaying of status, alarms, functions, Parameter s setting and auxiliary functions.



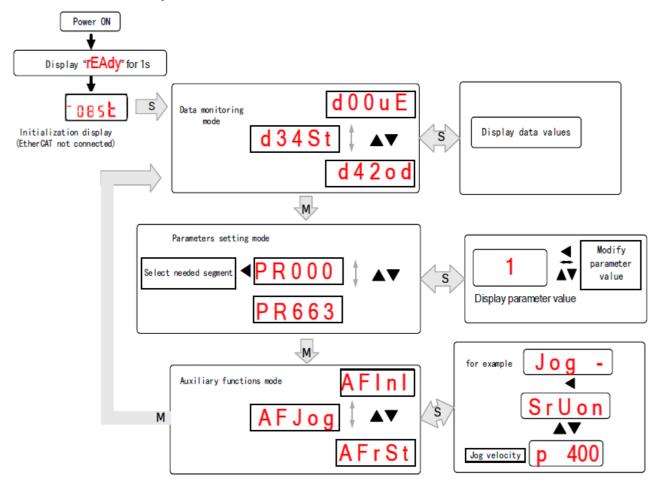
Front Panel Buttons and functions

Label	Symbol	Function		
Display	/	Consists of 5 push buttons and an 8-segments display		
Mode	М	To switch between 4 modes: 1. Data monitoring mode: To monitor changes of motion data valu 2. Parameter s setting mode: To set Parameter s 3. Auxiliary functions mode: To operate common functions, such a trial run, alarm clearing		
Enter	S	To enter or confirm		
Up	A	To switch between sub-menus / Increase		
Down	▼	To switch between sub-menus / Decrease		
Left	•	To switch between values		



4.4 Panel Display and Operation

4.4.1 Panel Operation



Flow diagram of Panel operation

- (1) rEAdY will be displayed for about 1 second after driver is powered on. Then, automatically enters data monitoring mode and displays initial data value. Otherwise, alarm code will be displayed if error occurs.
- (2) Press M key to switch between modes.
 Data monitoring mode → Parameter s setting mode → Auxiliary functions mode
 Alarm code will be displayed regardless of any mode if alarm occurs. Press M to switch to other modes.
- (3) Press ▲ or ▼ to select the type of Parameter s in data monitoring mode. Press S to confirm.
- (4) Press ◀ to select current segment in Parameter s settings mode. Press ▲ or ▼ to increase/decrease the value of segment. Press S to confirm the modified value(s) and save the Parameter s.



4.4.2 Data Monitoring Mode

OSD-H series servo driver offers the function to monitor different types of data in data monitoring mode. After entering this mode, press S to monitor any data that starts with d. Press S again to get back to data monitoring mode and M to switch to any other modes.

Data list in data monitoring mode

No.	Label	Descriptions	Display	Unit	Data Format (x = numerical value)		
0	d00uE	Position command deviation	d00uE	pulse	"xxxx"		
1	d01SP	Motor velocity	d01SP	r/min	"r xxxx"		
2	d02CS	Position control command velocity	d02CS	r/min	"xxxx"		
3	d03Cu	Velocity control command velocity	d03Cu	r/min	"xxxx"		
4	d04tr	Actual feedback torque	d04tr	%	"xxxx"		
5	d05nP	Feedback pulse sum	d05nP	pulse	"xxxx"		
6	d06cP	Command pulse sum	d06CP	pulse	"xxxx"		
7	d07	Maximum torque during motion	d07	/	"xxxx"		
8	d08FP	Internal command position sum	d08FP	pulse	"xxxx"		
9	d09cn	Control mode	d09Cn	/	EtherCAT: "CtPoS"		
10	d10lo	I/O signal status	d10 lo	/	-		
11	d11Ai	Internal usage	d11Ai	V	-		
12	d12Er	Error cause and record	d12Er	/	"Er xxx"		
13	d13rn	Warning	d13rn	/	"xxx"		
14	d14r9	Regeneration load factor	d14r9	%	"xxx"		
15	d15oL	Overload factor	d15oL	%	"xxx"		
16	d16Jr	Inertia ratio	d16Jr	%	"xxx"		
17	d17ch	Motor not running cause	d17Ch	/	"CP xxx"		
18	d18ic	No. of changes in I/O signals	d18ic	/	"xxx"		
19	d19	No. of times of overcurrent	d19	/	"xxxx"		
20	d20Ab	CSP position command sum	d20Ab	pulse	"xxxx"		
21	d21AE	Single turn encoder data	d21AE	pulse	"xxxx"		
22	d22rE	Multiturn encoder data	d22rE	r	"xxxx"		
23	d23 id	Communication axis address	d23id	/	"id xxx" "Fr xxx"		
24	d24PE	Position deviation	d24PE	Unit	"xxxx"		



	d25PF	Motor electrical angle	d25PF pulse		"xxxx"		
26	d26hy	Motor mechanical angle	d26hy	pulse	"xxxx"		
27	d27 Pn	Voltage across PN	d27Pn	V	"xxxx"		
28	d28 no	Software version	d28no	/	"d xxx Servo software" "F xxx Communication software" "p xxx Servo power rating"		
29	d29AS	Internal usage	d29AS	/	"xxx"		
30	d30NS	No. of times of encoder communication error	d30sE	1	"xxx"		
31	d31 tE	Accumulated operation time	d31tE	/	"xxxx"		
32	d32Au	Automatic motor identification	d32Au	/	"r xxx Motor no." "E xxx Servo no."		
33	d33At	Driver temperature	d33At	°C	"xxx"		
34	d34	Servo status	d34	/	"xxx"		
35	d35 SF	Internal usage	d35SF	/	"xxxx"		
	Follo	owing are Parameter s related t	o EtherCAT b	us			
36	d36	Synchronizing cycle	d36dc	ms	"xxxx"		
37	d37	No. of times of synchronization loss	d37sc	/	"xxxx"		
38	d38	Synchronization Type	d38st	Free ru n/DC	"xxxx"		
39	d39	If DC is running	d39dr	/	"xxxx"		
40	d40	Acceleration and deceleration status	d40sn	/	"xxxx"		
41	d41	Object dictionary address	d41od	/	"xxxx" Index (4 bit) +subindex (2 bit)		
42	d42	Object dictionary value	d42od	/	"xxxx" 1. If OD does not exist, ODNEXT is displayed. 2. If OD is out of range, ODRNG is displayed.		

If EtherCAT is not connected, " " is displayed ______ after power on.



Description of data monitoring function

Data is differentiated as below.



6 0 8 8 5

High bit: 1st and 2nd values on the right has two decimal points Low bit: 1st and 2nd values on the right has no decimal point.





Mositive: 1st and 2nd values on the left thas no decimal point. Kegative: 1st and 2nd values on the left thas two decimal points

1. d00uE Position command deviation

Shows high bit and low bit of position deviation



Positive: 1st and 2nd values on the left has no decimal point. Negative: 1st and 2nd values on the left has two decimal points

> Press ◀ to switch between low and high bit Example: Position command deviation=260885

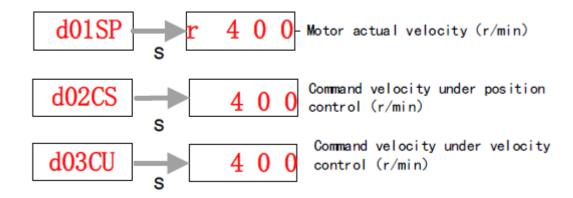
. 2.

 $6\ 0\ 8\ 8\ 5$

High bit: 1st and 2nd values on the right has two decimal points Low bit: 1st and 2nd values on the right has no decimal point.



2. d01SP Motor velocity, d02CS Position control command velocity, d03CU Velocity control command velocity

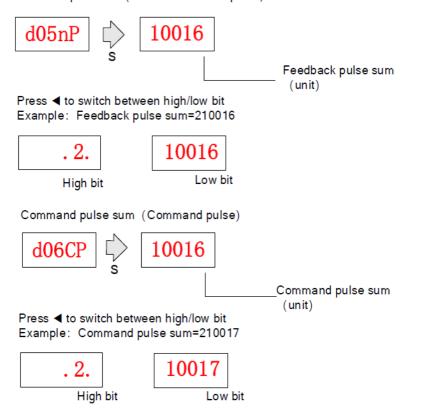


3. d04tr Actual torque feedback



4. d05nP Feedback pulse sum d06CP Command pulse sum

Feedback pulse sum(Encoder feedback pulse)

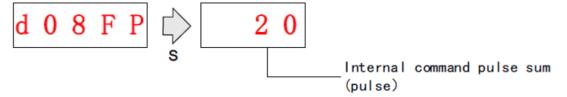




5. d07 Maximum torque during motion



6. d08FP Internal command pulse sum



7. d09Cn Control mode

8. d10lo I/O signal status

When the top half of the digital tube is lighted, the signal is valid; when the bottom half of the digital tube is lighted, the signal is not valid. Decimal points represent I/O status, input when lighted, output when not lighted.

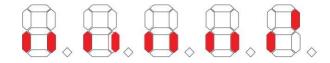
■ Input: From low to high bit (Right to left) DI1, DI2.... DI10. Decimal point is lighted to represent input signals.

In the example below, DI1, DI8 and DI10 input signal is valid; DI2-DI7, DI9 input signal is invalid.



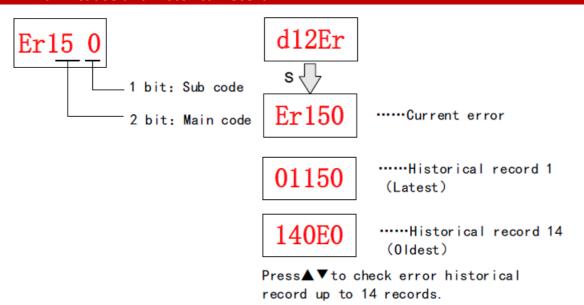
• Output From low to high bit (Right to left) DO1, DO2....DO10. Decimal point is not lighted to represent output signals.

In the example below, DO1 output signal is valid; DO2-DO10 output signal is invalid.



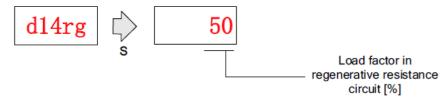


9. d12Er Alarm cause and historical record

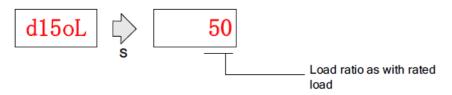


10. d14rg Regenerative load factor d15oL Overload factor

Regenerative load factor (Er120 might occur, if the value increases indefinitely)

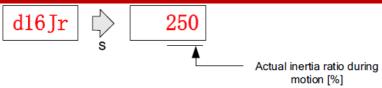


Overload factor (Er100 might occur, if the value increases indefinitely)



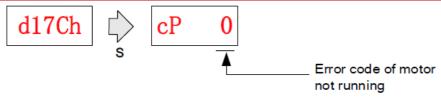


11、d16Jr Inertia ratio



Please refer to Inertia Measuring section for detailed explanations

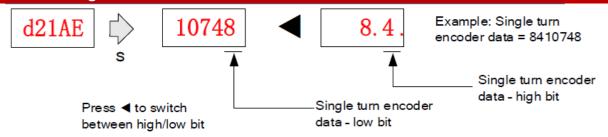
12、d17Ch Motor not running cause



"d17Ch" Motor No Running Cause - Codes & Descriptions

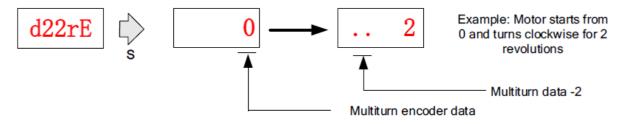
Display Code	Description	Content				
cP 1	DC bus undervoltage	/				
cP 2	No SRV-ON signal	Servo-ON input (SRV-ON) is not connected to COM-				
cP 3	POT/NOT input valid	Pr5.04 = 0, POT is in open circuit, velocity command is in positive direction NOT is in open circuit, velocity command is in negative direction				
cP 4	Driver alarm	1				
cP 5	Relay not clicked	/				
cP 6	Emergency stop valid	/				
cP 7	Position command too low	/				
cP 8	Torque limitation	/				
cP 9	Zero speed clamp valid	Pr3.15 = 1, Zero speed clamp input is open				
cP 10	Velocity mode command velocity too low	In velocity mode, the command velocity is too low				
cP 12	Torque mode command torque too low	In torque mode, the torque limit is too low.				
cP 13	Velocity limit	Emergency stop command from main bus is valid				

13、d21AE Single turn encoder data d22rE Multiturn encoder data



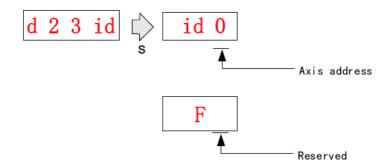


For 23-bit encoder, single turn encoder data = 0^{8} 388607. Each value corresponds to certain position in a single revolution of the rotor, clockwise motion as negative, counter clockwise motion as positive. When counter clockwise single turn data > 8388607, multiturn data +1, clockwise single turn data < 0, multiturn data -1.

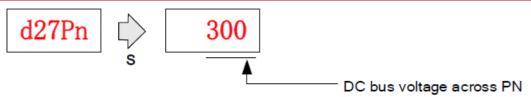


Multiturn encoder data range: -32768~+32767, As no. of revolution goes over range,32767 will jump to -32768、 -32767(counter clockwise) ; -32768 will jump to 32767、 32766 (clockwise)

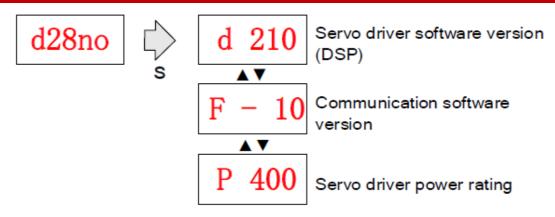
14.d23id Communication axis address



15. d27Pn DC bus voltage

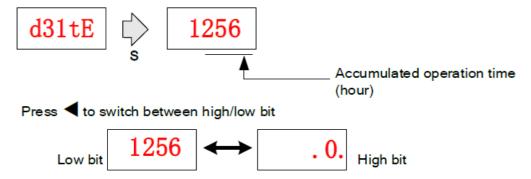


16. d28no Software version



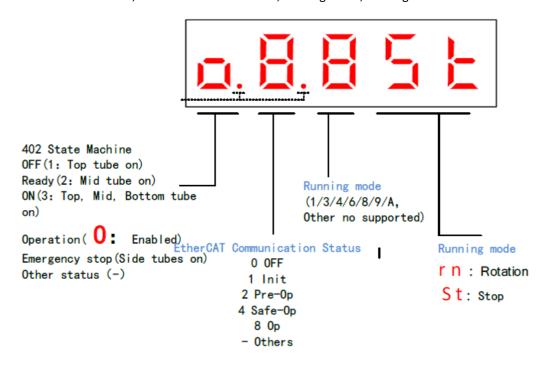


17. d31tE Accumulated operation time



18. d34 Servo driver status display

Driver status: 402 state machine, EtherCAT communication, running mode, running





Display setting at power on

Driver status: 402 state machine, EtherCAT communication, running mode, running

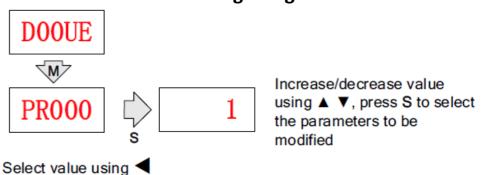
Default setting for initialization display settings at power on is d34, if any other display is required, please set on

Please refer to PR5.28 for any display content required on the front Panel during initialization

	Label	LED initial status	Mode	F		
PR5.28	Range	0~42	Default	34	Unit	-
	Activation	After restart			Index	2528h

To set content display on front Panel of the servo driver at servo driver power on.						
Set value	Content	Set value	Content	Set value	Content	
0	Position command deviation	15	Overload rate	30	No. of encoder communication error	
1	Motor speed	16	Inertia ratio	31	Accumulated operation time	
2	Position command velocity	17	No rotation cause	32	Automatic motor identification	
3	Velocity control command	18	No. of changes in I/O signals	33	Driver temperature	
4	Actual feedback torque	19	Number of over current signals	34	Servo status	
5	Sum of feedback pulse	20	Absolute encoder data	35	/	
6	Sum of command pulse	21	Single turn position	36	Synchronous period	
7	Maximum torque during motion	22	Multiturn position	37	No. of synchronous loss	
8	/	23	Communication axis address	38	Synchronous type	
9	Control mode	24	Encoder position deviation	39	Whether DC is running or not	
10	I/O signal status	25	Motor electrical angle	40	Acceleration/ Deceleration status	
11	/	26	Motor mechanical angle	41	Sub-index of OD index	
12	Error cause and history record	27	Voltage across PN	42	Value of sub-index of OD index	
13	Alarm code	28	Software version			
14	Regenerative load rate	29	/			

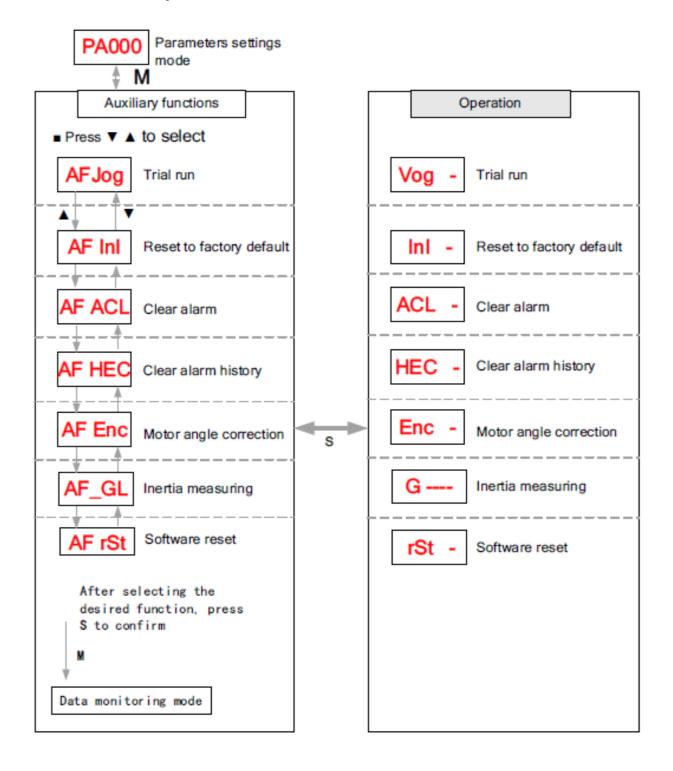
4.5 **Parameter saving using front Panel**



After modifying the selected Parameter to desired values, press S to confirm and save the changes.



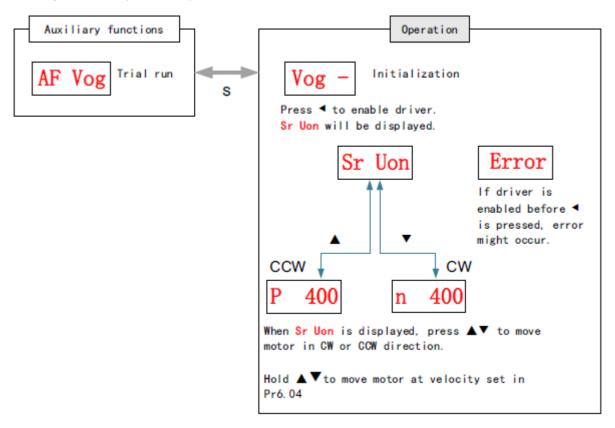
4.6 Auxiliary functions





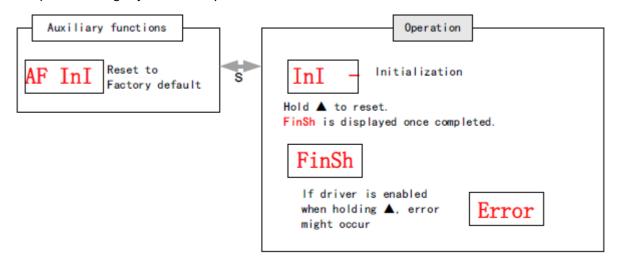
AF jog Trial run

Please disable servo driver before performing any trial run. Please don't modify gain related Parameter s during trial run to prevent any occurrence of mechanical vibrations. Press S to exit trial run.



AF Inl Reset to factory default

To reset parameters settings to factory default. Can be used to reset parameters using auxiliary function on front panel or using object dictionary.

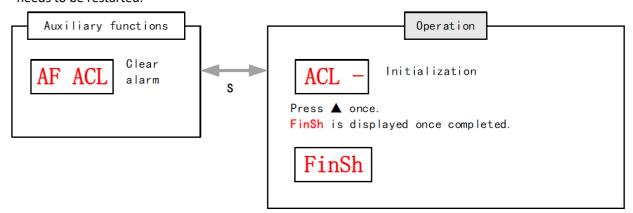




Object dictionary	Parameter s to reset	Method
0x1011-01	All Parameter s	Controller can reset all Parameter s using 0x1011-01. If
		driver receives the data of 0x1011-01 as 0x64616f6c,
		all Parameter s will be reset to factory default and
		1011-01=1 after saving.
0x1011-02	Communication	Controller can reset communication Parameter s using
	Parameter s	0x1011-02. If driver receives the data of 0x1011-02 as
		0x64616f6c, communication Parameter s will be reset
		to factory default and 1011-02=1 after
		saving.
0x1011-03	402	Controller can reset 402 Parameter s using 0x1011-03. If
	Parameter s	driver receives the data of 0x1011-03 as 0x64616f6c,
		402 Parameter s will be reset to factory default and
		1011-03=1 after saving.
0x1011-04	Drivers' supplier	Controller can reset drivers' supplier Parameter s using
	Parameter s	0x1011-04. If driver receives the data of 0x1011-04 as
		0x64616f6c, drivers' supplier Parameter s will be reset
		to factory default and 1011-04=1 after
		saving.

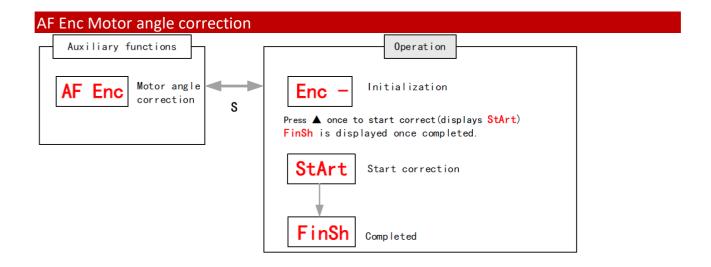
AF ACL Clear alarm

Alarm can be cleared using this auxiliary function but before that, the error needs to be solved and driver needs to be restarted.



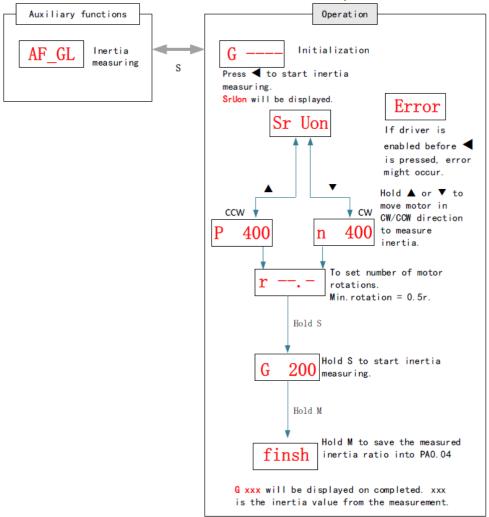
For alarms that can be cleared using this function, please refer to table in Chapter 9.





AF_GL Inertia measuring

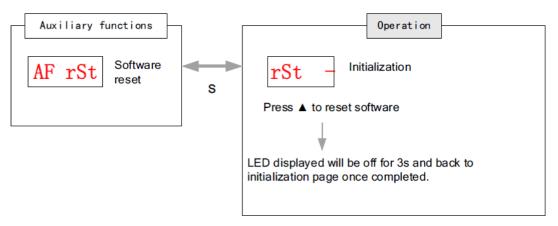
Please make sure to use suitable velocity and acceleration for the measuring process. Press S to exit and disable the driver once completed.





AF Enc Motor angle correction

Software reset is used mainly on parameters modification that takes effect only after driver restart.





Chapter 5 Control Mode

5.1 OSD-H-*-E motion control step-by-step

- A. EtherCAT master device sends "control word (6040h)" to initialize the drive.
- B. Driver sends feedback "status word (6041h)" to the master device to indicate ready status (status word indication).
- C. Master device sends enable command (control word switch).
- D. The driver enables and sends feedback status to the master device.
- E. The master station sends homing command to home the axis. (Homing Parameter and control word switch)
- F. Driver returns to home and sends feedback homed status to master device (status word indication)
- G. The master station sends the position mode command for position movement (position motion Parameter s and control word switch) or sends the velocity command for velocity movement (velocity motion Parameter s and control word switch).
- H. When the drive is finished executing the command (position command), OSD-H-*-E feedbacks the position/velocity to the master device for monitoring during the motion.
- I. The master device sends commands for the next motion.



5.2 CiA 402 State Machine

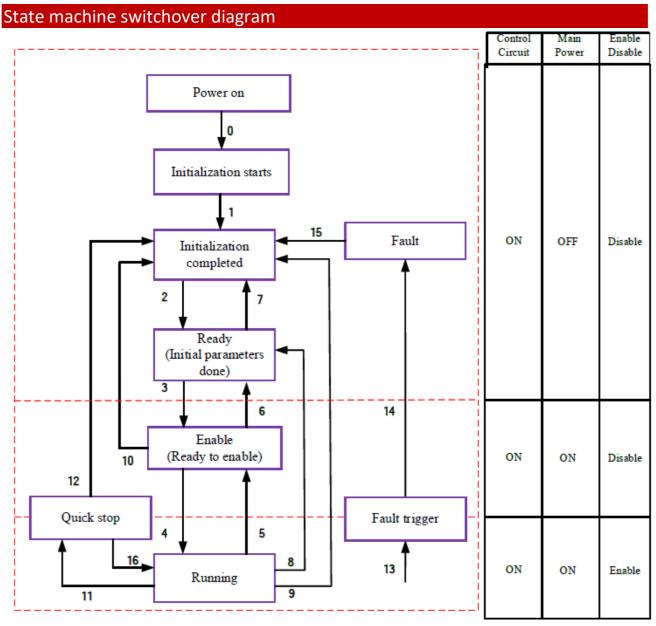


Figure 5.1 OSD-H-*-E 402 State Machine switchover diagram Table 5.1 Status description

Status	Description
Initialization starts	Driver powered on, initialization starts; Holding brake activated; Axis disabled
Initialization done	Initialization done; Parameter s initializes, faultless; Axis disabled.
Ready	Parameter initialization done; Axis disabled.
Enable	Servo driver is ready to be enabled.
Running	Driver enabled, faultless
Quick stop	Quick stop activated
Fault triggered	Alarm not solved yet; Axis disabled.
Fault	Alarm solved. Waiting to switch from 402 state machine to Initialization starts; Axis disabled.



402 state machine switching is dependent on master device-controlled servo driver control word (6040h)

CiA	02 status switching	Control word 6040h	Status word 6041h Bit1-Bit9
0	Power on Initialization	Transit automatically	0x0000
1	Initialization Faultless	Transit automatically,	0x0250
		Enter 13 if fault occurs	
2	Faultless Ready	0x0006	0x0231
3	Servo ready Waiting to	0x0007	0x0233
	enable		
4	Waiting to enable Running	0x000F	0x0237
5	Running Waiting to enable	0x0007	0x0233
6	Waiting to enable Ready	0x0006	0x0231
7	Ready Faultless	0x0000	0x0250
8	Running Ready	0x0006	0x0231
9	Running Faultless	0x0000	0x0250
10	Waiting to enable Faultless	0x0000	0x0250
11	Running Quick stop	0x0002	0x0217
12	Quick stop Faultless	Transit automatically	0x0250
13	Fault stop	Transit automatically	0x021F
14	Fault stop Fault	Transit automatically	0x0218
15	Fault Faultless	0x80	0x0250
16	Quick stop Running	0x0F	0x0237

5.3 Driver Control Mode Setting

5.3.1 Supported control mode (6502h)

OSD-H-*-E supports seven modes, as defined in 6502h.

Bit	31~10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Mode	Reserved	CST	CSV	CSP	Reserved	НМ	Reserve	ed PT	PV	Reserved	PP
1: Supported	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1 1		0	1
		Abbr.									
Profile position mode	Profile position mode PP										
- 61 1 1									ο,		

Profile position mode	PP
Profile velocity mode	PV
Profile Torque mode	PT
Homing mode	НМ
Cyclic synchronous position mode	CSP
Cyclic synchronous velocity mode	CSV
Cyclic synchronous torque mode	CST



5.3.2 Operational mode setting (6060h) and Operational mode display (6061h)

The operation mode of the servo drive is set in 6060h. The operation mode of the servo drive is viewed in 6061h.

Bit	Description	Abbr.
1	Profile position mode	PP
3	Profile velocity mode	PV
4	Profile Torque mode	PT
6	Homing mode	НМ
8	Cyclic synchronous position mode	CSP
9	Cyclic synchronous velocity mode	CSV
10	Cyclic synchronous torque mode	CST

5.4 Common Functions for All Modes

5.4.1 Digital input setting and status display

Please refer to chapter 5 for more details on digital I/O input and polarity settings.60FDh object complies with IEC61800-200 standard input I/O status mapping object. 60FDh is set according to function as the table below shows.

Bit31	Bit30	Bit29	Bit28	Bit27	Bit26	Bit25	Bit24
Z signal	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Touch Probe 2	Touch Probe 1	BRAKE	INP/V-COIN /TLC
Bit23	Bit22	Bit21	Bit20	Bit19	Bit18	Bit17	Bit16
E-STOP	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	DI14	DI13
Bit15	Bit14	Bit13	Bit12	Bit11	Bit10	Bit9	Bit8
DI12	DI11	DI10	DI9	DI8	DI7	DI6	DI5
Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
DI4	DI3	DI2	DI1	Reserved	HOME	POT	NOT



5.4.2 Digital output setting and control operation method

In addition to the internal operation of the servo system, OSD-H-*-E also provides a function for the master device to operate digital I/O output of the servo driver.

If I/O output function is set up as master device control, master device can control servo driver digital I/O output through 60FEh object

Bit Sub-index	31~21	21	20	19	18	17	16	15~0
01h	Reserved	DO6 valid	DO5 valid	DO4 valid	DO3 valid	DO2 valid	DO1 valid	Reserved
02h	i Neserveu	DO6 enabled	DO5 enabled	DO4 enabled	DO3 enabled	DO2 enabled	DO1 enabled	nesei veu

5.4.3 Motor Rotational Direction

Rotational direction is defined in 607Eh.

Mode		Set value
Davition Made	PP	O Detete in the case discretion as the westing assumed
Position Mode	HM	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command
	CSP	128: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command
Velocity Mode	PV	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command
	CSV	64: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command
Torque Mode	PT	0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command
·	CST	32: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command
ALL		0: Rotate in the same direction as the position command
Modes		224: Rotate in the opposite direction to the position command



5.4.4 Stop Settings

OSD-H-*-E provides quick stop function. Stopping is different under different modes. Controlled by using object dictionary 605A.

Index 605Ah		Label	Quick stop	Quick stop option code				F		
ilidex 003All		Range	0~7	0~7			2	Unit	-	
		Structure	VAR	Туре	INT16	Mapping	-	Access	RW	
Motor stops wher PP, CSP, CSV, PV	n quick stop option code	is given.				·		·		
0	: To stop motor thro	ugh PR5.06. Sta	tus: Switch or	n disable,	axis disabled.					
1	: Motor decelerates and stops through 6084. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.									
2	: Motor decelerates and stops through 6085. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.									
3	: Motor decelerates and stops through 60C6. Status: Switch on disable, axis disabled.									
5	: Motor decelerates	and stops throu	ıgh 6084. Sta	tus: Quicl	kstop					
6	: Motor decelerates	and stops throu	ıgh 6085. Sta	tus: Quicl	kstop					
7	: Motor decelerates	and stops throu	ıgh 60C6. Sta	tus: Quic	kstop					
нм										
0	: To stop motor thro	ugh PR5.06. Sta	tus: Switch o	n disable,	axis disabled.					
1	: Motor decelerates	and stops throu	gh 609A. Stat	us: Switch	n on disable, ax	xis disabled.				
2	: Motor decelerates	and stops throu	gh 6085. Stat	us: Switcl	n on disable, ax	xis disabled.				
3	: Motor decelerates	and stops throu	gh 60C6. Stat	us: Switch	n on disable, ax	is disabled.				
5	: Motor decelerates	and stops throu	ıgh 609A. Sta	tus: Quic	kstop					
6	: Motor decelerates	and stops throu	ıgh 6085. Sta	tus: Quicl	kstop					
7	: Motor decelerates	and stops throu	ıgh 60C6. Sta	tus: Quic	kstop					

When 402 state machine is disabled, the motor will stop freely.

When bit8(Halt) of 6040h is 1, the motor will stop with deceleration set in 6083h/6084h.

5.4.5 Position mode – Electronic Gear

OSD-H-*-E position mode consists of cyclic synchronous position mode (CSP), protocol position mode (PP) and homing mode (HM), only in these three modes is the electronic gear valid.

Electronic gear ratio range is $0.001^{\sim}8000(23$ -bit encoder), otherwise ErA00 might occur if over range (the warning is not saved, after modification to a reasonable range, alarm on operational Panel will automatically disappear, but the 402 state will still be in the "error" state, write 0x80 into 6040h).

Method 1:

Electronic gear ratio setting is defined by 608Fh (Position encoder resolution). 6091h (Gear ratio), 6092h (Feed constant) to change the motor position. Only valid under pre-operational mode.

608Fh (Position encoder resolution) is the resolution of the encoder, which is read internally without additional setting. 6092h_01 represents the number of pulses that can be set for each revolution of the motor. 6091h 01/6091h 02 is real-time update effective.

Electronic gear subdivision method can be determined by modifying 6092h 01 (Feed constant)

1. If 6092h_01 (Feed constant) is not equal to 608Fh (Position Encoder resolution), then: Electronic gear ratio = encoder resolution / 6092h_01



2. If 6092h_01(Feed constant) is equal to 608Fh (Position encoder resolution), then: Electronic gear ratio = 6091 01/6092h 01

Electronic gear ratio range is 0.001~8000(23-bit encoder), 0.001~2000(21-bit encoder)

Command pulse count per motor revolution needs to be 2 Encoder Pulse Count per Revolution / 8000.

OSD-H series comes with motors with 21-bit and 23-bit encoder. Pulse count per revolution for 21-bit encoder = 209752; for 23-bit encoder = 8388608. From the condition above, the command pulse count per motor revolution for 21-bit encoder should be \geq 263; for 23-bit encoder \geq 1049.

Method 2:

Electronic gear can be set through Pr0.08. If Pr0.08 \neq 0, Pr0.08 is valid. If Pr0.08 = 0, object dictionary 6092-01 is valid.

Note: when the setting value exceeds this range, the error will be reported and automatically reset to the default value. The default values of 6091_01, 6091_02 and 6092_01 are 1, 1 and 10000.

Position Limits

The hardware limit is valid in all operational modes, and the software limit is valid only in the absolute operational mode of cyclic synchronous position mode (CSP) and profile position mode (PP) The limit of the software is defined by 607Dh. The maximum position in the negative direction is defined in 607d-01h and the maximum position in the positive direction is defined in 607d-02h, the unit is consistent with the command unit.

The setting of object dictionary 0x5012-04 not only affects the homing offset of 607C, but also affects the software limit, 607D needs to be modified before the operational state

5012-04		Astrol Decisive Decision Limit	Actual Negative Recition Limit				
Bit2	Bit3	Actual Positive Position Limit	Actual Negative Position Limit				
0	0	607LD-02 ¥ 607C 607D-02	607D-01 + 607C 607D-01				

OSD-H-*-E Software position limits valid conditions:

- 1. It can only be set in the pre-operational state of ESM. It is recommended to configure it by SDO when the system starts.
- 2. Only in the absolute mode of CSP and PP, in CSP mode, it is recommended to use the software limit function of the master station to achieve the fastest limit performance.
- 3. The incremental encoder motor is not effective until the homing process completed.
- 4. The setting rule is 607d-01h < 607d-02h, that is, the negative position limit value is less than the positive position limit value.



5.4.6 Control Word

Bit definition of Control Word 6040h.

Bit	15~11	10~9	8	7	6~4	3	2	1	0
Definition	-	-	Halt		Related to modes	Operation enable	•	Voltage output	Switch on

		Bit7 and Bit0 t	o Bit3			6040	402 State
Command	7: Fault reset	3: Operatio n enable	2: Quick stop	1: Voltage output	O: Start	Value	machine *1)
Power off	0	×	1	1	0	0006h	2;6;8
Switch on	0	0	1	1	1	0007h	3*
Switch on	0	1	1	1	1	000Fh	3**
No voltage output	0	×	×	0	×	0000h	7;9;10;12
Quick stop	0	×	0	1	×	0002h	7;10;11
Operation enable	0	0	1	1	1	0007h	5
enable	0	1	1	1	1	000Fh	4;16
Fault reset	Rising edge	×	×	×	×	0080h	15

[×] is not affected by this bit state

The definition of bit 8 and bit 6^4 in different operation modes is shown in the following table

		Operation Mode										
Bit	Profile Position (PP)	Profile Velocity (PV)	Profile Torque (PT)	Homing (HM)	Cyclic Sync Position (CSP)	Cyclic Sync Velocity (CSV)	Cyclic Sync Torque (CST)					
8	Stop with deceleration	Stop with deceleration	Stop with deceleration	Stop with deceleration	-	-	-					
6	Absolute/ Increment	-	-	-	-	-	-					
5	Immediately trigger	-	-	-	-	-	-					
4	New Position	-	-	Start	-	-	-					

^{*} Indicates that this transition is performed in the device start state

^{**} indicates that it has no effect on the start state and remains in the start state

^{*1)} The state machine switch corresponds to figure 7.1



5.4.7 Status Word

Bit definition of Status Word 6041h.

Bit	Definition
15~14	Reserved
13~12	Related to modes
11	Position limit valid
10	Position arrival
9	Distance
8	Related to modes
7	Reserved
6	Not switch on
5	Quick stop
4	Voltage output
3	Fault
2	Operation enable
1	Switch on
0	Ready to switch on

Bit 11 is valid when the software or hardware limit is in effect.

The combination of bit 6 and bit 3~0 represents the device state shown in following table

Description
Not ready to switch on
Switch on disabled
Ready to switch on
Switch on
Operation enabled
Quick stop active
Fault reaction active
Fault

[×] is not affected by this bit state

The definition of bit 8 and bit $13^{\sim}12$ in different operation modes are shown in the following table

	Operation Mode								
Bit	Profile Position (PP)	Profile Velocity (PV)	Profile Torque (PT)	Homing (HM)	Cyclic Sync Position (CSP)	Cyclic Sync Velocity (CSV)	Cyclic Sync Torque (CST)		
13	Position error is too large	-	-	Homing Process error	-	-	-		
12	-	Velocity is 0	-	Homing Process completed	Following valid	Following valid	Following valid		



8	Abnormal			Abnormal	Abnormal		
O	stop	-	=	stop	stop	=	-

5.4.8 Synchronous cycle time setting

The default synchronous cycle time range of OSD-H-*-E series is 250us – 10ms. Min value: 125us; Max value: 20ms. Please make sure the values set is the multiplier of 250us.

5.4.9 Driver Enabling

This section describes how to use control words 6040h/ status word 6041h command switching/status determination for OSD-H-*-E controlled motor.

Steps:

1: Write 0 to the control word 6040h, and then AND 0x250 by bit, whether it is equal to 0x250 2: Write 6 to the control word 6040h, and then AND 0x231 by bit, whether it is equal to 0x231 3: Write 7 to the control word 6040h, and then AND 0x233 by bit, whether it is equal to 0x233 4: Write 15 to the control word 6040h, and then AND 0x237 by bit, whether it is equal to 0x237

5.5 Position Mode (CSP, PP, HM)

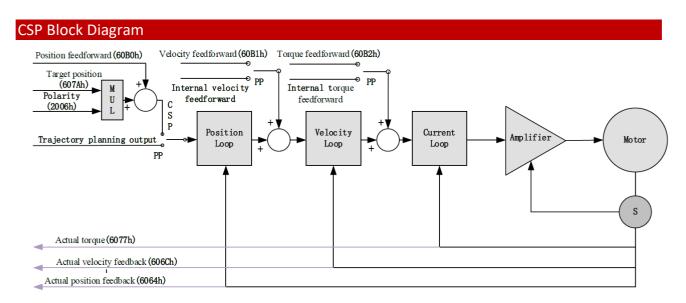
5.5.1 Common Functions of Position Mode

Index	Sub-	Label	Accoss	PDO	Mode			
illuex	Index	Labei	Access	PDO	PP	CSP	НМ	
6040	0	Control word	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes	
6072	0	Max torque	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes	
607A	0	Target position	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	/	
607D	1	Min. software limit	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	/	
	2	Max. software limit	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	/	
607F	0	Maximum protocol velocity	RW	RxPDO	Yes	/	Yes	
6080	0	Maximum motor velocity	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes	
6081	0	Profile velocity	RW	RxPDO	Yes	/	/	
6083	0	Profile acceleration	RW	RxPDO	Yes	/	/	
6084	0	Profile deceleration	RW	RxPDO	Yes	/	/	
60C5	0	Protocol maximum acceleration	RW	RxPDO	Yes	/	Yes	
60C6	0	Protocol maximum deceleration	RW	RxPDO	Yes	/	Yes	



Index	Sub-	Label	A	200	Mode		
index	Index	Label	Access	PDO	PP	CSP	НМ
6041	0	Status word	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6062	0	Position command	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6063	0	Actual internal position	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6064	0	Actual position feedback	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6065	0	Position deviation window	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	/
6066	0	Position deviation detection time	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes	/
606C	0	Velocity feedback	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6074	0	Internal command torque	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6076	0	Rated torque	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
6077	0	Actual torque	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
60F4	0	Actual following error	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
60FA	0	Position loop velocity output	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes
60FC	0	Internal command position	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes	Yes

5.5.2 Cyclic Synchronous Position Mode (CSP)





Related Objects

Basic object

PD0	Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	ı	Required
	607A-00h	Target position	132	RW	Unit	Required
	60B0-00h	Position feedforward	132	RW	Unit	Optional
(RXPD0)	60B1-00h	Velocity feedforward	132	RW	Unit/S	Optional
	60B2-00h	Torque feedforward	116	RW	0.1%	Optional
	6041-00h	Status word	U16	R0	1	Required
	6064-00h	Actual feedback position	132	R0	Unit	Required
(TXPD0)	606C-00h	Actual feedback velocity	132	RO	Unit/S	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	R0	Unit	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	116	R0	0.1%	Optional

Extended object

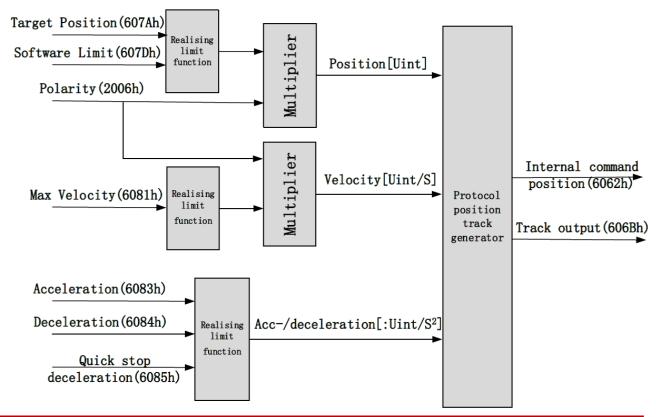
Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	_
6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	_
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	RO	_
6062-00h	Position demand value	132	RO	Unit
606B-00h	Internal command speed	132	RO	Unit
607D-01h	Min. software limit	132	RO	Unit
607D-02h	Max. software limit	132	RO	Unit
605A-00h	Quick stop option code	I16	RW	_
6085-00h	Emergency stop deceleration	U32	RW	Unit /S
608F-01h	Encoder resolution	U32	RO	Р
608F-02h	Motor turns	U32	RO	_
6091-01h	Electronic gear ratio numerator	U32	RW	_
6091-02h	Electronic gear ratio denominator	U32	RW	_
6092-01h	Number of pulses per rotation	U32	RW	_
6092-02h	Number of physical axes turns	U32	RO	-



5.5.3 Protocol Position Mode (PP)

Under non-synchronous mode, master device is responsible for only sending Parameter s and control command; After receiving enable command from master device, servo driver will plan motion route according to Parameter s. Under non-synchronous mode, motor motion between each axes are asynchronous.

From the perspective of servo driver functions, the difference between PP and CSP mode is that PP mode requires track generator function from OSD-H



Related Objects

Basic object

PD0	Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	1	Required
(RXPD0)	607A-00h	Target position	132	RW	Unit	Required
(KAPDO)	6081-00h	Max. velocity	U32	RW	Unit	Required
	6083-00h	Acceleration	132	RW	Unit/S	Optional
	6041-00h	Status word	U16	R0	_	Required
	603F-00h	Error code	U16	R0		Optional
(TXPD0)	6064-00h	Actual position feedback	132	R0	Unit	Required
(IXPDO)	606C-00h	Actual velocity feedback	132	R0	Unit/S	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	R0	Unit	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	116	R0	0.1%	Optional



Extended object

Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	_
6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	_
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	RO	_
6062-00h	Position demand value	132	RO	Unit
606B-00h	Internal command speed	132	RO	Unit
607D-01h	Min. software limit	132	RO	Unit
607D-02h	Max. software limit	132	RO	Unit
605A-00h	Quick stop option code	116	RW	_
6085-00h	Emergency stop deceleration	U32	RW	Unit /S
608F-01h	Encoder resolution	U32	RO	Р
608F-02h	Motor turns	U32	RO	_
6091-01h	Electronic gear ratio numerator	U32	RW	_
6091-02h	Electronic gear ratio denominator	U32	RW	_
6092-01h	Number of pulses per rotation	U32	RW	_
6092-02h	Number of physical axes turns	U32	RO	_

Control and status words under PP mode

Control word bits 4~6 definition under PP mode

Bit	Value	Definition
4 (New position)	0>1	Latest target position(607Ah) \ Profile velocity (6081h), Acc-/deceleration(6083h/6084h) Starts
_		Trigger new position command once current one is completed.
5 (Instant trigger)	1	Interrupted current position command and trigger new position command
(///		Set target position(607Ah) as absolute position
6(Absolute/relative)	1	Set target position(607Ah) as relative position

5 motion structures under PP mode

5 motion structures under PP mode			
Control words bit 5	0	1	
Accelerates/ constant velocity toward target position	0 A B C t	$0 \xrightarrow{\text{V}} \text{A B } \text{C} \rightarrow \text{t}$	
Decelerates towards target position	$0 \xrightarrow{V} A \xrightarrow{A} B \xrightarrow{C} t$	$0 \xrightarrow{\text{V}} A \xrightarrow{\text{B}} C \xrightarrow{\text{C}} t$	
Target position in inversed direction	o A B		



A: Command switching time from master device

B: Arrival time before target position renewal

C: Arrival time after target position renewal

Thick line: Motion before command changed Thin line: Motion after command changed

Status word bits 12-15, 10, 8 definitions under PP mode

Bit	Value	Definition
8(Abnormal Stop)	0	Normal motion
	1	Abnormal stop triggered, motor stopped *1)
10(Arrived at position)	0	Motion not completed
	1	Target position reached
12(New position)	0	Current motion completed/interruptible, able to execute new position command *2)
	1	Current motion not completed/interruptible, unable to execute new position command
14(Motion Parameter = 0)	0	Motion Parameter s valid, necessary Parameter s all not set to 0.
	1	Parameter = 0 under current motion. One of 3 Parameter s, Profile velocity (6081h), acceleration (6083h) and deceleration (6084h) = 0.
15(Trigger)	0	Current motion incomplete/uninterruptable, new target position cannot be renewed. *3)
	1	Current motion completed/interruptible, new target position can be renewed.

^{*1)} Bit 8 abnormal stoppage usually valid when hardware limit, deceleration stoppage and quick stop are triggered.

Application: Realization of relative position motion

Step 1: 6060h = 1, determine if 6061h =1. Servo driver is now under PP mode.

Step 2: Write motion Parameter s: Target position 607Ah, Profile velocity 6081h, acceleration 6083h, deceleration 6084h

Step 3: Enable servo driver and switch bit 6 and 4 to realize relative position motion.

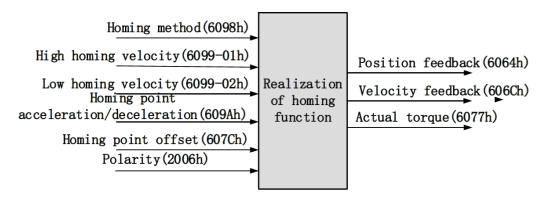
^{*2)} Bit 12 under control word(6040h) bit 5 valid and bit 4 invalid, motion interruptible.

^{*3)} Bit 15 and bit 12 have inversed logic under PP mode.



5.5.4 Homing mode (HM)

OSD-H-*-E servo system supports every other homing method except for method 36. Output/input Parameter s of OSD-H are as shown below.



Related Parameters

Basic object

PD0	Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
(RXPDO)	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	1	Required
	6098-00h	Homing mode	18	RW	Unit	Optional
	6099-01h	High homing velocity	U32	RW	Unit/S	Optional
	6099-02h	Low homing velocity	U32	RW	Unit/S	Optional
	609A-00h	Homing point acceleration	U32	RW	Unit/S2	Optional
	607C-00h	Homing point offset	132	RW	Unit	Optional
(TXPDO)	60-00h	Status word	U16	RO	1	Required
	603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO		Optional
	6064-00h	Actual position feedback	132	RO	Unit	Optional
	606C-00h	Actual velocity feedback	132	RO	Unit/S	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	RO	Unit	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	I16	RO	0.1%	Optional

Extended object

Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	_
6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	_
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	RO	_
6062-00h	Position demand value	132	RO	Unit
606B-00h	Internal command speed	132	RO	Unit
608F-01h	Encoder resolution	132	RO	Unit
608F-02h	Motor revolution	132	RO	Unit
6091-01h	Electronic gear ratio numerator	U32	RW	_
6091-02h	Electronic gear ratio denominator	U32	RW	_
6092-01h	Number of pulses per rotation	U32	RW	_
6092-02h	Number of physical axes turns	U32	RO	_



Control and status words under HM mode

Control word bit 4 definition under HM mode

Bit	Value	Definition		
((11	0>1	Homing motion starts		
4(Homing motion starts/stops)	1 ->0	Homing motion stops, motor stops		

Status word bits 12-15, 10, 8 definitions under PP mode

Bit	Value	Definition		
S/Ahmarraal Stannara)	0	Normal motion		
8(Abnormal Stoppage)	1	Abnormal stoppage triggered, motor stops *1)		
10/Agging description	0	Motion not completed		
10(Arrived at position)	1	Target position reached		
	0	Homing not done		
12(Homing done)	1	Homing done, valid after reaching position (bit 10) *2)		
	0	Motion Parameter s valid, necessary Parameter s all not set to 0.		
14(Motion Parameter = 0)	1	Parameter = 0 under current motion. One of 4 Parameter s, homing mode (6098h), high homing velocity(6099h-01), low homing velocity (6099h-02) and homing point acc-/deceleration (609Ah) = 0.		
	0	Homing triggered/completed *3)		
15(Trigger)	1	Homing triggers		

^{*1)} Bit 8 abnormal stoppage usually valid when hardware limit, deceleration stoppage and quick stop are triggered.

Incorrect position triggering conditions

Triggering condition	Remarks			
Absolute encoder homing	Control words 6040h bit 4 from 0 to 1			
2 limit switch signals detected	Positive and negative limit switches detected during homing			
Negative limit valid when positive limit in used	Negative limit valid under 2,7-10,23-26 homing modes			
Positive limit valid when negative limit in used	Positive limit valid under 1,11-14,27-30 homing modes			
Limit switch valid when not in used	Limit switch valid under 3,4,19,20 homing modes			
Limit switch/homing signal valid when only z-signal in used	Limit switch and homing sensor valid under 33,34 homing modes			

^{*2)} Determine if homing is done, determine if bit 10/12 is occupied.

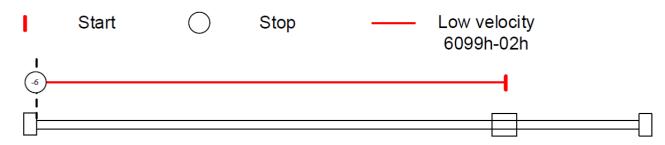
^{*3)} Use to indicate if homing is able to trigger or already triggered.



Homing mode

Torque limiting mode

Mode-6: Search for homing point in negative direction at low velocity. Stop after torque reaches the value set in PR5.39 and homing done signal is delivered.

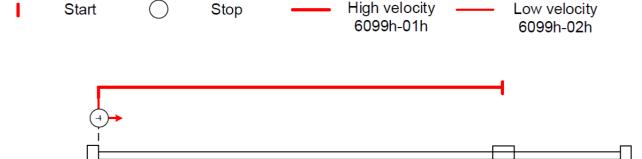


Mode -5: Search for homing point in positive direction at low velocity. Stop after torque reaches the value set in PR5.39 and homing done signal is delivered.



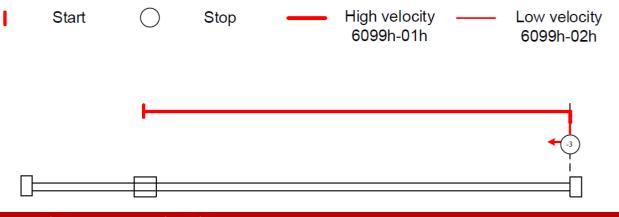
Mode -4: Search for homing point in negative direction at high velocity. Move in positive direction after torque reaches the value set in PR5.39, stops when torque is gone.

Homing done signal delivers after the time value set in PR5.37



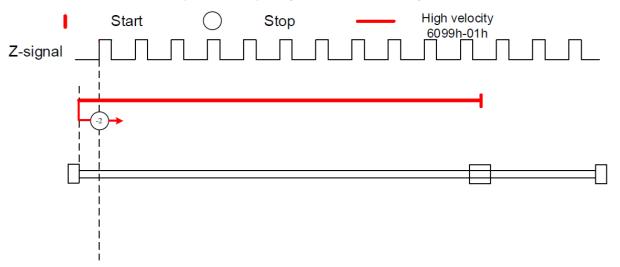


Mode -3: Search for homing point in positive direction at high velocity. Move in negative direction after torque reaches the value set in PR5.39, stops when torque is gone. Homing done signal delivers after the time value set in PR5.37

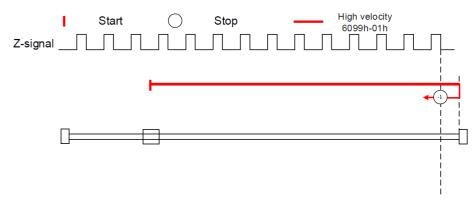


Torque limiting + Z-signal mode

Mode -2: Search for homing point in negative direction at high velocity. Move in positive direction after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39, stops when torque is gone with the first Z-signal.



Mode -1: Search for homing point in positive direction at high velocity. Move in negative direction after torque reaches the value set in Pr5.39, stops when torque is gone with the first Z-signal.





Limit switch signal + Z-signal mode

Mode 1:

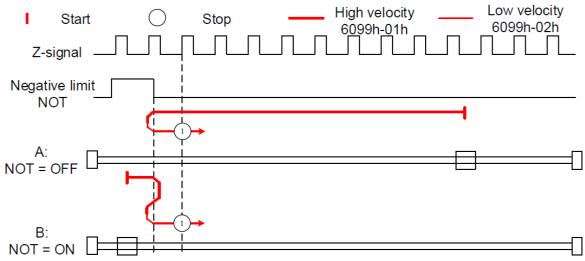
Diagram A: Negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until negative limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after negative limit switch and first encoder Z-signal valid

Diagram B: Negative limit switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at negative limit switch position in positive direction at high velocity until negative limit switch invalid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until negative limit switch valid.
- 3. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after negative limit switch and first encoder Z-signal valid

If the positive limit signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



Mode 2:

Diagram A: Positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at low velocity and stops after positive limit switch and first encoder Z-signal valid

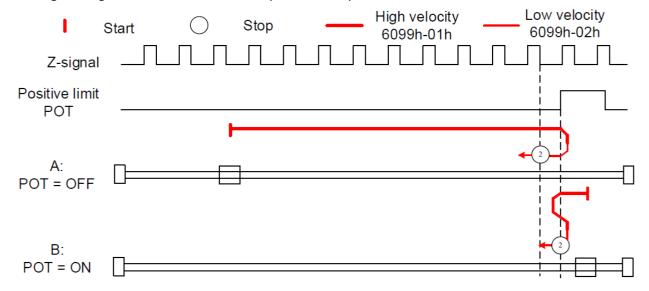
Diagram B: Positive limit switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at positive limit switch position in negative direction at high velocity until positive limit switch invalid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 3. Move in negative direction at low velocity and stops after positive limit switch and first encoder Z-signal valid

If the negative limit signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid,



indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



Homing switch signal + Z-signal mode

Mode 3:

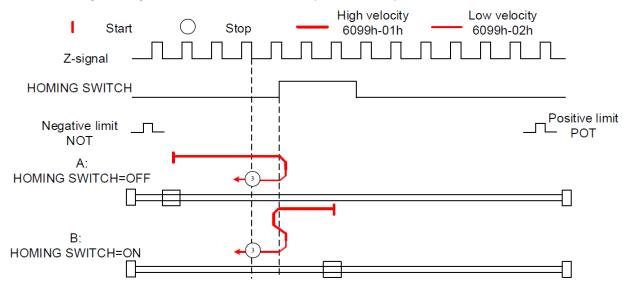
Diagram A: Homing switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch and first encoder Z-signal valid

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in negative direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch and first encoder Z-signal valid

If the positive/negative limits witch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



Mode 4:



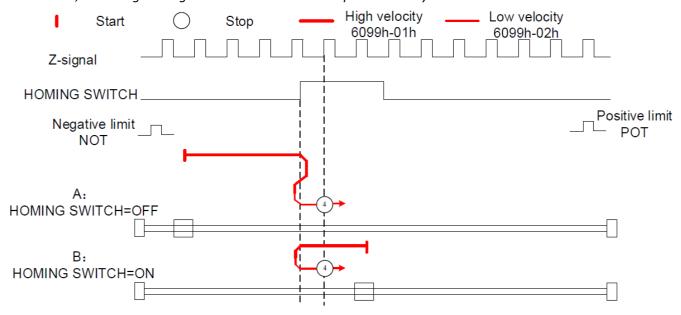
Diagram A: Homing switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch invalid.
- 3. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch valid and first encoder Z-signal valid

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch valid and first encoder Z-signal valid

If the positive/negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status *word* (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.

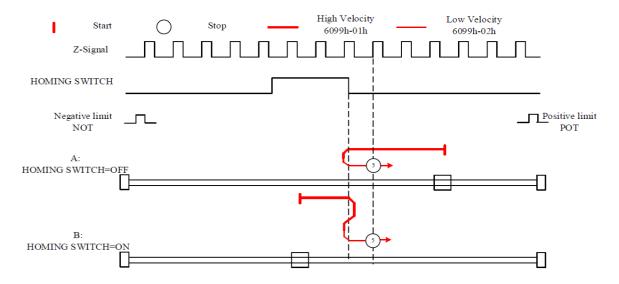


Mode 5:

Diagram A: Homing switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch and first encoder Z-signal valid Diagram B: *Homing switch = ON*
- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch and first encoder Z-signal valid If the positive/negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.





Mode 6:

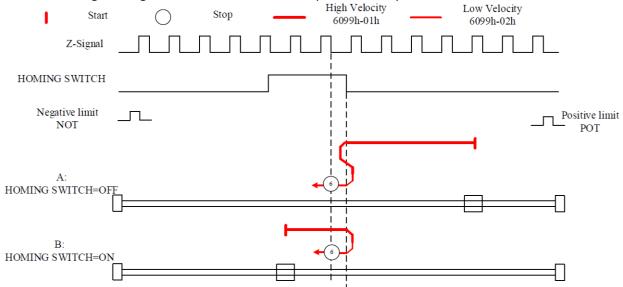
Diagram A: Homing switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch invalid.
- 3. Move in negative direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch valid and first encoder Z-signal valid

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in negative direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch valid and first encoder Z-signal valid

If the positive/negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.





Limit switch signal + homing switch signal + Z-signal mode

Mode 7

Diagram A: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch and first encoder Z-signal valid.

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in negative direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch and first encoder Z-signal valid Diagram C: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF
- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 3. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 4. Move in negative direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch and first encoder Z signal valid

If the negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.

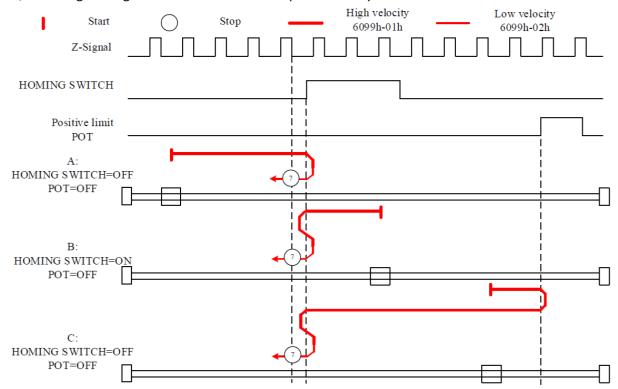




Diagram A: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 3. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch valid and first encoder Z-signal valid.

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch valid and first encoder Z-signal valid

Diagram C: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 3. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch valid and first encoder Z-signal valid.

If the negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.

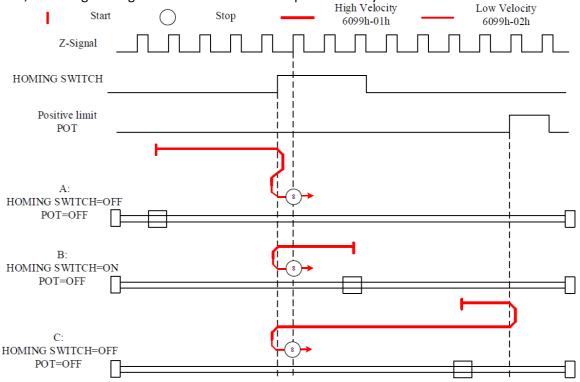




Diagram A: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in negative direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch valid and first encoder Z-signal valid.

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch invalid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch valid and first encoder Z-signal valid

Diagram C: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 4. Move in negative direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch valid and first encoder Z signal valid

If the negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.

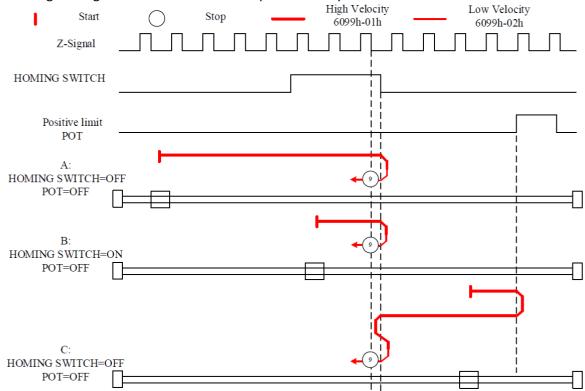




Diagram A: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch and first encoder Z-signal valid.

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, positive limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch and first encoder Z-signal valid Diagram C: Homing switch & positive limit switch = OFF
- 1. Move in positive direction at high velocity until positive limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch and first encoder Z signal valid If the negative limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.

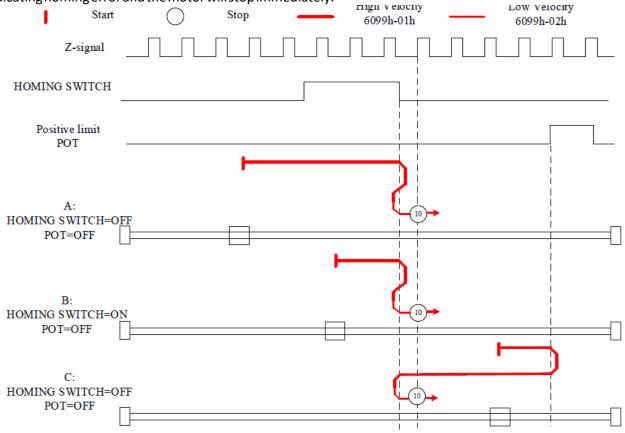




Diagram A: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch and first encoder Z-signal valid *Diagram B:* Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF
 - 1. Start to move at homing switch position in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
 - 2. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
 - 3. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch and first encoder Z-signal valid Diagram C: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF
 - 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until the negative limit switch valid.
 - 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch invalid.
 - 3. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 4. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch and first encoder Z signal valid If the positive limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.

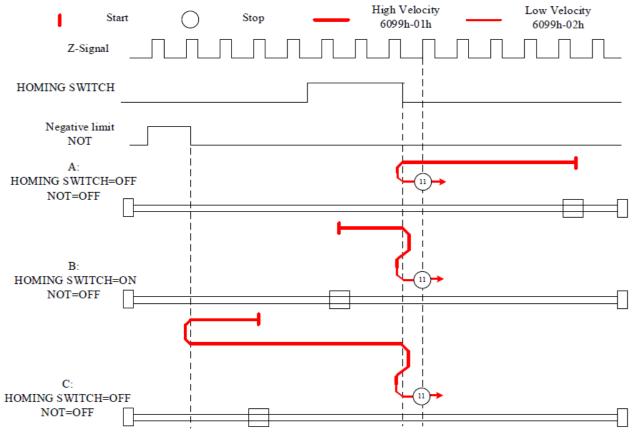




Diagram A: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 3. Move in negative direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch valid and first encoder Z-signal valid

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch valid and first encoder Z-signal valid.

Diagram C: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until negative limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 3. Move in negative direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch valid and first encoder Z-signal valid.

If the positive limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.

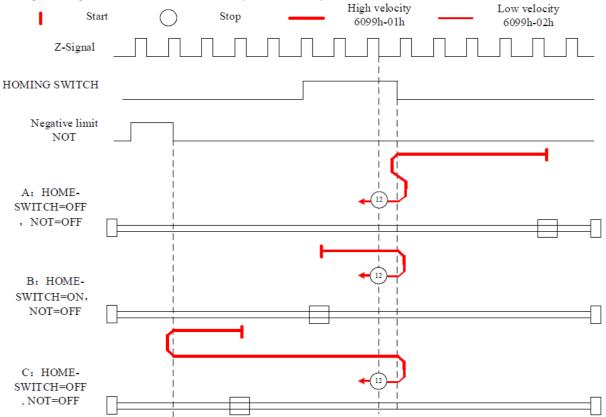




Diagram A: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch valid and first encoder Z-signal valid.

Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch valid and first encoder Z-signal valid.

Diagram C: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until negative limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 4. Move in positive direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch valid and first encoder Z-signal valid.

If the positive limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.

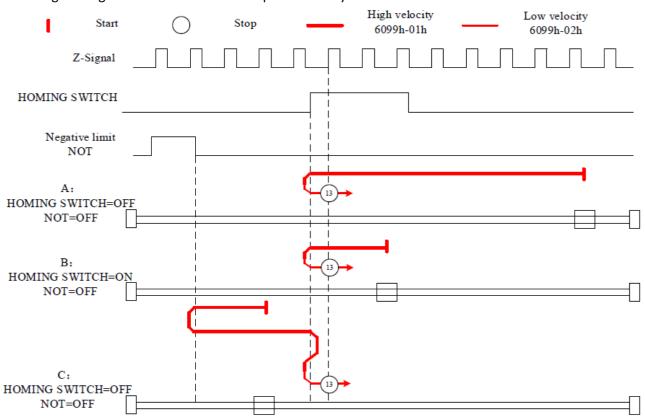
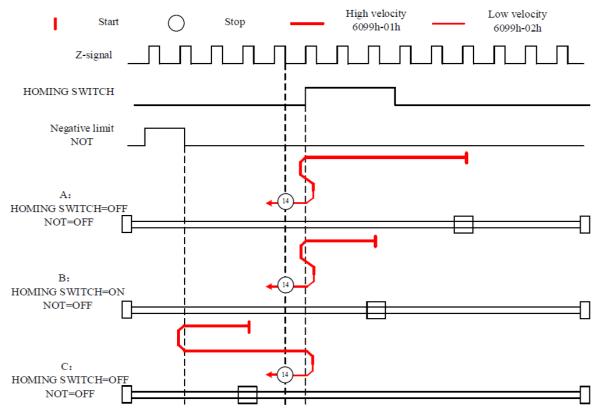




Diagram A: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF

- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until after homing switch.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in negative direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch and first encoder Z-signal valid. Diagram B: Homing switch = ON, negative limit switch = OFF
- 1. Start to move at homing switch position in negative direction at high velocity until homing switch invalid.
- 2. Move in positive direction until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in negative direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch and first encoder Z signal valid. Diagram C: Homing switch & negative limit switch = OFF
- 1. Move in negative direction at high velocity until negative limit switch valid.
- 2. Move in positive direction at high velocity until homing switch valid.
- 3. Move in negative direction at low velocity and stops after homing switch and first encoder Z-signal valid. If the positive limit switch signal is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.

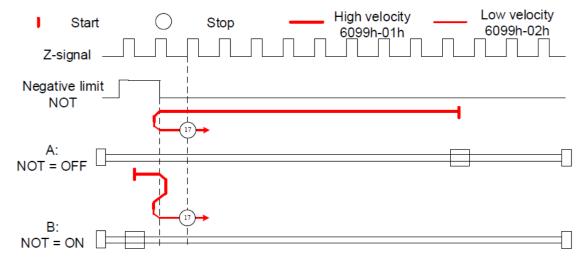




Limit switch signal triggering detection mode

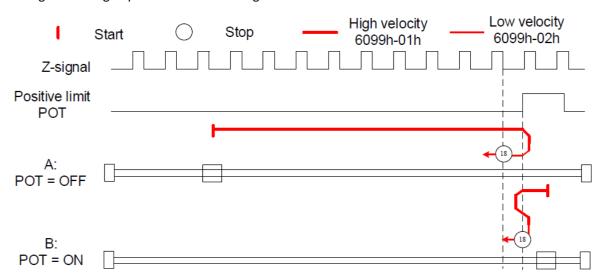
Mode 17:

This mode is similar to mode 1. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of negative limit switch signal



Mode 18:

This mode is similar to mode 2. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through switching of positive limit switch signal

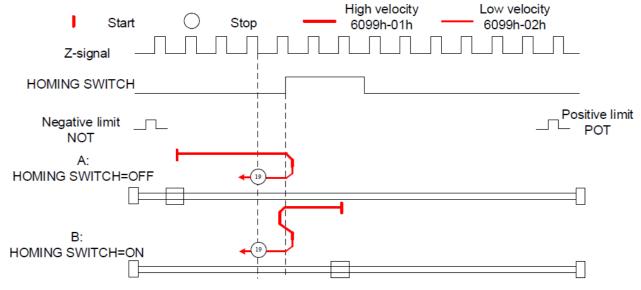




Homing switch signal triggering detection mode

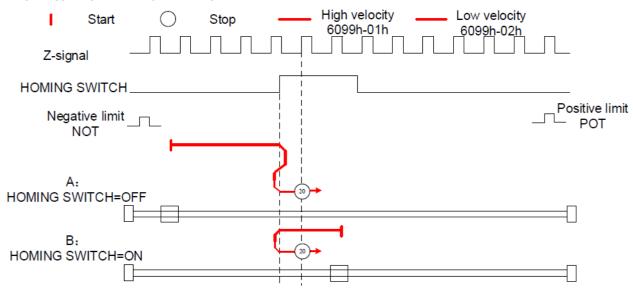
Mode 19:

This mode is similar to mode 3. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



Mode 20:

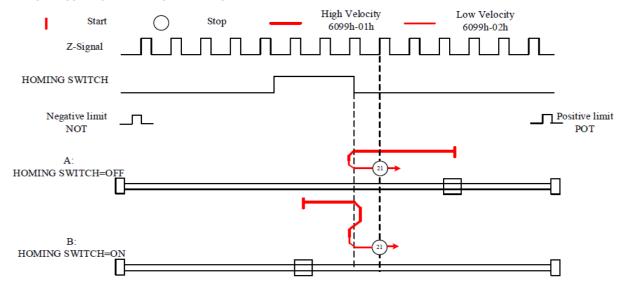
This mode is similar to mode 4. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal





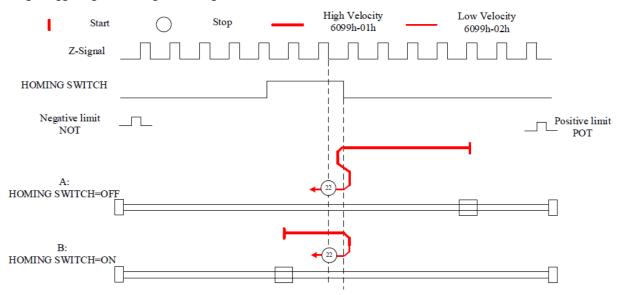
Mode 21:

This mode is similar to mode 5. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.



Mode 22:

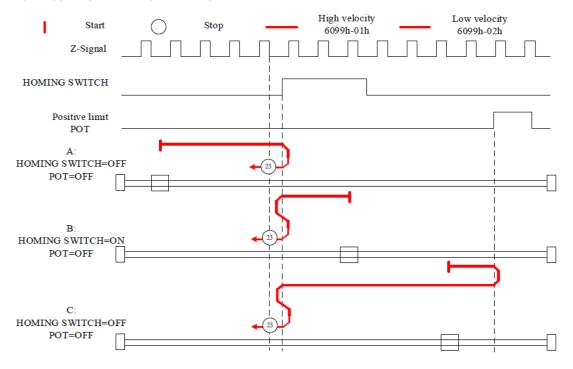
This mode is similar to mode 6. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.





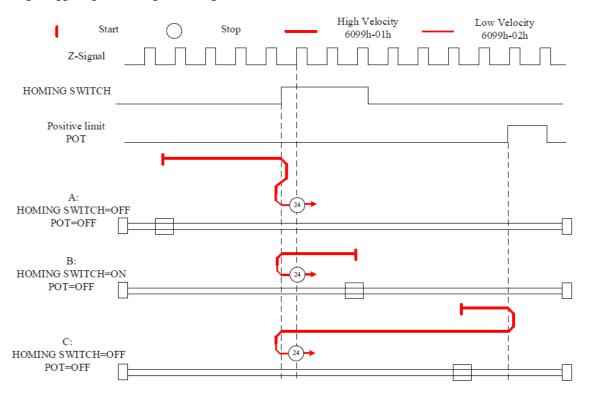
Mode 23:

This mode is similar to mode 7. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.



Mode 24:

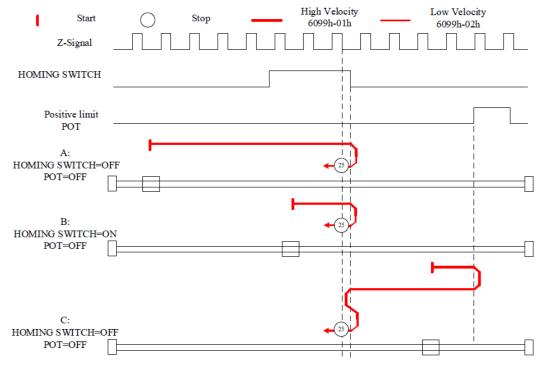
This mode is similar to mode 8. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal.





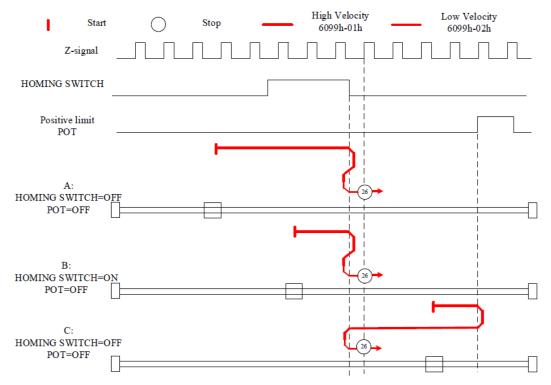
Mode 25:

This mode is similar to mode 9. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



Mode 26:

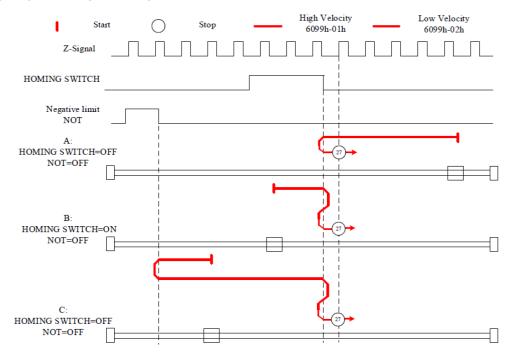
This mode is similar to mode 10. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal





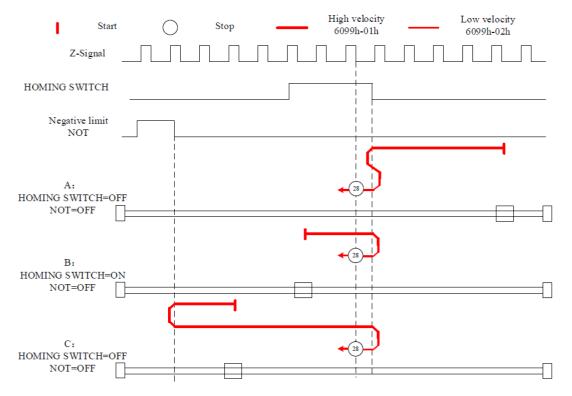
Mode 27:

This mode is similar to mode 11. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



Mode 28:

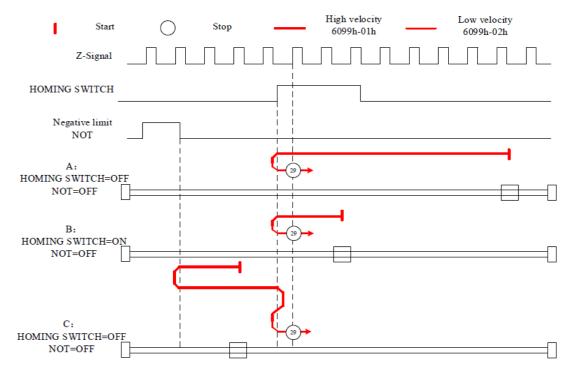
This mode is similar to mode 12. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal





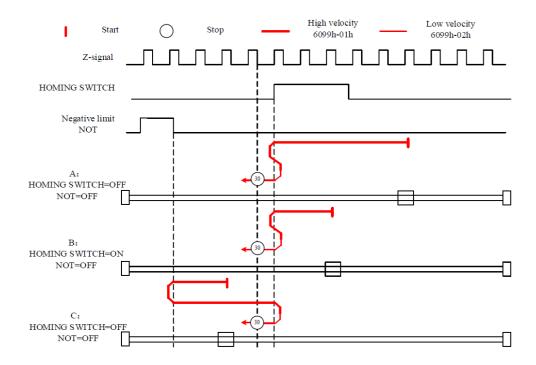
Mode 29:

This mode is similar to mode 13. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



Mode 30:

This mode is similar to mode 14. Only difference is that homing point detection is not through Z-signal but through triggering of homing switch signal



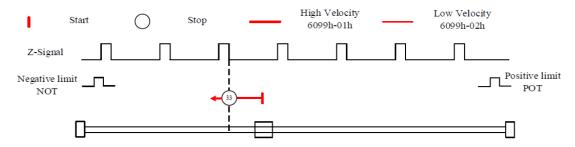


Other modes

Mode 33:

The motor starts to move in negative direction and stops when the Z-signal is valid.

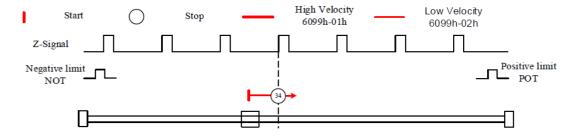
If the positive/negative limit switch signal or homing switch is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



Mode 34:

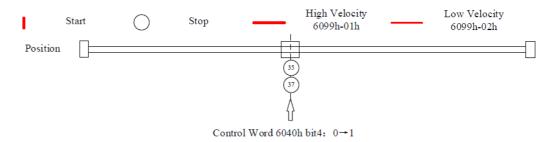
The motor starts to move in positive direction and stops when the Z-signal is valid.

If the positive/negative limit switch signal or homing switch is valid during the homing process, the status word (6041h) bit 13 will be valid, indicating homing error and the motor will stop immediately.



Mode 35/37:

Set the current position as homing point. Using this mode, motor doesn't have to be enabled. Set control word 6040h bit 4 from 0 to 1.



Application: Realization of homing motion

Step 1: 6060h = 6, determine if 6061h = 6. Servo driver is now under HM mode.

Step 2: Write motion parameters: Homing method 6098h, Homing velocity 6099h-01/6099h-02 and acceleration/deceleration 609Ah.

Step 3: Enable servo driver and switch bit 4 from 0 to 1 to start homing motion.



5.6 Velocity Control Mode (CSV, PV)

5.6.1 Common Functions of Velocity Control

Index	Sub Index	Name	Access	PDO M		
					CSV	PV
6040	0	Control word	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
6072	0	Max torque	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
6080	0	Maximum motor velocity	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
60B1	0	Velocity feedforward (Restricted by 6080)	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
60B2	0	Torque feedforward	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
60FF	0	Target velocity (Restricted by 6080)	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes

Indov	Index Sub Name Access	Nama	Accoss	PDO	Mode	
illuex		FDO	CSV	PV		
6041	0	Status word	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6063	0	Actual internal position	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6064	0	Actual feedback position	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
606B	0	Internal command velocity	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
606C	0	Actual feedback velocity	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6074	0	Internal torque command	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6076	0	Rated torque	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6077	0	Actual torque	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes

5.6.2 Cyclic Synchronous Velocity Mode (CSV)

CSV Block Diagram Velocity feedforward(60B1h) Torque feedforward (60B2h) Target velocity (60FFh) Internal torque feeforwar (2060h+2062h) C S V Velocity Torque Trajectory planning output Amplifer Motor loop loop S Actual torque (6077h) Actual velocity feedback(606Ch) Actual position feedback(6064h)



Related Objects

Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub-Index	Name	DataTy pe	Access	Unit	Remarks
(RXPDO)	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	_	Required
	60FF-00h	Target velocity	132	RW	Uint	Required
	60B1-00h	Velocity feedforward	132	RW	Unit /S	Optional
	60B2-00h	Torque feedforward	I16	RW	0.1%	Optional
(TXPDO)	6041-00h	Status word	U16	RO	-	Required
(TAI DO)	6064-00h	Actual position feedback	132	RO	Unit	Optional
	606C-00h	Actual speed feedback	132	RO	Unit /S	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	RO	Unit	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	I16	RO	0.1%	Optional

Extended object

Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	1
6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	١
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	RO	_
606B-00h	Internal command velocity	132	RO	Unit
605A-00h	Quick stop option	I16	RW	ı
6085-00h	Quick stop deceleration	U32	RW	Unit /S

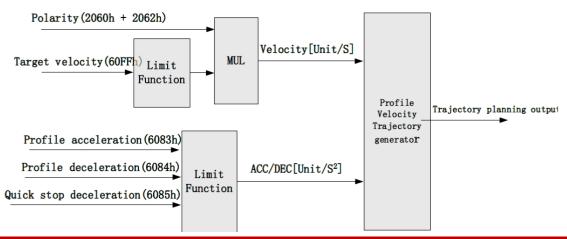
5.6.3 Profile Velocity Mode (PV)

In asynchronous motion mode, master device is only responsible for sending motion Parameter s and control commands. OSD-H-*-E servo drive will conduct trajectory planning according to the motion Parameter s sent by master device after receiving the motion start command from the master device. In asynchronous motion mode, the motion between each axes is asynchronous.

PV Block Diagram

The difference between PV and CSV mode is that PV needs OSD-H-*-E to have the function of trajectory generator. The input and output structure of the trajectory generator is shown in figure 7.8





Related Objects

Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
(RXPDO)	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	_	Required
(10.11 20)	60FF-00h	Target velocity	132	RW	Unit	Required
	6083-00h	Acceleration	132	RW	Unit /S	Optional
(TXPDO)	6041-00h	Status word	U16	RO	_	Required
	6064-00h	Position feedback	132	RO	Unit	Optional
	606C-00h	Velocity feedback	132	RO	Unit /S	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	RO	Unit	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	l16	RO	0.1%	Optional

Extended object

Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	_
6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	_
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	RO	_
605A-00h	Quick stop option	I16	RW	_
6084-00h	Deceleration	U32	RW	Unit /S
6085-00h	Quick stop deceleration	U32	RW	Unit /S

Control Word and Status Word for Profile Velocity Mode

The bit6~4 of control words (6040h) associated with the control mode in PV mode are invalid. The motion in PV mode can be triggered as long as the motion Parameter s (target velocity (60FFh) ACC/DEC (6083h/6084h)) are given after the axis is enabled.

Table7. Bit15~12,10,8 of Status word (6041h) for Profile Velocity Mode

Bit (Label)	Value	Details
8 (Quick stop)	0	Quick stop invalid
	1	Quick stop valid
10 (Velocity reached)	0	Velocity not yet reached



	1	Velocity reached
10 /7	0	It's not zero speed. It's moving.
12 (Zero speed)	1	Zero speed or it's going to slow down to zero speed *1)

^{*1)} Zero speed of bit 12 is generally effective when deceleration stop and hardware limit valid.

Application: Realization of profile velocity motion

Step 1: 6060h = 3, determine if 6061h = 3. Servo driver is now under PV mode.

Step 2: Write motion Parameter s: Target velocity 60FFh, acceleration 6083h and deceleration 6084h.



5.7 Torque Mode (CST, PT)

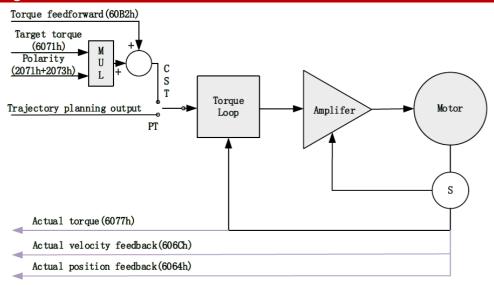
5.7.1 Common Functions of Torque Mode

Index	Cub Indov	Label	Accord	DDO	Mode	
muex	Sub Index	Label	Access	PDO	CST	PT
6040	0	Control word	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
6071	0	Target torque	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
6072	0	Max torque	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
6080	0	Maximum motor speed	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
6087	0	Torque change rate	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes
60B2	0	Torque feedforward	RW	RxPDO	Yes	Yes

Index	Cula Indian	Label	Access	PDO	Mode	
illuex	Sub Index	Label	Access	PDO	CST	PT
6041	0	Status word	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6063	0	Actual internal position	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6064	0	Actual feedback position	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
606C	0	Actual feedback velocity	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6074	0	Internal torque command	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6075	0	Rated current	RO	No	Yes	Yes
6076	0	Rated torque	RO	No	Yes	Yes
6077	0	Actual torque	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes
6079	0	Bus voltage	RO	TxPDO	Yes	Yes

5.7.2 Cyclic Synchronous Torque Mode (CST)

CST Block Diagram





Related Objects

Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit	Remarks
(DVDDO)	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	1	Required
(RXPD0)	6071-00h	Target torque	116	RW	Unit	Required
	6087-00h	Torque feed-forward	U32	RW	0.1%/S	Optional
	6041-00h	Status word	U16	RO	ı	Required
	6064-00h	Actual position feedback	132	RO	Unit	Optional
(TXPDO)	606C-00h	Actual velocity feedback	132	RO	Unit /S	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	RO	Unit	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	l16	RO	0.1%	Required

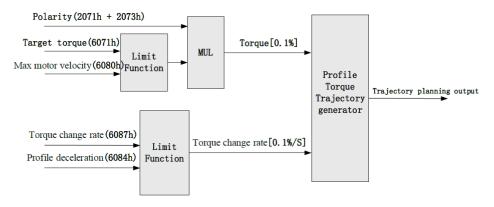
Extended object

Index+Sub-Index	Name	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	_
6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	_
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode	18	RO	_
6074-00h	Internal command torque	l16	RO	0.1%
605A-00h	Quick stop option	I16	RW	_
6080-00h	Maximum motor velocity	U32	RW	Unit /S
6085-00h	Quick stop deceleration	U32	RW	Unit /S
60B1-00h	Velocity feedforward	132	RW	Unit /S
2077-00h	Velocity limit	I16	RW	RPM

5.7.3 Profile Torque Mode (PT)

In asynchronous motion mode, master device is only responsible for sending motion Parameter s and control commands. OSD-H-*-E servo drive will conduct trajectory planning according to the motion Parameter s sent by master device after receiving the motion start command from the master device. In asynchronous motion mode, the motion between each axes are asynchronous.

PT Block Diagram





Related Objects

Basic object

PDO	Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit	Notes
(RXPD0)	6040-00h	Control word	U16	RW	_	Required
	6071-00h	Target torque	116	RW	0.1%	Required
	6087-00h	Torque change rate	U32	RW	0.1%/S	Optional
(TXPD0)	6041-00h	Status word	U16	R0	_	Required
	6064-00h	Actual feedback position value	132	R0	Unit	Optional
	606C-00h	Actual feedback speed value	132	R0	Unit /S	Optional
	60F4-00h	Actual following error	132	R0	Unit	Optional
	6077-00h	Actual torque	116	R0	0.1%	Optional

Extended object

Index+Sub-Index	Label	Data Type	Access	Unit
603F-00h	Error code	U16	RO	-
6060-00h	Operation mode	18	RW	-
6061-00h	Displayed operation mode		RO	_
6074-00h	Internal command torque	I16	RO	0.1%
6080-00h	Maximum motor velocity	U32	RW	Unit /S
605A-00h	Quick stop option	I16	RW	_
6085-00h	Quick stop deceleration	U32	RW	Unit /S
2077-00h	Velocity limit	l16	RW	RPM

Application: Realization of profile torque motion

Step 1: 6060h = 4, determine if 6061h = 4. Servo driver is now under PT mode.

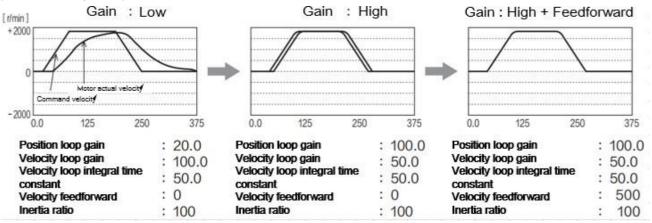
Step 2: Write motion Parameter s: Target torque 6071h, Torque change rate 6087h, and Max. velocity limit 6080h



Chapter 6 Application

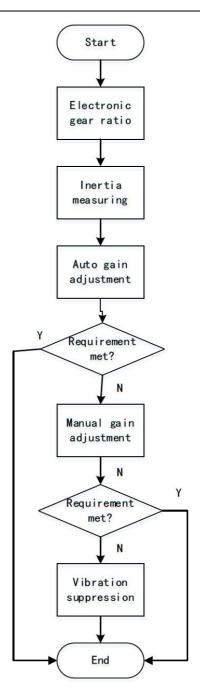
6.1 Gain Adjustment

In order for servo driver to execute commands from master device without delay and to optimize machine performance, gain adjustment has to be done.



Servo driver gain adjustment is done in combination with a few other Parameter s (Inertia ratio, Position loop gain, Velocity loop gain and Filters settings). These Parameter s will have an effect on each other so it always advisable to tune each Parameter according in order to achieve optimal machine performance. Please refer to the steps below





Steps	Functions	Explanation
Inertia	Online	Motor moves with command from controller, servo driver will automatically calculate load-inertia ratio
measuring	Offline	Using servo driver inertia determining function, servo driver can automatically calculate load-inertia ratio
Auto gain adjustment	Real time determining of mechanical load, gain value is set accordingly.	
	Basic gain	On top of auto gain adjustment, manually adjust related parameter s so that machine can have better responsiveness and following
Manual gain adjustment	Command pulse filter	Set filter for position, velocity and torque command pulse.
	Gain feedforward	Enable feedforward function to improve following behavior
Vibration	Mechanical	Using notch filtering function to suppress mechanical
suppression	resonance	resonance.



6.2 Inertia measuring function

Inertia ratio = Total mechanical load rotational inertia / Electronic gear rotational inertia ratio is an important Parameter. Setting a suitable value can help with the precise tuning of the servo system. Inertia ratio can be set manually and also be determined automatically through servo driver

6.2.1 Online inertia determination

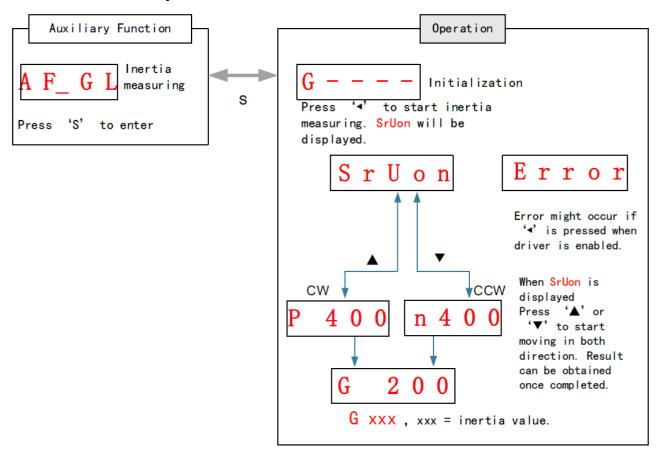
Enable motor using controller. Let motor run at above 400rpm, make sure there are acceleration, constant velocity and deceleration phase during the whole run. Cycle through 2-3 times to calculate load-inertia ratio. Result can be found on the front Panel d16 or through Optimus Tuning Software system monitoring Page. Enter the calculated value into Pr0.04 and save.

6.2.2 Offline inertia determination

Can be achieved through driver front Panel or on Optimus Tuning Software . Please make sure:

- 1. Servo driver is disabled.
- 2. Axis is within safe and allowed range and limit switch is not triggered prevent axis from over travelling.

6.2.3 Auxiliary function to determine inertia on front Panel





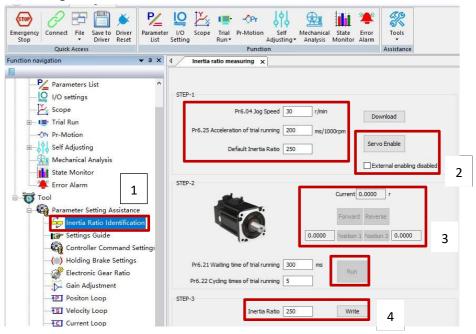
Steps:

- 1. Set the trial run velocity PR6.04. Value set shouldn't be too large, please keep it at around 400 r/min.
- 2、Enter AF_GL for auxiliary function Inertia ratio determination into front Panel 3、Press S once to enter. "G---" will be displayed on the front Panel.
- 4、Press ◀ once to display "StUon"
- 5、 Press ▲ or ▼ once to start to calculate the inertia.
- 6. After the calculation is done, G xxx will be displayed and xxx is the value of inertia calculated.
- 7. Write the corresponding value into Pr0.04. Please refer to for Parameter saving on servo driver.



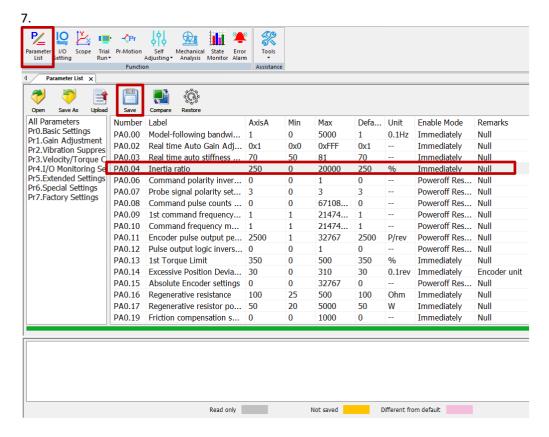
6.2.4 Inertia measuring using Optimus Tuning Software

- 1. Start Optimus Tuning Software and maneuver to inertia ratio identification Page under performance tuning. Set trial run velocity Pr6.04 and acc-/deceleration time PR6.25, click on 'Upload' to upload Parameter's to servo driver.
- 2. Tick "Prohibit external enabling" and click on "servo on".
- 3. Click and hold "CCW" to start the motor. Current position will show motor cycles of revolution. Click on POS 1 to save current position as starting point. Click and hold "CW" to start the motor again. Click on POS 2 to save current position as ending point.
- 4. Set the waiting time between each cycle in Pr6.21 and no. of cycles in Pr6.22. Click on 'Run' and motor will run according to the Parameter's set.



- 5. After the calculation is done, inertia ratio will be calculated automatically and click on 'write' to enter the calculated value into Pr0.04.
- 6. Click on "Parameter List" to enter Parameter s management to check or modify Pr0.04. Then, click on "Save" to save Parameter s to driver.





Please take note:

- 1. Trial run velocity and distance should be optimal to prevent any axis from bumping into objects.
- 2. It is recommended to move only in 1 direction for vertically mounted axis. Take precaution before moving the axis.
- 3. For applications with higher frictional drag, please set a minimal travel distance.

	Label	Inertia ratio	Mode		F	
PR0.04	Range	0~20000	Default	250	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2004h

PR0.04= (load inertia/motor rotational inertia) ×100%

Set inertia ratio according to actual load inertia. When both are uniform, actual motor velocity loop responsiveness and gain settings will be consistent. If inertia ratio is greater than actual value, velocity loop gain settings will be higher and vice versa.

For motor with high inertia, PR0.04 can be left unfilled but optimal setting of PR0.04 could improve system performance.



6.3 Auto gain adjustment

This function will measure real time mechanical properties and set gain values in accordance to mechanical stiffness. Can be used in any control mode

Conditions to implement						
ntrol mode	trol mode Please refer to PR0.02 for detailed explanations. Auto gain adjustment is different for each control mode.					
ier	Servo driver needs to be enabled					
	 Set up input signals such as deviation counter clearing and command input; Torque limit and other motion control Parameter s to enable motor to move normally without obstacles. 					

Under certain conditions, external factors might affect automatic gain adjustment functions. If the conditions as listed exist or unfavorable, please disable the automatic gain adjustment function.

Affecting conditions				
Load inertia	 If inertia is less than 3 times or over 20 times of rotor inertia. 			
	Changes in load inertia			
Load	Very low mechanical stiffness			
	 If gear backlash is a non-linear property 			
Motion	 Velocity less than 100r/min or continuously in low velocity mode 			
	 Acc-/deceleration to 2000r/min within 1s. 			
 Acc-/deceleration torque lower than eccentric load, frictional torque. 				
	• Velocity < 100r/min, acc-/deceleration to 2000r/min within 1s but not longer			
	than 50ms			

To enable automatic gain adjustment:

- 1. Disable the servo driver.
- 2. Set PR0.02 = 0x01/0x11 or 0x02/0x12. Then, set PR0.03
- 3. Servo enabled. Run motion as normal to start measuring load properties. Related Parameter s will be automatically set.
- 4. Increase motor responsiveness by increasing PR0.03. Please check if there is any vibration before setting PR0.03 to max. value.
- 5. Save the Parameter s.

Please take note:

- Please stop the motor before modifying any Parameter. PRO.02 only takes effect after saving modified Parameter values into EEPROM and restarting the driver.

After enabling the servo driver for the first time or when increasing PR0.03, *mechanical noise or vibration might occur for the first run, it is normal. If it persists, please set PR0.03 to lower value.*



Parameter s that changes in accordance to real time gain adjustment

No.	Parameter	Label	Remarks
1	PR1.00	1 st position loop gain	Add a seriff a series in a list
2	PR1.01	1 st velocity loop gain	When stiffness setting is valid,
3	PR1.02	1 st velocity integral time constant	Parameter s will be updated to
4	PR1.03	1 st velocity detection filter	match stiffness value
5	PR1.04	1 st torque filter	
6	PR1.05	2 nd position loop gain	
7	PR1.06	2 nd velocity loop gain	
8	PR1.07	2 nd velocity integral time constant	
9	PR1.08	2 nd velocity detection filter	
10	PR1.09	2 nd torque filter	

If auto gain adjustment is valid, the Parameter's listed above can't be manually modified. Only when PR0.02 = 0x00 or 0x10, can the gain related Parameter's be modified manually.

Gain related Parameter s that don't change with the real time gain adjustment

No.	Parameter	Label		
1	PR1.10	Velocity feedforward gain constant		
2	PR1.11	Velocity feedforward filter time constant		
3	PR1.12	Torque feedforward gain		
4	PR1.13	Torque feedforward filter time constant		
5	PR1.15	Position control gain switching mode		
6	PR1.17	Position control switching level		
7	PR1.18	Position control switching hysteresis		
18	PR1.19	Position gain switching time		

	Label	Real time Auto Gain Adjusting	Mode		F				
PR0.02	Range	0x0~0xFFF Default		0x001	Unit -				
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2002 h			
Set up th	Set up the mode of the real time auto gain adjusting.								

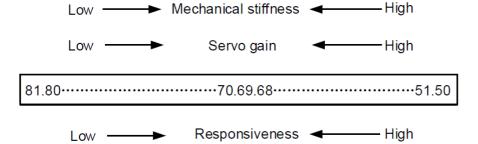
Data bits	Category	Settings	Application
		requirements. Ger requirement, mode	n setting mode, which can be selected according to the motion characteristics or setting lerally, it is recommended to select mode 1 with good generality when there is no special a 2 when rapid positioning is needed If mode 1 and mode 2 cannot meet please choose mode 0.
		0: Manual	PR0.03 invalid. Gain value must be adjusted manually and accordingly.
0x00_	Motion setting mode	1: Standard	PR0.03 valid. Quick gain adjusting can be achieved by changing PR0.03 stiffness value. Gain switching is not used in this mode, suitable for applications with requirements for stability.



	2: Positioning	PR0.03 valid. Quick gain adjusting can be achieved by changing PR0.03 stiffness value. This mode is suitable for applications requiring quick positioning. Not recommended for load mounted vertical to ground, or please compensate for the load using PR6.07
	Used to select the	load type, choose according to load-inertia ratio and mechanical structure.
Load	0: Rigid structure	This mode prioritizes system responsiveness. Use this mode when there is a relatively rigid structure with low load inertia. Typical application including directly connected high-precision gearbox, lead screw, gears, etc.
type setting	1: High inertia	For applications with higher load inertia (10 times or above), gain settings take into account both machine stability and responsiveness. Not recommended to set stiffness above 15 for high load inertia.
	2: Flexible structure	This mode prioritizes system stability. Use this mode when there is low rigidity structure with high load inertia. Typical applications included belts and chains.
Reserve	d	
ng type con	nbination is a hexadecir	mal standard, as follows:
Rig	id structure + Manual	
Rig	gid structure +Standard	
Rig	gid structure +Positionir	ng
Hi	gh inertia + Manual	
Hig	gh inertia + Standard	
Hig	gh inertia + Positioning	
Fle	xible structure + Manu	al
Fle	xible structure +Standa	ard
Fle	xible structure +Positio	oning
	Reserveding type con Rig High High High Flee	Used to select the 0: Rigid structure type setting 1: High inertia 2: Flexible

	Label	Real time auto stiffness adjusting	Mode		F	
PR0.03	Range	50~81	Default	70	Unit	_
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2003h

Valid when PR0.03 = 1,2

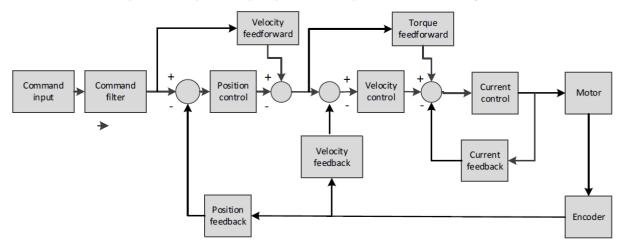


- Lower values ensure better system responsiveness and mechanical stiffness but machine vibration might occur, please set accordingly. Please stop the motor before doing any changes to the stiffness settings.
- When PR0.02 = 0x010, please set stiffness level to around 65.



6.4 Manual gain adjustment

Due to limitation of load conditions, automatic gain adjustment might not achieve expected performance. Control can be improved through manual gain adjustment The servo system is made up of 3 control loops. From outer to inner: position loop, velocity loop, current loop as shown in the diagram below.



Inner control loop demands higher responsiveness. In order to avoid system instability, please tune in accordance to this principle. Current loop gain usually satisfies the responsiveness demand without tuning. When gain adjustment is done under position control mode, in order to keep the system stabile, position and velocity loop gain have to be increased at the same time to make sure the responsiveness of the position loop is lower than velocity loop.

Steps to tuning (Position and velocity control)

For servo gain, if any one of the Parameter s is changed, please modify other gain related Parameter s accordingly. Make sure to the change at around 5% and follow the rules as below.

- 1) Increase responsiveness
- a) Reduce torque command filter time
- b) Increase velocity loop gain
- c) Decrease velocity loop integral time
- d) Increase position loop gain
- 2) Decrease responsiveness, prevent vibration and over shoot
- a) Reduce position loop gain
- b) Increase velocity loop integral time
- c) Reduce velocity loop gain
- d) Increase torque filter time



	Label	1 st position loop gain	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
PR1.00	Range	0~30000	Default	320	Unit	0.1/s
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2100h

Higher position loop gain value improves the responsiveness of the servo driver and lessens the positioning time.

Position loop gain value shouldn't exceed responsiveness of the mechanical system and take in consideration velocity loop gain, if not it might cause vibration, mechanical noise and overtravel.

As velocity loop gain is based on position loop gain, please set both values accordingly.

Recommended range: 1.2≤PR1.00/PR1.01≤1.8

	Label	1 st Integral Time Constant of Velocity Loop Mode		1st Integral Time Constant of Velocity Loop Mode		F	
PR1.02	Range	1~10000	Default	310	Unit	0.1ms	
	Activation	Immediate	nmediate		Index	2102h	

If auto gain adjusting function is not enabled, PR1.02 is activated.

The lower the set value, the closer the lag error at stop to 0 but might cause vibration. If the value set is overly large, overshoot, delay of positioning time duration and lowered responsiveness might occur.

Set 10000 to deactivate PR1.02.

Recommended range: 50000 SPR1.01xPR1.02 S150000

For example: Velocity loop gains PR1.01=500(0.1Hz), which is 50Hz. Integral time constant of

velocity loop should be 100(0.1ms) ≤PR1.02≤300(0.1ms)

	Label	1 st Torque Filter Time Constant	Mode		F	
PR1.04	Range	0~2500	Default	126	Unit	0.01ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2104h

To set torque command low-Pass filter, add a filter delay time constant to torque command and filter out the high frequencies in the command.

Often used to reduce or eliminate some noise or vibration during motor operation, but it will reduce the responsiveness of current loop, resulting in undermining velocity loop and position loop control. PR1.04 needs to match velocity loop gain.

Recommended range: 1,000,000/(2π×PR1.04) ≥PR1.01×4

For example: Velocity loop gain PR1.01=180(0.1Hz) which is 18Hz. Time constant of torque filter should be PR1.01≤221(0.01ms) If mechanical vibration is due to servo driver, adjusting PR1.04 might eliminate the vibration. The smaller the value, the better the responsiveness but also subjected to machine conditions. If the value is too large, it might lower the responsiveness of current loop.

With higher PR1.01 value settings and no resonance, reduce PR1.04 value;

With lower PR1.01 value settings, increase PR1.04 value to lower motor noise.

6.5 Gain switching

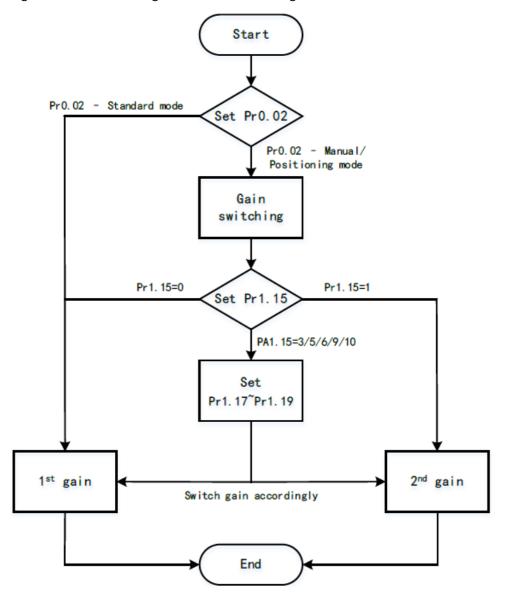
Gain switching function can be triggered internally in servo driver. Only valid under position or velocity control mode. Following effects can be realized by gain switching:

- 1. Switch to lower gain when motor stops to suppress vibration
- 2. Switch to higher gain when motor is moving at a low velocity to shorten positioning time
- 3. Switch to higher gain when motor is moving at a high velocity to improve command following behavior.



Diagram below shows gain switching when motor stops Command Time Motion velocity Stop Stop Driver Status (Servo enabled) (Servo enabled) High gain Low Gain Low Gain 2nd gain 1st Gain 1st Gain Gain Pr1.19 set time ____

1st gain (Pr1.00-Pr1.04) and 2nd gain (Pr1.05-Pr1.09) switching can be realized through manual and positioning mode. Switching condition is set through Pr1.15. Gain switching is invalid under standard mode.





Related Parameter on gain switching

No.	Parameter	Label	Remarks
1	PR1.15		In position control, set PR1.15=3,5,6,9,10。
1	FIXI.IJ	Position control gain switching mode	In velocity control, set PR1.15=3,5,9
2	PR1.17	Position control level switching	Please set PR1.17≥PR1.18
		Position control hysteresis	If PR1.17 < PR1.18, driver will set PR1.17
3	PR1.18	switching	=PR1.18
4	PR1.19	Position gain time switching	

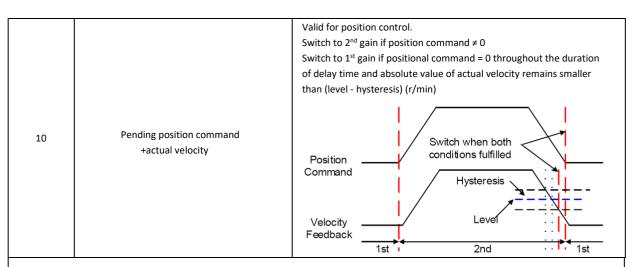
	Label	Position control gain switching mode	Mode		F	
	Range	0~11	Default	0	Unit	-
PR1.15	Activation	Immediate			Index	2115h

Set Value	Condition	Gain switching condition					
0	1 st gain fixed	Fixed on using 1st gain(PR1.00-PR1.04)					
1	2 nd gain fixed	Fixed on using 2 nd gain (PR1.05-PR1.09)					
2	Reserved						
3	High set torque	Switch to 2 nd gain when set torque command absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[%] Switch to 1 st gain when set torque command absolute value smaller than (level + hysteresis)[%] Hysteresis Acceleration Constant Deceleration speed Level Set Torque 1st 2nd 1st 2nd 1st					
4	Reserved	Reserved					
5	High set velocity	Valid for position and velocity control. Switch to 2 nd gain when set velocity command absolute value larger than (level + hysteresis)[r/min] Hysteresis Set Velocity 1st 2nd 1st Switch to 1 st gain when set velocity command absolute value smaller than (level-hysteresis) [r/min]					



		Valid for position control.						
		Switch to 2 nd gain when position deviation absolute value larger than (level						
		+ hysteresis)[pulse]						
		Switch to 1st gain when position deviation absolute value smaller than						
		(level-hysteresis)[pulse]						
		(vere: injections/[paise]						
6	Large position deviation							
· ·	zarge position deviation	Set /						
		Velocity						
		Level Hysteresis						
		\\						
		Position						
		Deviation : :						
		1st · · · 2nd · · · 1st						
		Valid for position control.						
		Switch to 2 nd gain if position command ≠ 0						
		Switch to 1st gain if position command remains = 0 throughout the						
		duration of delay time.						
_	Decellar and the control of							
7	Pending position command							
		Position						
		Command						
		1st 2nd 1st						
		Valid for position control.						
		Switch to 2 nd gain if position command is not completed.						
		Switch to 1 st gain if position command remains uncompleted throughout the						
		duration of delay time.						
8	Not yet in position							
		Position						
		Command						
		1st 2nd 1st						
-		Valid for position control						
		Valid for position control.						
		Level Hysteresis:						
	High actual velocity	Velocity						
9	Tilgii actual velocity	Feedback						
		1st · T 2nd T 1st						
		Switch to 2 nd gain when actual velocity absolute value larger than (level						
		+ hysteresis)[r/min] Switch to 15 gain when actual velocity absolute value remains smaller.						
		Switch to 1st gain when actual velocity absolute value remains smaller throughout the duration of delay time than (level-hysteresis)[r/min]						
1		an outhout the duration of delay time than (level-nysteresis)[1/11111]						





For position control mode, set PR1.15=3,5,6,9,10; For velocity control mode, set

PR1.15=3,5,9;

6.6 Feedforward gain

In position control, velocity feedforward is calculated by comparing the velocity control command calculated internally and velocity command calculated from position feedback. Comporting to control only using feedbacks, this will reduce position deviation and increase responsiveness. Besides, by comparing the torque needed during motion from velocity control command in comparison with velocity feedback, torque feedback can be calculated to improve system responsiveness.

6.6.1 Velocity feedforward

Velocity feedforward can be used in position control mode. When the function is enabled, it can increase velocity responsiveness, reduce position deviation during constant velocity.

	Label	Velocity feed forward gain	Mode	PP	нм	CSP
PR1.10	Range	0~1000	Default	300	Unit	0.10%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2110h

Used for decreasing following error caused by low responsiveness of velocity loop. Might cause overshoot or increase in noise if set value is too high.

PP4 44	Label	Velocity feed forward filter time constant	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
PR1.11	Range	0~6400	Default	50	Unit	0.01ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2111h

Set velocity feed forward low Pass filter to eliminate high or abnormal frequencies in velocity feed forward command. Often used when position command with low resolution or high electronic gear ration to smoothen velocity feed forward.

Position deviation under constant velocity can be lowered with higher velocity feed forward gain. Please to refer to the equation below.

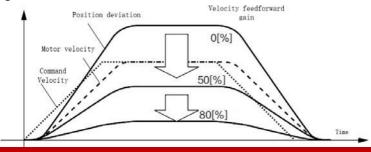
$$\frac{Set\ velocity[\frac{Uint}{S}]}{Position\ loop\ gain[HZ]}\ x\ \frac{100-Velocity\ feed\ foward\ gain[\%]}{100}$$

^{**} Above 'level' and 'hysteresis' are in correspondence to PR1.17 Position control gain switching level and PR1.18 Hysteresis at position control switching.



6.6.2 Velocity feedforward application

Set Pr1.11 to around 50 (0.5ms), then tune Pr1.10 from 0 to bigger values until the velocity feedforward achieves better performance. Under constant velocity, the position deviation in a motion will decrease as the velocity feedforward gain increase.



Steps to tuning:

- 1. Increase Pr1.10 to increase responsiveness but velocity overshoot might occur during acc-/deceleration.
- 2. By reducing Pr1.11, velocity feedforward would be more effective and vice versa. Pr1.10 and Pr1.11 need to be tuned to a balance.
- 3. If mechanical noise exists under normal working conditions, please increase Pr1.11 or use position command filter (1 time delay/ FIR smoothing filter)

6.6.3 Torque feedforward

Position control mode:

Torque feedforward can increase the responsiveness of torque command, decrease position deviation during constant acc-/deceleration.

Velocity control mode:

Torque feedforward can increase the responsiveness of torque command, decrease velocity deviation during constant velocity.

PR1.12	Label	Torque feed forward gain	Mode	PP	PV	НМ	CSP	CSV
	Range	0~1000	Default	0		Unit	0.1%	
	Activation	Immediate				Index	2112	h

Before using torque feed forward, please set correct inertia ratio PR0.04. By increasing torque feed forward gain, position deviation on constant acceleration/deceleration can be reduced to close to 0. Under ideal condition and trapezoidal speed profile, position deviation of the whole motion can be reduced to close to 0. In reality, perturbation torque will always exist, hence position deviation can never be 0.

DD4 42	Label	Torque feed forward filter time constant	Mode	PP	PV	нм	CSP	csv
PR1.13	Range	0~6400	Default	0		Unit	0.01	ms
	Activation	Immediate				Index	2113	3h

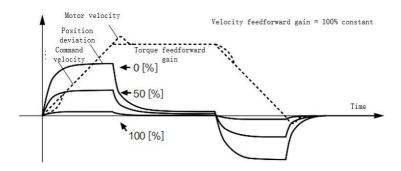
Low Pass filter to eliminate abnormal or high frequencies in torque feed forward command. Usually used when encoder has lower resolution or precision.

Noise reduces if torque feed forward filter time constant is set higher but position deviation will increase at acceleration varied points.



6.6.4 Torque feedforward application

Set Pr1.13 to around 50 (0.5ms), then tune Pr1.10 from 0 to bigger values until torque feedforward achieves better performance. Under constant acc-/deceleration, the position deviation in a motion will decrease as the velocity feedforward gain increase.



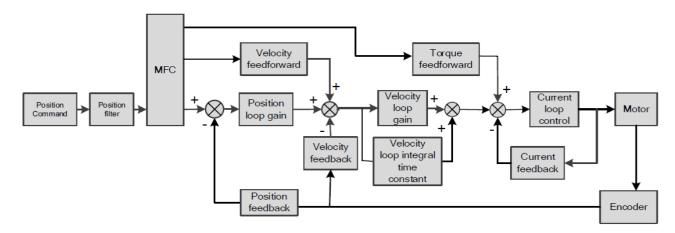
Steps to tuning:

- 2. Increase Pr1.12 to increase responsiveness but velocity overshoot might occur during acc-/deceleration.
- 3. By reducing Pr1.13, torque feedforward would be more effective and vice versa. Pr1.12 and Pr1.13 need to be tuned to a balance and reduce noise.

6.7 Model following control

Model following control is a type of closed loop control system. First, an ideal model is constructed and acts as a reference for actual model in a closed loop control. Model following control can be treated as a control mode with 2 flexibilities: Reference model can be used to improve command responsiveness and closed loop control used to increase responsiveness of the system towards interference. They don't affect each other.

Model following control can be used in position loop control to increase responsiveness to commands, reduce positioning time and following error. This function is only available in position control mode.





To adjust model following control

1. Automatic adjustment

Set model following bandwidth PR0.00 = 1 for automatic adjustment. Now, PR0.00 = PR1.01, model following bandwidth is adjusted automatically according to different velocity loop gain.

2. Manual adjustment

Please used manual adjustment if

- Automatic adjustment is not satisfactory.
- Responsiveness needs further improvement in comparison with automatic adjustment.
- There is a need to set servo gain or model following control Parameter s manually.

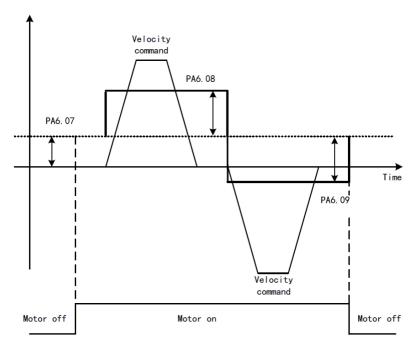
Steps to manually adjust

Step	Content
1	Set up vibration suppression.
2	Set up the right inertia ratio.
3	Manually adjust gain.
4	Increase PR0.00 provided that there is no overshoot and vibration. Usually, PR0.00 ≥ PR1.01 is recommended.

Model following bandwidth determines the responsiveness of the servo system. Increase the value set will increase responsiveness and reduce positioning time. Overshoot can be prevented if it is set at a lower value but responsiveness will be lowered. Model following bandwidth shouldn't be too large for mechanical structure with lower stiffness, excessive position deviation alarm might occur under high velocity.

6.8 Friction compensation function

This function is to compensation for changes in load to reduce the effect of friction in motion. The compensation value is directional.





Vertically loaded axis: A constant eccentric load torque is applied on the motor. By adjusting PR6.07, positioning deviation due to different motional direction can be reduced.

Belt-driven axis: Due to large radial load with dynamic frictional torque. Positioning time delay and deviation can be reduced by adjusting PR6.08 and PR6.09.

	Label	Torque command additional value	Mode		F	
PR6.07	Range	-100~100	Default	0	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2607h

To set torque forward feed additional value of vertical axis. Applicable for loaded vertical axis, compensate constant torque.

Application: When load move along vertical axis, pick any point from the whole motion and

stop the load at that particular point with motor enabled but not rotating. Record output torque value from d04, use that value as torque command additional value (compensation value)

	Label	Positive direction torque compensation value	Mode		F	
PR6.08	Range	-100~100	Default	0	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2608h
	Label	Negative direction torque compensation value Mode		F		
PR6.09	Range	-100~100	Default	0	Unit	%
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2609h

To reduce the effect of mechanical friction in the movement(s) of the axis. Compensation

values can be set according to needs for both rotational directions.

Applications:

When motor is at constant speed, d04 will deliver torque values.

Torque value in positive direction = T1;

Torque value in negative direction = T2

PR6.08/PR6.09 = Tf = |T1-T2|/2

6.9 Parameter s adjustment under different control modes

Under different control mode, Parameter s adjustment has to be adjusted in this order: "Inertia measuring" -> "Auto gain adjustment"->" Manual gain adjustments"

6.9.1 Position control mode

Set load-inertia ratio PR0.04 after inertia determination.

No.	Parameter	Label
1	PR1.00	1 st position loop gain
2	PR1.01	1 st velocity loop gain
3	PR1.02	1 st velocity integral time constant
4	PR1.03	1 st velocity detection filter
5	PR1.04	1 st torque filter time constant
6	PR1.05	2 nd position loop gain
7	PR1.06	2 nd velocity loop gain
8	PR1.07	2 nd velocity integral time constant
9	PR1.08	2 nd velocity detection filter
10	PR1.09	2 nd torque filter time constant



11	PR1.10	Velocity feedforward gain constant
12	PR1.11	Velocity feedforward filter time constant
13	PR1.12	Torque feedforward gain
14	PR1.13	Torque feedforward filter time constant
15	PR1.15	Position control gain switching mode
16	PR1.17	Position control switching level
17	PR1.18	Position control switching hysteresis
18	PR1.19	Position gain switching time

1st and 2nd gain initial values are obtained by automatic gain adjustment

No.	Parameter	Label
1	PR1.00	1 st position loop gain
2	PR1.01	1 st velocity loop gain
3	PR1.02	1 st velocity integral time constant
4	PR1.03	1 st velocity detection filter
5	PR1.04	1 st torque filter time constant
6	PR1.05	2 nd position loop gain
7	PR1.06	2 nd velocity loop gain
8	PR1.07	2 nd velocity integral time constant
9	PR1.08	2 nd velocity detection filter
10	PR1.09	2 nd torque filter time constant

Manually adjusted gain Parameter s

No.	Parameter	Label
1	PR1.00	1 st position loop gain
2	PR1.01	1 st velocity loop gain
3	PR1.02	1 st velocity integral time constant
4	PR1.04	1 st torque filter time constant
5	PR1.10	Velocity feedforward gain constant
6	PR1.11	Velocity feedforward filter time constant

6.9.2 Velocity control mode

Velocity control mode Parameter s adjustment is pretty similar to position control mode. Except for position loop gain PR1.00 and PR1.05, velocity feedforward gain (Pr1.10)

6.9.3 Torque control mode

Parameter s adjustment for torque control mode has to be differentiate into 2 conditions:

- 1. When actual velocity reaches velocity limit, adjustment will be as per velocity control mode. Motor will switch from torque control to velocity limit as velocity control.
- 2. When actual velocity doesn't reach velocity limit yet, Except for position loop gain, velocity loop gain and feedforward gain, Parameter adjustments as per velocity control mode.

If there is no velocity limit and control is through torque command, please deactivate torque and notch filter,



set velocity limit to max. value and increase velocity loop gain to as high as possible.

6.10 Safety Functions

External brake deactivation output signal BRK-OFF

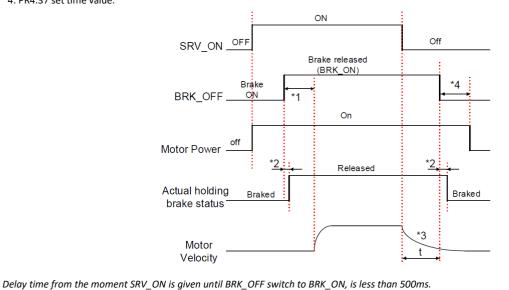
Please refer to PR4.11 to set up the I/O output function Parameter s. When enabled and timing conditions are fulfilled, the set I/O output will deliver ON signal.

	Label	Motor power-off delay time	Mode		F		
PR4.37	Range	0~3000	Default	100	Unit	1ms	
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2437h	
To cot dolay time for holding brake to be activated after motor newer off to provent axis from cliding							

	Label	Delay time for holding brake release	Mode		F	
PR4.38	Range	0~3000	Default	0	Unit	1ms
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2438h

To set delay time for holding brake to be released after motor power on. Motor will remain at current position and input command is masked to allow holding brake to be fully released before motor is set in motion.

- *1: Delay time set in PR4.38
- *2: Delay time from the moment BRK_OFF signal is given until actual holding brake is released or BRK_ON signal is given until actual holding brake is activated. It is dependent on the holding brake of the motor.
- *3: Deceleration time is determined by PR6.14 or if motor speed goes below PR4.39, whichever comes first. BRK_OFF given after deceleration time.
- *4: PR4.37 set time value.



6.10.1 **Emergency stop function**

Emergency stop is used when an alarm occurs or a servo prohibition signal is received when servo driver is enabled.

Method 1: Set up PR4.43 to enable the function



	Label	Emergency stop function	Mode		F	
PR4.43	Range	0~1	Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2443h
O Consequent that is called a read drives will be found to CTOD and also use and a Consequent to investigation and drives will not be found to						

0: Emergency stop is valid, servo driver will be forced to STOP and alarm occurs. 1: Emergency stop is invalid; servo driver will not be forced to STOP.

	Label	Driver prohibition input settings	Mode		F			
PR5.04	Range	0~2	Default	0	Unit	1		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2504h		
	To set driver prohibition input (POT/NOT): If set to 1, no effect on homing mode.							
Set value	Description							
0	POT → Positive	direction drive prohibited						
	NOT → Negative	e direction drive prohibited						
1	POT and NOT invalid							
2	Any single sided input from POT or NOT might cause Er260							
In homing m	In homing mode, POT/NOT invalid, please set object dictionary 5012-04 bit0=1							

Method 2: Using 605Ah object dictionary through master device to activate this function

	Label	Servo braking torque setting	Mode	F				
PR5.11	Range	0~500	Default	0	Unit	%		
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2511h		
To set torque	To set torque limit for servo braking mode.							
If PR5.11 = 0	PR5.11 = 0, use torque limit as under normal situation.							

6.11 Vibration Suppression

Between max. torque 6072 and PR5.11, actual torque limit will take smaller value.

6.11.1 Mechanical resonance suppression

Mechanical system has certain resonance frequencies. When servo gain is increased, resonance might occur at around mechanical resonant frequencies, preventing gain value from increasing. In such situation, notch filter can be used to suppress resonance to set higher gains or lower vibration.

To suppress mechanical resonance:

1. Torque command filter time constant

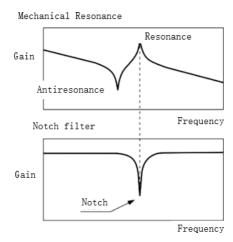
Set filter time constant to reduce gain at around resonant frequencies

Torque command filter blocked frequencies(Hz) fc=1/ $[2\pi \times PR1.04(0.01ms) \times 0.00001)]$

2. Notch filter

Notch filter suppresses mechanical resonance by reducing gain at certain frequencies. When notch filter is correctly set, resonance can be suppressed and servo gain can be increased.





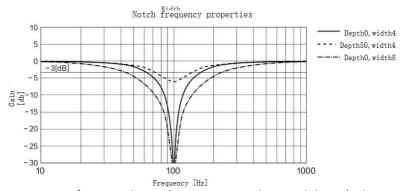
Notch filter bandwidth

Center frequency of the notch filter, frequency bandwidth with reduction of -3dB.

Notch filter depth

The ratio between input and output of center frequency.

When depth = 0, center frequency output is totally off and when depth = 100, Hence when notch filter depth is set at lower value, the depth is higher and better at suppressing mechanical resonance but it might cause system instability.



If the amplitude-frequency curve from mechanical properties analysis tool doesn't show any obvious peak but vibration did occur, it might not be due to mechanical resonance, it may be that servo gain has reached its limit. This kind of vibration can't be suppressed by using notch filter, only by reducing gain and torque command filter time.

To use notch filter

Automatic notch filter

- 1. Set PR2.00 = 1 for auto notch filter adjustment
- 2. If PR0.03 stiffness increases, 3rd group of notch filter (PR2.07/PR2.08/PR2.09) updates automatically when driver is enabled. PR2.00 = 0, auto adjustments stop.

If resonance is suppressed, it means self-adjusting notch filter is working. If resonance occurs when mechanical stiffness increases, please use manual notch filter, set filter frequency to actual resonant frequency.

Manual notch filter

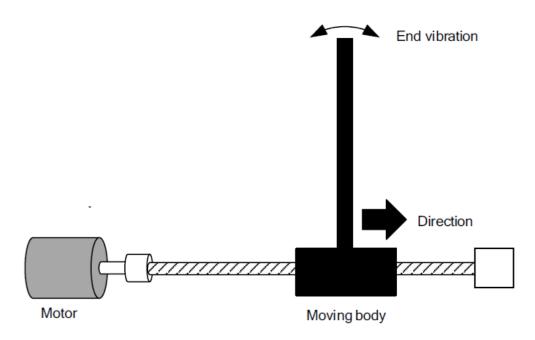
There are 2 ways to use manual notch filter.

1. After enabling self-adjusting notch filter, set the values from 3rd group of filters to 1st group of notch filter (PR2.01/PR2.02/PR2.03), see if resonance is suppressed. If there is other resonance, set PR2.00 = 1, then set the values from 3rd group of filters to 2nd group of notch filter (PR2.04/PR2.05/PR2.06)



2. Get resonant frequency, notch filter bandwidth and depth and set it into the corresponding Parameter s through Optimus tuning software.

6.11.2 End vibration suppression

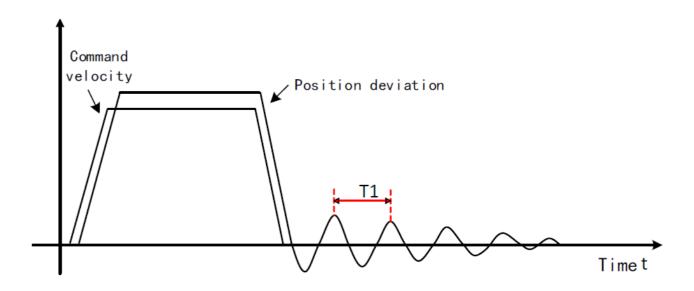


If the mechanical structure has an end that is long and heavy, it might cause end vibration at emergency stop and affect the positioning. Usually happens on long armed axis with loose end. The frequency is usually within 100Hz which is lower than mechanical resonant frequencies. It is called low-frequency resonance which can be prevented by applying low frequency suppression function.

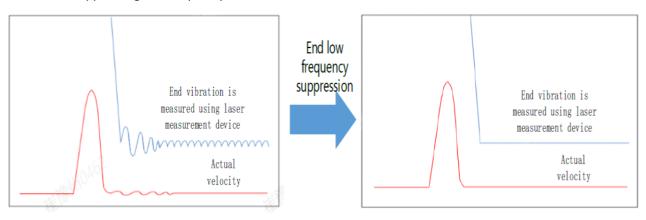
To apply low frequency suppression

- 1. Trace current/ position deviation waveform when motion stops.
- 2. Measure the vibration cycle T1 of current waveform.
- 3. Convert T1 into low frequency resonance by F1 = 1/T1
- 4. Write F1 into PR2.14
- 5. If some other low frequency resonance occurs, please repeat step 1-3 and write F2 into PR2.16.



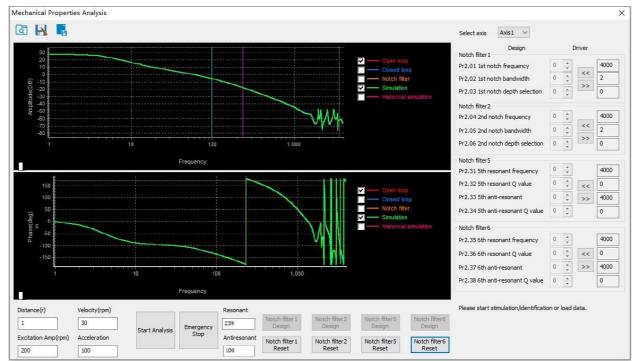


The result of suppressing low frequency resonance



6.11.3 Mechanical properties analysis

To determine mechanical and set up notch filter Parameter s to suppress vibration caused by resonance.





To avoid strong vibration, please first set lower excitation amplitude. However, if the set value is too low, data waveform will include some degree of distortion.

If vibration occurs during tests which can't be reduce through lowering electrical current excitation, it might be due to excessive gain. Please lower velocity gain and set notch filter as accordance from the mechanical properties analysis. Or might be due to inertia settings (Pr0.04) is too large, please use optimal inertia ratio value.

6.12 Multiturn absolute encoder

Multiturn absolute encoder records the position and the revolution counts of the motor. When driver is powered-off, multiturn absolute encoder will backed up the data using battery and after powering on, the data will be used to calculated absolute mechanical position and there is no need for a mechanical homing process. Use widely in robotic arms and CNC machines.

If it is the first time using the encoder, please home the mechanical axis and initialize the absolute position of the encoder to zero. Set up a homing point and only home when there is an alarm. Please stop the axis before reading any position data to prevent inaccuracy.

6.12.1 Parameters setting

	Label	Absolute Encoder settings	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
PR0.15	Range	0~32767	Default	0	Unit	-
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2015h

0: Incremental mode:

Used as an incremental encoder. Doesn't retain position data on power off. Unlimited travel distance.

1: Multiturn linear mode:

Used as a multiturn absolute encoder. Retrain position data on power off. For applications with fixed travel distance and no multiturn data overflow.

2: Multiturn rotary mode:

Used as a multiturn absolute encoder. Retrain position data on power off. Actual data feedback in between 0-(PR6.63). Unlimited travel distance.

3: Single turn absolute mode:

Used when travel distance is within 1 revolution of the encoder. Data overflow will trigger alarm.

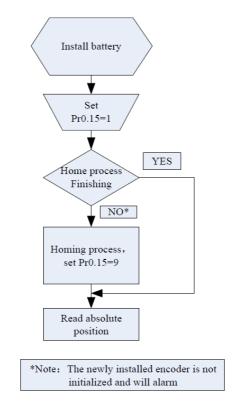
- 5: Clear multiturn alarm and activate multiturn absolute function. Will switch to multiturn mode once alarm cleared, if remains at 5 after 3s, please solve according to Er153.
- 9: <u>Clear multiturn position, reset multiturn alarm and activate multiturn absolute function</u>. Will switch to multiturn mode once alarm cleared, if remains at 9 after 3s, please solve according to Er153. *Please disable axis before setting to 9 and home the axis before using.*

6.12.2 Read absolute position

1、Steps:

- 1) First, select a motor with multiturn absolute encoder, install battery and confirm whether the driver version supports the specific motor;
- 2) Set PR0.15 = 1. If it is the first time of installation, Err153 will occur because battery is newly installed and position data is invalid. Please home the axis and initialize the absolute position of the encoder to zero.
- 3) When absolute homing point is set and there is no fault with the battery, the alarm will be cleared
- 4) Finally, the user can read the absolute position. Position won't be lost even if the driver is powered off.

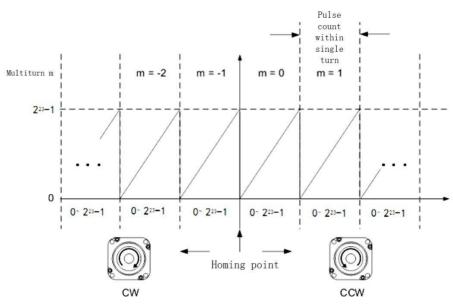




2. Read absolute position

When the rotor turns in clockwise direction, the revolution count will be negative; turns in counter clockwise direction, the count will be positive. No. of revolutions will be from -32767 to +32767. If the count number reaches +32767 in counter clockwise direction, the count will revert back to -32768, -32767 and vice versa for clockwise direction.

As for position data, it depends on the precision of the encoder. For 17 bit = 0-131071, 23 bit = 0-8388607



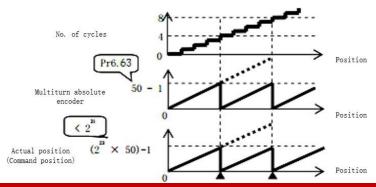
Read data from 6064h object dictionary

Please read data only when the motor is fully stopped or it might cause calculation errors. Please repeat this step for at least twice to make sure the result is uniform.



Multiturn rotational mode

For absolute encoder, multiturn rotational mode (PR0.15 = 2, PR6.63 set to multiturn upper limit) is added on top of incremental mode and multiturn linear mode. Actual feedback multiturn data is always between 0 - [PR6.63 + 1], regardless of the direction of rotation. There is no limit to no. of rotation and no data overflow.



Single turn absolute mode

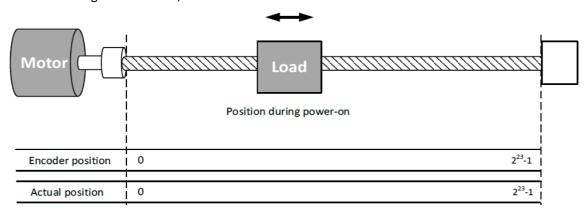
Use this mode when the travel distance of the axis is within a single turn of the rotor.

1. Target position input range - EtherCAT

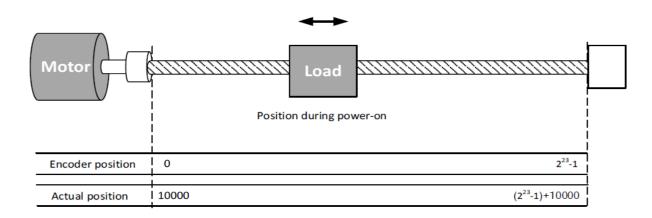
When using 23-bit absolute encoder, under single turn absolute mode, electronic gear ratio =1:1

Homing point offset 607Ch = 0, target position range = $0 - [2^{23}-1]$ Axis is homed, target position range = $607Ch - [2^{23}-1+607Ch]$

When electronic gear ratio = 1:1, 607Ch = 0:



When electronic gear ratio = 1:1, 607Ch = 10000:





3. Clear multiturn position

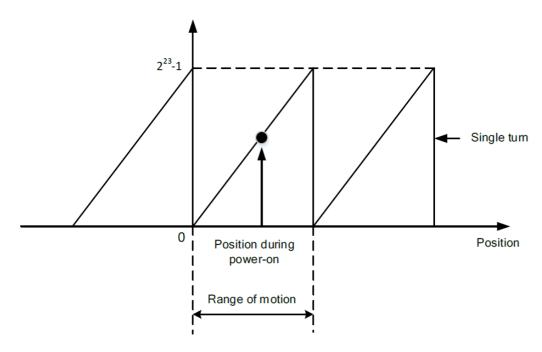
Before clearing multiturn position, axis needs to be homed. After clearing multiturn position, revolution count = 0 but absolute position remains unchanged and Err153 alarm will be cleared.

Please make sure the homing point is within the range of 1 revolution of the rotor. Installation and setup of the homing point can be set with the use of auxiliary function D21 on the front Panel.

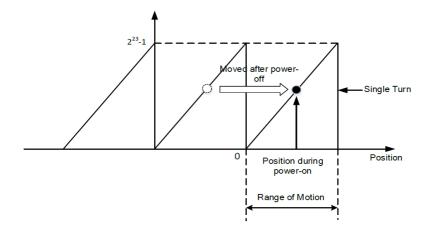
By setting PR0.15 to 9, multiturn position will be cleared.

Please take notice of motor position during power on. Range of motion of a motor depends on the position of the motor during power on (23-bit absolute encoder as example).

If the motor position is as shown below during power on. The range of motion of the motor is within the range of a single turn of the motor from motor position during power on.



If power is turned off at position as shown below and power on when motor reaches the position below. Motor range of motion changes as shown below.





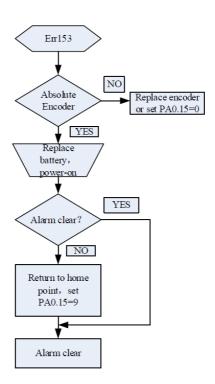
6.12.3 Absolute Encoder Related Alarm

The alarm can determine if absolute value encoder is valid. If battery power is low, not a motor with absolute encoder, encoder error etc. occurs, user can find out about the error from alarm output or on the front Panel. Controller will stop any operation until alarm is cleared.

Alarm output:

Err153 will be shown on front Panel or by I/O ALM signal and from controller. Err153 might occur,

- (1) If absolute encoder is used for the first time and due to installation of new batteries Axis needs to be homed and multiturn data needs to be cleared.
- (2) If battery voltage is lower than 3.2v. Replace battery and restart the motor.
- (3) If battery voltage is lower than 2.5v or battery power was cut off. Replacing the battery won't clear the alarm. Axis needs to be homed and multiturn data needs to be cleared.
- 4. Alarm processing flow chart



6.13 Probe

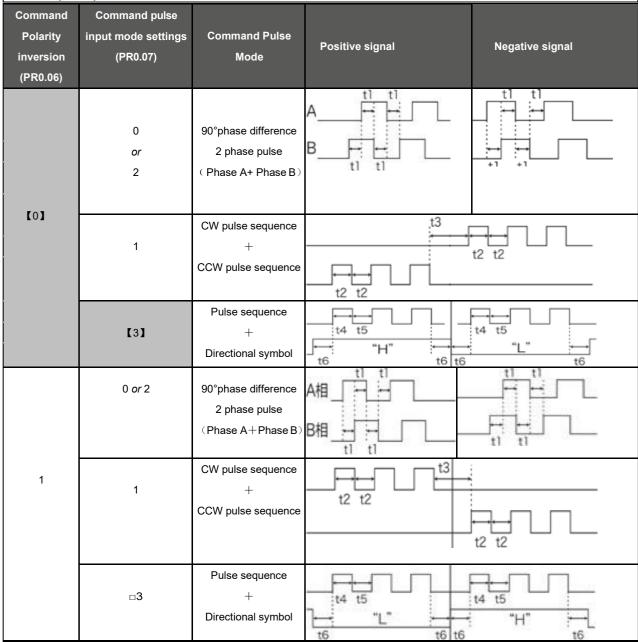
Motor feedback position latching function can be realized through input signal with probe function. OSD-H-*-E supports up to 2 inputs with probe function and can be used simultaneously, to record the position information corresponding to probe signal rising and falling edge. Probe 1 signal comes from CN1 terminal pin 1 and 5 differential signal. Probe 2 signal comes from CN1 terminal pin 2-6 differential signal.

		- •						
	Label	Probe signal polarity settings	Mode		F			
PR0.07	Range	0~3	Default	3	Unit	_		
	Activation	After restart			Index	2007h		
Probe sign	Probe signal polarity settings take effect when PRO.01 = 9							
0	Probe 1 & 2 pol	arity inversion						



1	Probe 2 polarity inversion				
2	Probe 1 polarity inversion				
3	No polarity inversion for probe 1 & 2				
If PR0.01 ≠ 9. PF	If PRO 01 ± 9, PRO 07 = Command pulse input mode settings				

Command pulse input



Command pulse input signal max. frequency and min. duration needed

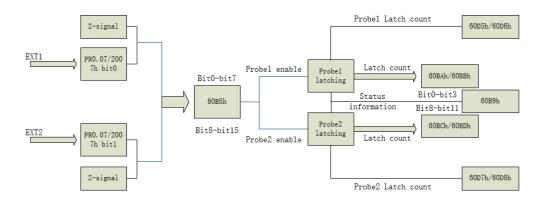
Command pulse input interface		NA F	Min. duration needed (μs)							
		Max. Frequency	t1	t2	t3	t4	t5	t6		
Pulse sequence	Differential	500 kHz	2	1	1	1	1	1		
interface	Open collector	200 kHz	5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5	2.5		



Please set $>0.1\mu s$ for the duration between rising and falling edge of command pulse input signal.

1 revolution with 2500 pulses 2-phase pulse input when PR0.07=0 or 2, PR0.08 = 10000; 1 revolution with 10000 pulses 1 phase pulse input when PR0.07=1 or 3, PR0.08 = 10000

6.13.1 Probe function



When using EXT1 or EXT2 as probe, please set as following:

- a) Set polarity of EXT 1 or EXT 2 as probe. Set the level polarity of the probes using 0x2007 / Pr0.07. Bit 0 for EXT1 signal, bit 1 for EXT2 signal
- b) Probe function is set through 0x60B8 (Bit 0-7 is for probe 1, bit8-15 is for probe 2). Functions including activation trigger signal selection, triggering mode and triggering signal edge.

Please take note:

- (i) Triggering mode: Single trigger, rising signal edge = valid; triggering mode: Continuous trigger, rising and falling edge = valid
- (ii) After activation, trigger signal selection, triggering signal edge settings, counter will be reset and 0x60B9 status will change as well.
- (iii) Probe signal level is shown in 60FD: EXT1 -> bit 26, EXT2 -> bit 27.



Related Objects

Index	Sub Index	Label	Access	Data Type	Units	Range	Default
2007h	00h	Probe 1 polarity setting	RW	Uint16		0~0xFFFF	1
2007h	01h	Probe 2 polarity setting	RW	Uint16		0~0xFFFF	1
60B8h	00h	Probe control word	RW	Uint16		0~65535	0
60B9h	00h	Probe status word	RO	Uint16		0~65535	0
60BAh	00h	Probe 1or Z-signal rising edge latching position	RO	int32		-2147483648 ~ 2147483647	0
60BBh	00h	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge latching position	RO	int32	Command unit	-2147483648 ~ 2147483647	0
60BCh	00h	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising edge latching position	RO	int32		-2147483648 ~ 2147483647	0
60BDh	00h	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge latching position	RO	int32	Command unit	-2147483648 ~ 2147483647	0
60D5h	00h	Probe 1 or Z-signal rising edge counter	RO	Uint32		0~4294967296	0
60D6h	00h	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge counter	RO	Uint32		0 ~ 4294967296	0
60D7h	00h	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising edge counter	RO	Uint32		0~4294967296	0
60D8h	00h	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge counter	RO	Uint32		0~4294967296	0

6.13.2 Signal Input of EXT1 and EXT2

EXT1: Pin1 and Pin5 of CN1 terminal EXT2: Pin2 and Pin6 of CN1 terminal

6.13.3 Probe Control Word 60B8h

Bit	Definition	Details
0	Probe 1 enable	0—Disable /1Enable
1	Probe 1 mode	0Single trigger mode /1Continuous trigger mode
2	Probe 1 trigger signal selection	0—EXT1 signal /1Z signal
3	Reserved	-
4	Probe 1 rising edge trigger	0Disable 1 /Enable
5	Probe 1 falling edge trigger	0—Disable / 1Enable
6-7	Reserved	-
8	Probe 2 enable	0Disable 1 / Enable
9	Probe 2 mode	0Single trigger mode / 1Continuous trigger mode
10	Probe 2 trigger signal selection	0—EXT2 signal 1 / Z signal
11	Reserved	-
12	Probe 2 rising edge trigger	0Disable 1 / Enable
13	Probe 2 falling edge trigger	0—Disable / 1Enable
14-15	Reserved	-



6.13.4 Probe Status Word 60B9h

Bit	Definition	Details
0	Probe 1 enable	0—Disable / 1Enable
1	Probe 1 or Z-signal rising edge trigger	0 not executed / 1 executed
2	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge trigger	0 not executed / 1 executed
3-5	Reserved	-
6-7	Reserved	-
8	Probe 2 enable	0Disable 1Enable
9	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising edge trigger	0 not executed / 1 executed
10	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge trigger	0 not executed / 1 executed
11-13	Reserved	-
14-15	Reserved	-

6.13.5 Latch Position Register

Index	Details
60BAh	Probe 1 or Z-signal rising edge latch position
60BBh	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge latch position
60BCh	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising edge latch position
60BDh	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge latch position

6.13.6 Latch Counter Register

Index	Details
60D5h	Probe 1 or Z-signal rising edge counter
60D6h	Probe 1 or Z-signal falling edge counter
60D7h	Probe 2 or Z-signal rising edge counter
60D8h	Probe 2 or Z-signal falling edge counter

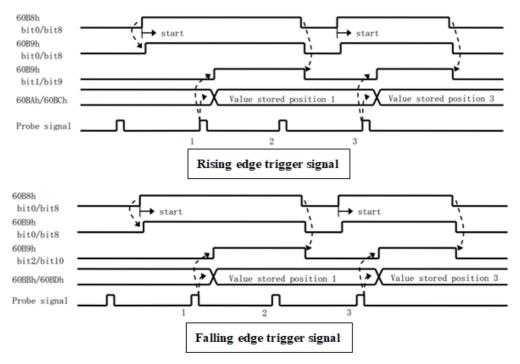
6.13.7 Probe mode

Set bit1/bit9 of 60B8h (Probe mode), 0 = Single trigger mode, 1 = Continuous trigger mode.

(1) Single trigger mode

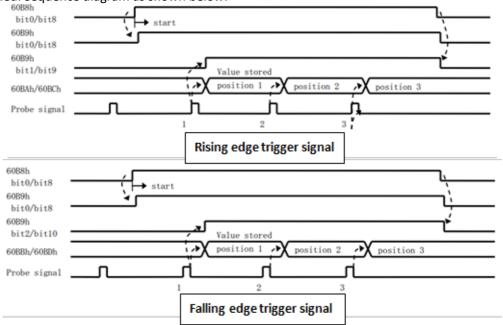
Triggers only when the trigger signal is valid for the first time. In order to latch the position, users need to set bit0/bit8 of 60B8h to 0, then set bit0/bit8 of 60B8h to 1. The sequence diagram is as shown below:





(2) Continuous trigger mode

The data saved from signal triggering will be saved until the next trigger signal. Enabling the probe again is not needed. Sequence diagram as shown below:





6.14 Other Functions

6.14.1 Functions under Position mode

Electronic gear function

If command frequency from controller is not enough which cause the motor to not reach target rotational velocity, frequency can be increased using this function.

	Label	Command pulse count per revolution	Mode		F	
PR0.08	Range	0~8388608	Default	0	Unit	P-
	Activation	After restart			Index	2008h

Pulses per revolution can be set using object dictionary 608F, 6091, 6092. However, PR0.08 has higher priority.

Index 608Fh-01	Label	Encoder Increments			Mode	PT		
	Range	0~2147483647			Default	0	Unit	encoder
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	TPDO	Access	RO
To set encoder resolution								

	Label	Motor Revolutions			Mode		F		
Index 6091h-01	Range	1~2147483647	1~2147483647			1	Unit	r	
	Structure	VAR	VAR Type UINT32		Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW	
To set electronic	gear ratio nume	erator							
	Label	Shaft Revolutions			Mode	F			
Index 6091h-02	Range	1~2147483647			Default	1	Unit	r	
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW	
To set electronic	gear ratio deno	minator				•	•		
	Label	Feed			Mode	F			
Index 6092h-01	Range	1~2147483647			Default	10000	Unit	Command/r	
	Structure	VAR	Туре	UINT32	Mapping	RPDO	Access	RW	

If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is not equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then: Electronic gear ratio = Encoder increments / 6092h-01

Position command filter function

To smoothen the position command after frequency divider/multiplier

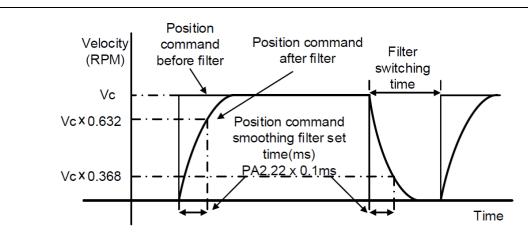
	Label	Position command smoothing filter	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
222.22	Range	0~32767	Default	300	Unit	0.1ms
PR2.22	Activation	After stopping			Index	2222h

To set time constant of 1 time delay filter of position command.

To set time constant of 1 time delay filter, according to target velocity \mbox{Vc} square wave command as show below.

If 6092h-01(Feed constant) is equal to 608Fh(Position encoder resolution), then: Electronic gear ratio = 6091-01 / 6092h-01

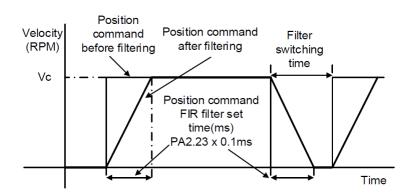




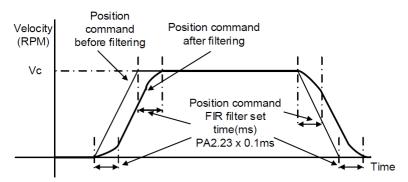
Usually applied when there is rather sharp acceleration which might cause motor overshoot or undershoot. To smoothen command signal, reduces impact to machines and eliminate vibration. If PR2.22 is set too high, overall time will be lengthened.

	Label	Position command FIR filter	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
PR2.23	Range	0~10000	Default	0	Unit	0.1ms
	Activation	After disabling			Index	2223h

As shown below, when target velocity Vc square wave command reaches Vc, it becomes trapezoidal wave after filtering.



As shown below, when target velocity Vc trapezoidal command reaches Vc, it becomes S wave after filtering.



Usually applied when there is rather sharp acceleration which might cause motor overshoot or undershoot. To smoothen command signal, reduces impact to machines and eliminate vibration. If PR2.23 is set too high, overall time will be lengthened.

^{**}Please wait for command to stop and after filter idle time to modify PR2.23. Filter switching time = (PR2.23 set value x 0.1ms + 0.25ms)



In Position

Positioning completed status can be determined by output of INP signal. Under position control mode, the absolute value of position deviation counter will be ON if positioning is under the range set in PR4.31.

PR4.31	Label	Positioning complete range	Mode	PP	НМ	CSP
	Range	0~10000	Default	20	Unit	Command
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2431h
To set position	deviation range of I	NP1 positioning completed output signal.				

	Label	Positioning complete output settings	Mode	PP	нм	CSP		
PR4.32	Range	Range 0~4 Default 1						
	Activation Immediate Inde							
Output cond	itions of INP1 positi	oning completed output signal						
Set value		Positioning completed signal						
0	Signal valid whe	n the position deviation is smaller than PR4.31						
1	Signal valid whe	n there is no position command and position deviation	n is smaller than PR4	.31				
2	Signal valid whe is smaller than F	n there is no position command, zero-speed clamp de PR4.31	etection (ZSP) signal i	s ON ar	nd the posit	tional deviation		
3		Signal valid when there is no position command and position deviation is smaller than PR4.31. Signal ON when within the time set in PR4.33 otherwise OFF.						
	When there is no	command, position detection starts after the delay ti	me set in PR4.33. Sig	gnal valid	d when the	re is no		
1	position commar	nd and positional deviation is smaller than PR4.31.						

	Label INP positioning delay time Mode PP				НМ	CSP	
PR4.33	Range	Range 0~15000 Default 0				1ms	
	Activation	Activation Immediate					
To set delay	time when PR 4.32 = 3	3					
Set value	Positioning comple	ted signal					
0	Indefinite delay time	Indefinite delay time, signal ON until next position command					
1-15000	OFF within the time	set; ON after time set. Switch OFF after receiving next position cor	nmand.				

6.14.2 Functions under velocity mode

Velocity reached output signal (AT-SPEED)

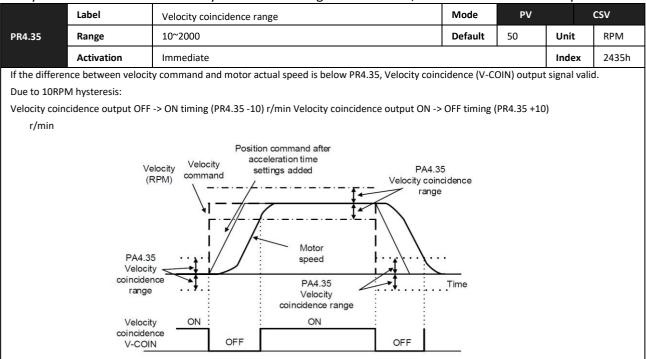
AT-SPEED signal delivers after motor velocity reached target velocity.

	Label	Reached speed (AT-speed)	Mode	PV		CSV
PR4.36	Range	10~2000	Default	1000	Unit	RPM
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2436h
When motor	velocity > PR4.36, A	T-speed output signal is valid. Detection using 10RPM hystere	sis			
	Spe (RP PA4.36 PA4.36	M) G+10				
	-(PA4.36	-10)		· Time	Э	
	-(PA4.36	+10)	/	/		
	Reached s AT-SP <u>E</u>		ON			



Velocity coincidence output

Velocity command (before acc-/deceleration) coincides with motor velocity. If the difference between velocity command and motor velocity is within the range set in PR4.35, it is treated as the velocity coincides.



Zero speed position output

If the absolute value of the velocity feedback satisfies set conditions, corresponding output will be set to ON.

	Label	Zero speed			Mode		F	
PR4.34	Range	1~2000			Default	50	Unit	RPM
	Activation	Immediate					Index	2434h
To set thre	shold value for zero s	peed clamp detection					•	•
Zero speed	clamp detection (ZSP) output signal valid v	when motor speed goes	under the value set in	n PR4.34			
_	Disreg	ard the direction of re	otation, valid for both di	rections.				
	_		e refer to diagram on th					
-	пузіеі	esis di Tukrivi. Please	<u> </u>					
			Speed (RPM)	Positive Direction	/			
			DA434:40	L				
			PA4.34+10					
					<u> </u>			
			٠	-(PA4.34-10)				
		/			i İ			
		,	Negative Direction	 				
								
		ZSP		ON				



6.14.3 Functions under torque mode

Velocity limit is required under torque mode to make sure motor rotational velocity stays within the limit.

Velocity limit function

During torque control, velocity control should be within the range of velocity limit. When motor reaches velocity limit, command control will switch from torque control to command control with velocity limit.

Due to gravitational or other external factors, torque command from controller might differ from the direction of rotation of the motor, velocity limit will be invalid. Please error occurs in such situation, please set PR5.13 as stopping velocity. If velocity is over the value set in PR5.13, Er1A0 might occur and motor will stop.

	Label	Overspeed level setting	Mode		F	F	
PR5.13	Range	0~10000	Default	0	Unit	RPM	
	Activation	Immediate			Index	2513h	

If motor speed exceeds PR5.13, Er1A0 might occur.

When PR5.13 = 0, overspeed level = max. motor speed x 1.2

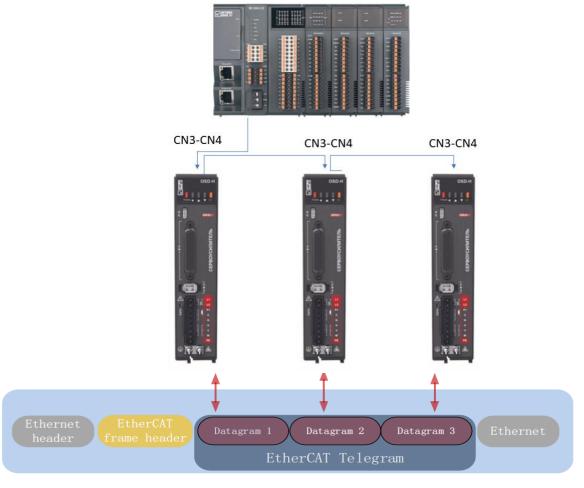


Chapter 7 EtherCAT communication

7.1 EtherCAT principle function

In comparison to Ethernet protocol which requires huge bandwidth for Packets to be moved between master and clients, EtherCAT communication protocol breaks through this systemic limitation of Ethernet which requires every client to receive the whole data Package from the master.

The EtherCAT master sends a telegram that Passes through each node. Each EtherCAT slave device reads the data addressed to it "on the fly", and inserts its data in the frame as the frame is moving downstream. The frame is delayed only by hardware propagation delay times. The last node in a segment (or drop line) detects an open port and sends the message back to the master using Ethernet technology's full duplex feature. The telegram's maximum effective data rate increases to over 90 %, and due to the utilization of the full duplex feature, the theoretical effective data rate is even higher than 100 Mbit/s (> 90 % of two times 100 Mbit/s). The EtherCAT master is the only node within a segment allowed to actively send an EtherCAT frame; all other nodes merely forward frames downstream. This concept prevents unpredictable delays and guarantees real-time capabilities.



EtherCAT in standard Ethernet frame



ID number setting of EtherCAT slave station

To set up EtherCAT slave station ID number, please set PR0.24 = 1 and set required ID number to PR0.23.

	Label	EtherCAT slave ID	Mode		F		
PR0.23	Range 0~32767 Default 2				Unit	-	
	Activation After restart						
Set ID nun	Set ID number of the slave station under EtherCAT mode						
	Label	Source of slave ID	Mode		F		
PR0.24	Label Range	Source of slave ID 0~1	Mode Default	1	F Unit	-	
PR0.24				1	1	- 2024h	

7.2 Synchronous Mode

7.2.1 Free Running Mode

In free moving mode, OSD-H-*-E processes the process data sent by the master asynchronously. It only applies to asynchronous motion mode such as homing mode, protocol position mode, etc.

Distributed clock synchronization mode

OSD-H-*-E adopts the synchronous mode of distributed clock as shown in figure 6.2. When the master station sends process data to the slave station, the slave station immediately reads the process data, and then waits for the synchronization signal to trigger the process data to act on the driver.

The process data must arrive at the OSD-H-*-E drive before the time of Sync0 signal T1. The drive has completed the analysis of the process data and relevant control calculation before the arrival of Sync0 event. After receiving Sync0 event, OSD-H-*-E immediately implements the control action which has a high synchronization performance.

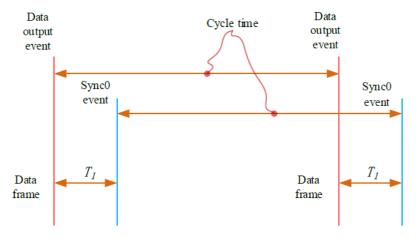


Figure 7.2 High performance synchronization mode



7.3 EtherCAT state machine

EtherCAT state machine, commonly known as "communication state machine", is mainly used to manage communication between master and slave stations. The communication function mainly includes mailbox and process data communication. The EtherCAT state machine transition relationship is shown in figure 6.3

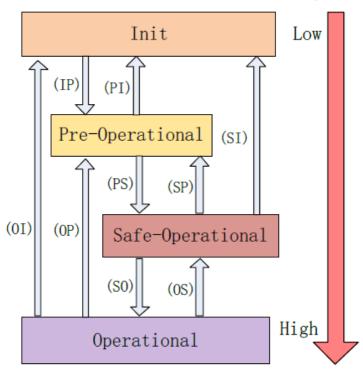


Figure 7.3 EtherCAT state machine transitions

EtherCAT state machine transitions have the following characteristics:

- 1 from initialization to operational, the conversion must be carried out strictly in the order of initializing > preoperational > safe operational > operational, from low to high, and no grade skipping is allowed
- 2 When converting from high to low, grade skipping is allowed.
- ③ If state transition request to master station fails, slave station will send an error message to the master station.

EtherCAT 402 State Machine Communication function

State and transition	Communication function
Init	No mailbox or process data communication is possible.
Pre-Operational	Mailbox communication is effective, no process data communication, SDO function is valid
Safe-Operational	Mailbox communication and sending process data object is valid, SDO and TXPDO are valid
Operational	Mailbox communication, receive and send process data object valid, SDO, RXPDO and TXPDO valid



7.4 CANopen over EtherCAT (CoE)

7.4.1 Network structure of OSD-H-*-E

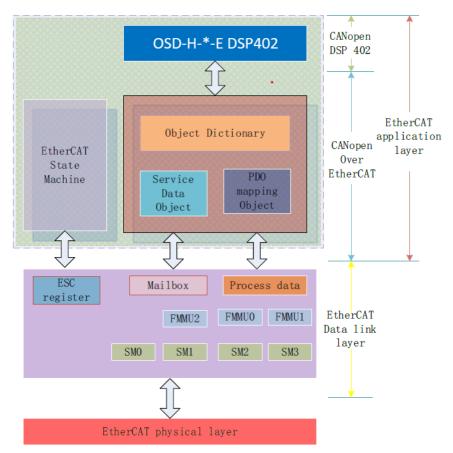


Figure 7.4 The structure of OSD-H-*-E network module

The data link layer is mainly implemented by EtherCAT slave station controller (ESC). OSD-H-*-E EtherCAT application layer protocol mainly includes application Part (CANopen DSP402), object dictionary and communication function (red frame Part), among which object dictionary and communication function can be jointly called CoE Part.

Object dictionary—Bridge of communication function and application Part. Communication function— Implementation of communication rules (SDO, PDO, etc.)

Application Part—Define the specific function of the device, such as the drive, IO module.

7.4.2 Object dictionary

EtherCAT master controls the OSD-H-*-E drive by writing and reading device state /information. To do this, the drive defines read-write Parameter s and read-only state values. Object dictionary is the collection of these Parameter s and states.

The OSD-H-*-E object dictionary contains all DSP402 and CoE related data objects in a standardized manner. It is a collection of OSD-H-*-E Parameter data structures.

The OSD-H-*-E object dictionary is the interface with which the controller communicates. EtherCAT master implements OSD-H-*-E motion control through the interface of object dictionary.



7.4.3 Service Data Object (SDO)

The OSD-H-*-E series supports SDO services. EtherCAT master can configure, monitor and control OSD-H-*-E servos by using SDO to read and write OSD-H-*-E object dictionaries.

In conventional CANopen DS301 mode, SDO protocol CAN only transfer 8 bytes at a time to match the data length of CAN message. In COE enhancement mode, only the Payload data is expanded without changing the protocol head; In this way, the SDO protocol uses mailboxes with larger data lengths, thus improving the transmission efficiency of big data.

7.4.4 Process Data Object (PDO)

PDO Introduction

PDO is generally used for real-time data updates. It is divided into receiving PDO (RXPDO) and sending PDO (TXPDO). The data stream direction of receiving PDO is from master station to slave station, while sending PDO is from slave station to master station

The PDO function of OSD-H-*-E supports both synchronous cycle mode and non-periodic update mode. When distributed clock synchronization mode is selected on master station, PDO will update according to the synchronization cycle. If free moving mode is selected, PDO data updates aperiodic.

PDO mapping

Through PDO mapping, the real-time transmission of mapped objects can be realized.

OSD-H-*-E supports simultaneous transmission of 2 sets of RXPDO and 2 sets of TXPDO. Each PDO object can map up to 8 object dictionary (maximum length 32 bytes). The format of PDO mapping content is shown in table 6.2

Table 7.2 Format of PDO mapping

Bit	31~16	15~8	7~0
Description	Index of mapped object	Subindex of mapped object	Bit length (Hex)
Example	6040h	00h	10h(16bit)

Default PDO mapping (consistent with the XML file) is shown in table 7.3

Table 7.3 Default PDO mapping

11 0							
PDO Map object	PDO Map			Mapped Ob	ject		
index	object Sub- index	Mapping content	Index	Sub-index	Bit length	Description	
	01h	60400010h		00h	10h(16 bit)	01h	
RXPDO1 (1600h)	02h	607A0020h		00h	10h(16 bit)	02h	
	03h	60B80020h		00h		03h	
	01h	60400010h	6040h	00h	10h(16 bit)	Control word	
RXPDO2 (1601h)	02h	60FF0020h	60FFh	00h	20h(32 bit)	Target velocity	
	03h	60B20010h	60B2h	00h	10h(16 bit)	Torque feedforward	
	01h	60400010h	6040h	00h	10h(16 bit)	Control word	
RXPDO3 (1602h)	02h	60710010h	6071h	00h	10h(16 bit)	Target torque	
	03h	60870020h	6084h	00h	20h(32 bit)	Profile deceleration	
	01h	60400010h	6040h	00h	10h(16 bit)	Control word	



1	02h	60980008h	6098h	00h	08h(8 bit)	Homing method
	02h	0090000011	009611	0011	` ′	
	03h	60990120h	6099h	01h	20h(32 bit)	High homing velocity
	04h	60990220h	6099h	02h	20h(32 bit)	Low homing velocity
	05h	609A0020h	609Ah	00h	20h(32 bit)	Homing acceleration
	06h	607C0020h	607Ch	00h	20h(32 bit)	Homing position offset
	07h	60600008h	6060h	00h	08h(8 bit)	Operation mode
	01h	603F0000h				
	02h	60410000h				
	03h	60610000h				
TXPDO1 (1A00h)	04h	60640000h				
	05h	60B90020h				
	06h	60BA0020h				
	07h	60FD0020h	·			
TXPDO2 (1A01h)	No default mapping					

PDO dynamic mapping

Different from CIA DS301, CoE uses PDO specified objects (1C12h/1C13h) to configure PDO mapped objects (1600h~1603h/1A00h~1A01h) to PDO SyncManager (SyncManager 2/3).

PDO specified objects are defined in table 6.4

Table 6.4 PDO specifies object definitions

Index	Sub-index	Range	Data type	Access
	00h	0~4	U8*1)	RO *2)
	01h		U16	RW
RXPDO (1C12h)	02h	1600h~1603h	U16	RW
- (- ,	03h		U16	RW
	04h		U16	RW
	00h	0~2	U8	RO
TXPDO (1C13h)	01h	1A00h~1A01h	U16	RW
- (====::)	02h		U16	RW

^{** 1)} U represents unsigned type, such as U8 for unsigned 8 bits and U16 for unsigned 16 bits

PDO dynamic mapping setup procedure

- A. Switch EtherCAT state machine to pre-operational, then PDO map can be configured using SDO.
- B. Clear the PDO mapping object of the PDO specified object by setting 1C12-00h / 1C13-00h to 0.
- C. Invalidate the PDO mapping object by assigning 0 to the subindex 0 of 1600h~1603h /1A00h~1A01h.
- D. Reconfigure PDO mapping content and write the mapping object into the objects in the range of 1600- $01h^{1600-08h}$, $1601-01h^{1601-08h}$, $1602-01h^{1602-08h}$,
- 03-01h~1603-08h (RXPDO mapping content as from 1600h-01), 00-01h ~ 1A00-08h or 1A01-01h~1A01-08h (TXPDO mapping content as from 1A00h-01) according to Table 6.3
- E. Set the total number of PDO mapping objects by writing the number of mapping objects into 1600-00h, 1601-00h, 1602-00h, 1603-00h, 1A00-00h or 1A01-00h. The total number of PDO mapping objects without mapping content will be set to 0.
- F. Write valid PDO mapping object index to PDO specified object by writing valid RXPDO mapping object index 1600h~1603h into 1C12-01h ~ 1C12-04h and writing valid TXPDO mapping object index 1A00h, 1A01h into 1C13-01h, 1C13-02h.
- G. Set the total number PDO specified objects by writing the number of mapped objects to 1C12-00h and 1C13-

²⁾ Access: RO = Read Only, RW = Read and Write, WO = Write Only



00h.

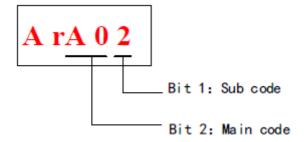
H. Switch EtherCAT state to Safe-Operational or above, the configured PDO mapping will be valid.

Chapter 8 Warning and Alarm

8.1 Servo drive warning

When warning occurs, driver will set protective function but motor won't stop moving. Error code will be displayed on the front Panel.

Example of warning code:



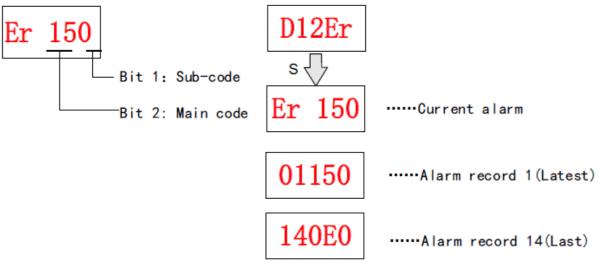
Warning	g Code	Content		
Main	Code	Content		
	1	Overload warning		
	2	Regeneration energy overload warning(85% of the regeneration threshold)		
A0	3	Absolute encoder battery voltage low (<3.1V). Valid when Pr0.15 is set to 1.		
7.0	4	Change the Parameter to a non-real time valid warning		
	5	Pr0.01 is not 9 under current control mode, please correct this Parameter		

8.2 Servo drive alarm

When alarm occurs, driver will set protective function and motor stops moving. Error code will be displayed on the front Panel. Alarm history record can also be viewed in

data monitoring mode, with the alarm log sub-menu displaying "d12Er".





Able to look back at 14 alarm records
Use ▲▼ buttons to navigate between alarm records



Table 9.1 Error Code List

Error code		Table 9.1 Ellor Code List	Attribu	Attribute			
Main	Sub	Content	Save	Туре	Clearable		
	0~1	Circuit current detection error	•	2			
0A	3	Motor power cable not connected	•	1	•		
Oh	0	Control circuit power supply voltage too low		2			
0b							
	1	Control circuit power supply voltage too high		2	•		
0c	0	DC bus overvoltage	•	1	•		
04	0	DC bus undervoltage	•	1	•		
0d	1	Single phasing of main power supply	•	2			
	2	No main power supply detected		2			
OF.	0	Overcurrent	•	1			
OE	1	Intelligent Power Module (IPM) overcurrent	•	1			
	2	Power output to motor shorted to ground	•	1			
	4	Phase overcurrent	•	1			
OF	0	Driver overheated	•	2			
10	0	Motor overloaded	•	1	•		
10	1	Driver overloaded	•	1	•		
	2	Motor rotor blocked	•	1	•		
12	0	Regenerative resistor overvoltage	•	2			
12	1	Holding brake error	•	1			
	2	Regenerative resistor value too low	•	2			
15	0	Encoder disconnected	•	1			
15	1	Encoder communication error	•	1			
	2	Encoder initial position error	•	1			
	3	Multiturn encoder error	•	2			
	4	Encoder Parameter settings error	•	2			
	5	Encoder data overflow	•	2	•		
	6	Encoder overheated	•	2	•		
	7	Encoder counter error	•	2	•		
17	0	Encoder data error	•	1			
17	1	Encoder Parameter initialization error	•	1			
10	0	Excessive position deviation	•	2	•		
18	1	Excessive velocity deviation					
19	0	Motor vibration too strong	•	2	•		
1.0	0	Overspeed	•	2	•		
1A	1	Velocity out of control	•	1	•		
16	0	Bus input signal dithering	•	2	•		
1b	1	Incorrect electronic gear ratio		2			



_	0	Both STO failed	•	1	•
1c	1	1st STO failed	•	1	
	2	2nd STO failed	•	1	
	3	STO power supply 1 anomaly	•		
	4	STO power supply 2 anomaly	•		
	5	•			
	6	•			
	7	•			
	8	STO circuit BUFFER 2 anomaly	•		
21	0	I/O input interface assignment error	•	2	
21	1	I/O input interface function assignment error	•	2	
	2	I/O output interface function assignment error	•	2	
2.4	0	EEPROM Parameter s initialization error		2	
24	1	EEPROM hardware error		2	
	2	Error saving alarm history record		2	
	3	Error occurred when saving vendor Parameter s		2	
	4 Error occurred when saving communication Parameter s				
	5	Error occurred when saving Parameter 402		2	
	6	Data saving error during power-off			
26	0	Positive/Negative position limit triggered under non- homing mode	•	2	•
27	0	Analog 1 input overrun limit	•	2	•
27	1	Analog 2 input overrun limit	•	2	•
28	0	Output pulse frequency too high	•	2	•
57	0	Forced alarm input valid	•	2	•
5F	0	Motor model no. detection error		2	
JF	1	Driver power module detection error		2	
60	0	Main loop interrupted timeout		2	
30	1	Velocity loop interrupted timeout		2	
70	0	Encryption error		2	

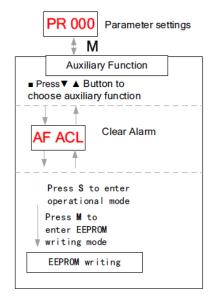
[Note:]

Save: Save error messages to alarm history.

Type: The type 1 and type 2 fault stop mode can be set via Pr5.10 [Sequence at alarm]. Clearable: Clearable alarm by operating the front Panel and use auxiliary function AFACL as below. Besides clearable alarms, please first solve the error and restart the servo driver to clear alarm.



8.3 Servo drive error



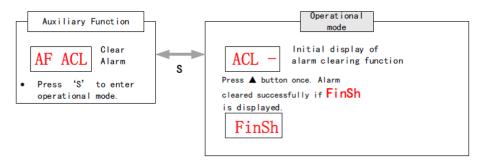


Table 8.2 Alarm and 603F correspondence

Error Code Display	1001h	603Fh	ETG Code	Alarm Description
Er 0A0	0x04	0x3150		Phase A circuit current detection error
Er 0A1	0x04	0x3151		Phase B circuit current detection error
Er 0A3	0x04	0x3153		Motor power cable not connected
Er 0b0				Control circuit power supply voltage too low
Er 0b1	0x04	0x3206		Control power supply voltage too high
Er 0C0	0x04	0x3211		DC bus overvoltage
Er 0d0	0x04	0x3221		DC bus undervoltage
Er 0d1	0x04	0x3130		Single phasing of main power supply
Er 0d2	0x04	0x3222		No main power supply detected
Er 0E0	0x02	0x2211		Overcurrent
Er 0E1	0x02	0x2212		Intelligent Power Module (IPM) overcurrent
Er 0E2	0x02	0x2218		Power output to motor shorted to ground
Er 0E4	0x02	0x2230		Phase overcurrent
Er OfO	0x08	0x4210		Driver overheated
Er 100	0x02	0x8311		Motor overloaded
Er 101	0x02	0x8310		Driver overloaded
Er 102	0x02	0x8301		Motor rotor blocked
Er 120	0x80	0x7701		Regenerative resistor overvoltage



Er 121	0x80	0x7702	Holding brake error
Er 122	0x80	0x7703	Regenerative resistor value too low
Er 150	0x80	0x7321	Encoder disconnected
Er 151	0x80	0x7322	Encoder communication error
Er 152	0x80	0x7323	Encoder initial position error
Er 153/Er 154	0x80	0x7325	Multiturn encoder error / Encoder Parameter settings error
Er 155	0x80	0x7326	Encoder data overflow
Er 156	0x80	0x7327	Encoder overheated
Er 157	0x80	0x7328	Encoder count error
Er 170	0x80	0x7324	Encoder data error
Er 171	0x80	0x7325	Encoder Parameter initialization error
Er 180	0x20	0x 8611	Excessive position deviation
Er 181			Excessive velocity deviation
Er 190	0x20	0x8401	Motor vibration too strong
Er 1A0	0x20	0x8402	Overspeed
Er 1A1	0x20	0x8403	Velocity out of control
Er 1b0	0x20	0x 8612	Bus input signal dithering
Er 1b1	0x20	0x8503	Incorrect electronic gear ratio
Er 1c0	0x02	8313	Both STO failed
Er 1c1	0x02	8313	1st STO failed
Er 1c2	0x02	8313	2nd STO failed
Er 210	0x80	0x6321	I/O input interface assignment error
Er 211	0x80	0x6322	I/O input interface function assignment error
Er 212	0x80	0x6323	I/O output interface function assignment error
Er 240	0x80	0x5530	EEPROM Parameter s initialization error
Er 241	0x80	0x5531	EEPROM hardware error
Er 242	0x80	0x5532	Error saving alarm history record
Er 243	0x80	0x5533	Error occurred when saving vendor Parameter s
Er 244	0x80	0x5534	Error occurred when saving communication Parameter s
Er 245	0x80	0x5535	Error occurred when saving Parameter 402
Er 246	0x80	0x5536	Data saving error during power-off
Er 260	0x80	0x7329	Positive/Negative position limit triggered under non-homing mode
Er 270			Analog 1 input overrun limit
Er 271			Analog 2 input overrun limit
Er 280	0x80	0x7201	Output pulse frequency too high
Er 570	0x80	0x5441	Forced alarm input valid
Er 5f0	0x80	0x7122	Motor model no. detection error
Er 5f1	0x80	0x1100	Driver power module detection error
Er 600	0x80	0x6204	Main loop interrupted timeout
Er 601	0x80	0x6204	Velocity loop interrupted timeout
Er 700	0x80	0x7001	Encryption error
Er 73A	0x10	0x873A	SyncManager2 lost
Er 73b	0x10	0x873B	SYNC0 lost



	1	I			
Er 73c	0x10	0x873C		Excessive Distributed Clock error	
Er 801	0x10	0x8201	0x0001	Unknown communication error	
Er 802	0x80	0x5510	0x0002	Memory overflow	
Er 803	0x80	0x5511		RAM out of bound	
Er 805	0x80	0x6202		FOE firmware upgrade failed	
Er 806	0x80	0x6201		Saved ESI file does not match driver firmware	
Er 811	0x10	0xA001	0x0011	Invalid EtherCAT transition request	
Er 812	0x10	0xA002	0x0012	Unknown EtherCAT state machine transition request	
Er 813	0x10	0x8213	0x0013	Protection request from boot state	
Er 814	0x80	0x6203		Invalid firmware	
Er 815	0x10	0x8215	0x0015	Invalid mailbox configuration under boot state	
Er 816	0x10	0x8216	0x0016	Pre-Op status is invalid for the mailbox configuration	
Er 817	0x10	0x8217		Invalid SyncManager configuration	
Er 818	0x10	0x8211		No valid input data	
Er 819	0x10	0x8212		No valid output data	
Er 81A	0x10	0xFF02	0x871A	Synchronization error	
Er 81b	0x10	0x821B	0x001B	SyncManager2 watchdog timer timeout	
Er 81C	0x10	0x821C	0x001C	Invalid SyncManager type	
Er 81d	0x10	0x821D	0x001D	Invalid output configuration	
Er 81E	0x10	0x821E	0x001E	Invalid input configuration	
Er 81f	0x10	0x821F		Watchdog configuration invalid	
Er 821	0x10	0xA003	0x0021	Waiting for EtherCAT state machine Init state	
Er 822	0x10	0xA004	0x0022	Waiting for the EtherCAT state machine Pre-Op state	
Er 823	0x10	0xA005	0x0023	Waiting for master device for Safe-Op request	
Er 824	0x10	0x8224	0x0024	Invalid process data input mapping	
Er 825	0x10	0x8225	0x0025	RPDO mapping invalid (length, Parameter not present, no this property)	
Er 827	0x10	0x8227		Free running mode is not supported	
Er 828	0x10	0x8228		Sync mode not supported	
Er 82b	0x10	0x8210	0x002B	Invalid inputs and outputs	
Er 82C	0x10	0x872C	0x002C	Fatal synchronization error	
Er 82d	0x10	0x872D	0x002D	No synchronization error	
Er 82E	0x10	0x872E	0x002E	Synchronization cycle time is too short	
Er 830	0x10	0x8730	0x0030	Invalid Distributed Clock synchronization settings	
Er 832	0x10	0x8732	0x0032	Distribution Clock phase-locked loop failure	
Er 833	0x10	0x8733		DC sync IO error	
Er 834	0x10	0x8734		DC sync timeout	
Er 835	0x10	0x8735		Distribution Clock cycle time is invalid	
Er 836	0x10	0x8736	0x0036	Invalid Distribution Clock synchronization cycle time	
Er 850	0x80	0x5550	0x0050	EEPROM is inaccessible	
Er 851	0x80	0x5551	0x0051	EEPROM error	
Er 852	0x80	0x5552	0x0052	Hardware is not ready	
Er 860	0x80	0xFF01		EtherCAT frame lost per unit time exceeds limit	
Er 870	0x80	0x5201		Driver can't be enabled under current control mode	
·		•			



8.4 Alarm Handling

**When error occurs, please solve accordingly. Then, restart. If the solutions described don't work, please consider replacing the driver.

u	described don't work, please consider replacing the driver.						
	Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 090""Er 09F"			
	code 09 0~F		0~F	Content: FPGA communication error			
	Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
	L1, L2 terminal voltage too		age too	Verify L1, L2 terminal Make sure L1, L2 terminal voltage i			
	low			voltage within recommended range			

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0A0""Er 0A1"					
code	0A	0~1	Content: Circuit current detection error					
Cause			Diagnosis Solution					
Motor power cable wiring error			Verify motor power cable wiring	Make sure U,V,W terminal wired properly				
Main power supply undervoltage			Verify L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage Increase main power supply voltage					

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0A2" / "Er 0A4"			
code	0A	2/4	Content: Analog input error			
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution		
Analog input wiring error		error	Verify analog input wiring Make sure of analog input wiring connection			

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0A3"			
code 0A 3 Content: Mo		Content: Motor power cable not co	ntent: Motor power cable not connected			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
Motor power cable not connected		not	Verify motor power cable wiring	Measure resistance values between U, V, W terminals, make sure the values are almost equal. If not, might be due to damaged motor or motor winding open circuit.		
Motor fa	ult		/	Replace motor		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er OA5" Content: DC Bus error	
code	0A	5		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
L1, L2 ter low	L1, L2 terminal voltage too low		Verify L1, L2 terminal voltage. Check if power on indicator light on servo drive is on and	Make sure L1, L2 terminal voltage is within recommended range
			d27 DC bus voltage.	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0A6"	
code	0A	6	Content: Temperature measuring error	
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
L1, L2 terminal voltage too low		age too	Verify L1, L2 terminal voltage	Make sure L1, L2 terminal voltage is within recommended range

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0b0" Content: Control circuit power supply voltage too low		Display: "Er 0b0"	
code	0b	0				
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
	Control circuit power supply voltage too low		Verify L1C, L2C terminal voltage; check if wiring connection is tight	Increase L1C, L2C terminal voltage; Tighten L1C, L2C terminal connection		
Power su capacity	Power supply under		/	Increase power supply capacity for L1C, L2C terminals		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0b1"	
code	0b	1	Content: Control circuit power supply	y abnormal
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution
USB pow	USB power supply too low		Verify if USB cable is properly connected and not damaged.	Replace USB Type-C cable

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0c0"				
code	0c	0	Content: DC bus overvoltage				
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution			
Main pov		У	Verify L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	Decrease main power supply voltage			
Accelerat time too	•	eleration	Verify if the time is actually too short	Increase the duration time or change to a regenerative resistor with higher resistance.			
Regenerative brake parameter anomaly			Verify Pr7.32/Pr7.33	Modify vent overload parameter			
Inner bra	ke circui	t damaged	/	Replace driver			

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0d0" Content: DC bus undervoltage	
code	0d	0		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Main power supply undervoltage			Verify L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	Increase main power supply voltage
L1C, L2C connected			Control circuit power on before	Please disconnect the USB cable
when USB cable is connected			driver initialization. Alarm might occur.	before powering on control circuit.



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0d1"		
code	0d	1	Content: Single phasing of main power supply		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
	Main power supply undervoltage		Verify L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	Increase main power supply voltage	
•	Main power supply wiring error		Loose connection of L1, L2, L3	Secure connections	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0d2"		
code	0d	2	Content: No main power supply detected		
Cause			Diagnosis Solution		
No main	No main power supply		Verify L1,L2,L3 terminal voltage	Increase main power supply voltage Secure connections	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: " <mark>Er 0E0</mark> "	
code 0E 0 Conte			Content: Overcurrent	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Driver power output short circuit			Verify if there is short circuit between UVW terminals, or shorted to PG.	 Make sure there is no circuit. Make sure motor is not damaged
Motor wiring error			Verify motor wiring	Reconnect motor wiring
IGBT module short circuit			Disconnect motor output cable. Then, enable servo driver to check for overcurrent	Replace driver
Control parameter anomaly			Verify if parameter exceeds recommended range	Set parameter within recommended range.
Control command anomaly			Verify if command motion is too acute	Modify control command; use filter

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0E1"	
code 0E 1		1	Content: Intelligent Power Module (IPN	በ) overcurrent
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Driver power output short circuit		t	Verify if there is short circuit between UVW terminals, or shorted to PG.	 Make sure there is no circuit. Make sure motor is not damaged
Motor wi	Motor wiring error		Verify motor wiring	Reconnect motor wiring
IGBT mod	IGBT module short circuit		Disconnect motor output cable. Then, enable servo driver to check for overcurrent	Replace driver
	IGBT module undervoltage		/	Replace driver
Control parameter anomaly			Verify if parameter exceeds recommended range	Set parameter within recommended range.
Control c	ommand		Verify if command motion is too acute	Modify control command; use filter



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0E2"	
code	0E	2	Content: Power output to motor shorte	ed to ground
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
-	Driver U, V, W terminals shorted to ground		Disconnect motor power cable and check for short circuit between driver UVW and PE	Reconnect wiring. Change motor power cable.
Motor shorted to ground			Connect motor power cable to driver power output. Verify if resistance value of UVW to PE is in the range of MegaOhm ($M\Omega$)	Replace motor

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0E4"	
code	0E	2	Content: Phase overcurrent	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
	Driver U, V, W terminals shorted to ground		Disconnect motor power cable and check for short circuit between driver UVW and PE	Reconnect wiring. Change motor power cable.
Motor shorted to ground			Connect motor power cable to driver power output. Verify if resistance value of UVW to PE is equal and if there is short circuit	Replace motor

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 0F0"		
code 0F 0 Content: Driver overheated					
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Temperatu module ex limit	•		Measure the temperature of driver radiator.	 Improve cooling condition. Please check installation guide; Replace driver and motor with higher power rating; Increase duration time for acceleration and deceleration; Decrease load 	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 100" Content: Motor overloaded		
code	10	0			
Cause		Diagnosis		Solution	
Load too heavy		Verify if actual load exceeds maximum value allowed		Decrease load Adjust limit values	
Strong mechanical vibration		Look for mechanical vibration from machine system		Adjust gain value of control loop Increase duration time for acceleration and deceleration	
Motor or encoder cable wiring error		Verify motor and encoder wiring		Reconnect wiring Replace motor and encoder cable	
Holding brake engaged		Verify holding brake terminal voltage		Cut off holding brake	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 101"	
code	10	1	Content: Driver overloaded	
Cause		Diagno	osis Solution	
Motor power cable wiring error		UVW terminals wiring error		Make sure motor power cable wiring connection is correct
Motor not matched		Motor	current is too high	Motor rated current is higher than driver rated current. Please change to a driver with higher rated current.

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 102"		
	10	2	Content: Motor rotor blocked		
Cause		Diagno	sis	Solution	
Motor rotor blocked		Look for mechanical blockages		Check the machinery	
Motor rotor blocking time threshold value too low		Verify \	value of Pr6.57	Adjust value of Pr6.57	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 120"				
code	12	0	Content: Regenerative resistor overvoltage				
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution			
Regenerative energy			1. Verify if velocity is too	1. Decrease motor rotational velocity;			
exceeded capacity of		of	high	2. Decrease load inertia;			
regenerative resistor			2. Verify if load is too large	3. Add an external regenerative resistor;			
Power supply voltage			1. Verify if power supply	Decrease power supply voltage			
too high			voltage is within the rated	2. Increase regeneration resistance			
			range.	value(add external regenerative resistor)			
			2. Interval regenerative				
			resistor value is too low				
Unstable power supply		ply	Verify if power supply voltage	Add a surge suppressor to main power			
voltage			is stable	supply.			
Regenerative energy		SY	/	1. Add an external regenerative resistor;			
discharge circuit				2. Replace driver			
damaged							

Error Main Sub		Sub	Display: "Er 121"	
code	12	1	Content: Holding brake error	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Holding brake circuit			Regenerative resistor disconnected	Replace regenerative resistor
damaged			Holding brake IGBT damaged	Replace driver



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 122"		
code 12 2		2	Content: Regenerative resistor value too low		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
External regenerative resistor value is less than the minimum value allowed by the drive		s than	/	Replace the regenerative resistor with the right resistance value which meets the specification of the driver	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 150"			
code	15	0	Content: Encoder disconnected			
Cause			Diagnosis Solution			
Encoder ca disconnect			Verify encoder cable connection	Make sure encoder cable properly connected		
Encoder ca	ble wirin	g error	Verify if encoder wiring is correct	Reconnect encoder wiring		
Encoder damaged			/ Replace motor			
Encoder measuring circuit damaged			/ Replace driver			

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 151"		
code	15	1	Content: Encoder communication error		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Encoder wi	ire shield	ing layer	Verify if encoder cable has shielding layer	Replace with standard encoder cable	
Encoder cable wiring error			Verify if encoder wiring is correct	Reconnect encoder wiring	
Encoder damaged			/	Replace motor	

Main Sub)	Display: "Er 152"			
code	15 2		<u> </u>	Content: Encoder initial position error		
Cause			Dia	agnosis	Solution	
Communication data abnormal		a	vol 2. lay 3.	Verify if encoder power supply ltage is DC5V 25%; Verify if encoder cable and shielded er is not damaged; Verify if encoder cable is close to the showered power supply cable	 Make sure encoder power supply voltage is stable Make sure encoder cable is not damaged. Make sure encoder cable shielded layer is grounded to frame Make sure encoder cable is away from high-powered power supply cable 	
Encoder	der damaged				Replace motor	
Encoder circuit da	measurinફ maged	3		1	Replace driver	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 153"		
code	15	3	Content: Multiturn encoder	error	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Initial use			Origin calibration not performed	Perform origin positioning and multiturn position initialization, calibrate the origin of coordinate system.	
multiturr	Encoder without multiturn absolute function used		Verify if encoder has multiturn absolute function	 Replace the motor with a multiturn absolute encoder. Set Pr0.15 = 0 to deactivate multiturn absolute function. 	
Low battery power			Replace battery and restart driver to clear alarm	Replace battery	
Battery has no power or has been dismantled			Alarm not cleared after replacing battery and restart	Absolute position lost. Return to origin and perform multiturn initialization, calibrate the origin of coordinate system	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 154"		
code	15	4	Content: Encoder parameter settings error		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Absolute	Absolute encoder mode is		Verify if encoder has multi-turn Modify absolute encoder mode		
incorrectly set.			absolute value function.	settings	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 155"	
code 15 5 Content: Encoder data overflow				
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Encoder data overflow			Verify if encoder is not damaged	Initialize multiturn data
Absolute value applications, motor rotates in one direction			Verify if encoder is not damaged Adjust absolute value applicat mode, set to turntable mode	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 156"		
code	15	6	Content: Encoder overheated		
Cause			Diagnosis Solution		
The encoder temperature is too high.			Verify if motor temperature is too high Reduce encoder temperature.		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 157"		
code 15 7 Conten		7	Content: Encoder counter error	Content: Encoder counter error	
Cause			Diagnosis Solution		
Encoder data overflow			Verify if encoder is not damaged	Initialize multiturn data	
Absolute value applications, motor rotates in one direction			Verify if encoder is not damaged Adjust absolute value application mode, set to turntable mode		



Error Main S		Sub	Display: "Er 170"		
code	17	0	Content: Encoder data error		
Cause		Diagi	nosis	Solution	
Communication data abnormal		volta 2. Ve layer 3. Ve	erify if encoder power supply ge is DC5V 25%; erify if encoder cable and shielded is not damaged; erify if encoder cable is close to powered power supply cable	 Make sure encoder power supply voltage is stable Make sure encoder cable is not damaged. Make sure encoder cable shielded layer is grounded to frame Make sure encoder cable is away from high-powered power supply cable 	
Encoder damaged			/	Replace motor	
Encoder circuit da	measuring maged		1	Replace driver	

Error Main Su		Sub		Display: "Er 171"		
code	17	1	L	Content: Encoder parameter initialization error		
Cause	Cause		Diagn	osis	Solution	
	Driver and motor not matched		Verify driver and motor models.		Replace with matching driver and motor	
Error while getting parameters from encoder		i i	2. Ver nsula	ify if encoder cable is standard. ify if encoder has no peeled tor, broken connection or per contact.	Use standard encoder cable, verify the connection of both sides of driver and motor, change encoder cable if necessary	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 180"	
code	18	0	Content: Excessive position deviation	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Improper position deviation settings			Verify if value of Pr_014 is too low	Increase value of Pr_014
Position gai	n setting t	too low	Verify if values of Pr1.00 & Pr1.05 are too low	Increase values of Pr1.00 & Pr1.05
Torque limit too low			Verify if values of Pr0.13 & Pr5.22 are too low	Increase values of Pr0.13 & Pr5.22
Excessive external load			Verify if acceleration and deceleration duration time is too low. Verify if rotational velocity is too high Verify if load is too large	Increase duration time for acceleration and deceleration Decrease rotational velocity Decrease load

Error	Main	Sub	Disp	Display: "Er 181"		
code	18	1	Content: Excessive velocity deviation			
Cause	Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
	Deviation between set velocity and actual velocity is too great		ť `	Verify if value of Pr6.02 is too low	 Increase value of Pr6.02; Set Pr6.02 to 0, position error detection off. 	



Acceleration and deceleration duration time for set velocity is too low	Verify if value of Pr3.12 and Pr3.13 are too low	Increase value of Pr3.12, Pr3.13; Adjust velocity gain to reduce velocity lag error
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Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 190" Content: Vibration too strong	
code	19	0		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Resonance			Mechanical stiffness is too high, resonance occurs	Reduce mechanical stiffness or use filter
Current loop gain too large		00	Verify current loop gain value Reduce current loop gain	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 191" Content: Excessive hybrid position deviation		
code	19	1			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Driver UVW terminal output single phasing or wiring error		Verify if UVW terr connection is righ	connected to LIVW of motor, change		
Motor rotor blocked			Look for mechanic blockages	Check the machinery	
Driver stiffness too low			Verify if position levelocity loop gain	·	

Error Mai Sub Display: "Er 1A0"					
code	1A	0	Content: Overspeed		
Cause		Diagnos	sis Solution		
1. Verify if velocity command is too high;			if velocity command is too high;	1. Adjust velocity input	
Motor velo	ocity	2. Verify	if simulated velocity command voltage is	command; 2. Increase Pr3.21	
exceeded 1	exceeded first t		ı;	value;	
speed limit	speed limit		if parameter value of Pr3.21 is too low;	3. Adjust pulse train input	
(Pr3.21)		4. Verify	if input frequency and division	frequency and division	
		frequen	cy coefficient of pulse train is proper;	frequency coefficient;	
		5. Verify	if encoder is wired correctly	4. Verify encoder wiring;	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 1A1" Content: Velocity out of control		
code	1A	1			
Cause		Diagno	sis Solution		
Motor velo	ocity Verify encoder phase sequence; Verify if UVW cable		encoder phase sequence; Verify if UVW cable	Reconnect UVW if wrongly	
out of con	out of control, is connected to the right terminal		connected. If still remains		
Excessive				unsolved, please contact	
velocity err	or			technical support.	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 1b0"		
code	1b	0	Content: Bus input signal dithering		
Cause			Diagnosis Solution		



Controller		
synchronization	/	Increase alarm threshold value
dithering		

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 1b1"		
code	1b	1	Content: Incorrect electronic gear ratio		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis Solution		
Values out of range		!	Numerator or denominator is zero/Set values out of range	Reduce number of pulses per revolution	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 1b4" Content: Excessive synchronous position mode command		
code	1b	4			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Values out of range		ļ	Numerator or denominator is zero/Set values out of range	Reduce number of pulses per revolution	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 210"		
code	21	0	Content: I/O input interface assignment error		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Input signal assigned with two or more functions.			Verify values of Pr4.00-Pr4.09, Pr4.44-4.47	Set proper values for Pr4.00- Pr4.09, Pr4.44-4.47	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 211" Content: I/O input interface function assignment error		
code	21	1			
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
Input signal assignment		nment	Verify values of Pr4.00-Pr4.09,	Set proper values for Pr4.00-	
error	, , ,		Pr4.44-4.47	Pr4.09, Pr4.44-4.47	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 212" Content: I/O output interface function assignment error	
code	21	2		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
	Input signal assigned with two or more functions.		Verify values of Pr4.10-Pr4.15	Set proper values for Pr4.10- Pr4.15
Input signal not assigned		igned	Verify values of Pr4.10-Pr4.15	Set proper values for Pr4.10- Pr4.15

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 240"	
code	24	0	Content: CRC correction error during EEPROM parameter saving	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
L1, L2 terminal voltage too low		age	Verify if L1, L2 terminal voltage too low	Make sure L1, L2 terminal voltage is within recommended range
Parameter saving anomaly			Save parameter again and restart	Save parameter again

Error	ain Sub	rror	Sub Display: "Er 260"
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code	26	0	Content: Positive/Negative position limit triggered under non-homing		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
	Positive/negative position limit triggered		Verify position limit signal	/	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 270" "Er 272"		
code	27	0~2	Error description: Analog input 1-3 out of range		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Analog value out of range		range	Verify if analog input value is out of range	Adjust analog input voltage	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 280"		
code	28	0	Error description: Output pulse frequency too high		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
	Frequency divided pulse output exceeds 1MHz		Verify if motor rotational speed and the number of frequencies divided pulse output are too high	Reduce the number of frequency divided pulses output or reduce rotational speed	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 570"	
code	57	0	Error description: Forced alarm input valid	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Forced alarm input signal occurred			Verify forced alarm input signal	Verify if the input wiring connection is correct

Error	Main	Sub	Display: " <mark>Er 5F0</mark> "		
code	5F	0	Content: Motor model no. detection error		
Cause	Cause		Diagnosis	Solution	
	Automatically detected motor doesn't match set motor		/	Please contact our technical support	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 5F1"		
code	5F	1	Error description: Driver power module detection error		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Driver power rating not within range.		not	Restart driver	Please contact our technical support	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: " <mark>Er 600</mark> "			
code	60	0	Error description: Main loop interrupted timeout			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution		
The motor control loop calculation time overflow		•	Check for interference from devices releasing electromagnetic field	Ground driver and motor to reduce interference		
			Restart driver	Replace driver		



Error description: Velocity loc Diagnosis	T
Diagnosis	
D1001100110	Solution
Verify if encoder connection is and that the encoder cable is too not long (more than 20 meters)	Replace encoder cable if necessary
	long (more than 20

Error	Main	Sub	Display: " <mark>Er 700</mark> "		
code	70	0	Error description: Encryption error		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
1 .	Encryption error during initialization upon		Restart driver	Please contact our technical support	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: " <mark>Er 890</mark> "	
code	89	0	Error description: Homin	g error
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Excess homing velocity Homing mode is different from given signal Sensor signal edge inconsistent			Verify if homing velocity is too high Verify if homing mode is set correctly Verify if sensor signal edge is consistent	Set an optimal homing velocity Make sure sensor signal edge is consistent.
Inconsistent origin status			1. Homing acceleration/ deceleration is set too low 2. Electronic gear ratio is low which causes acceleration/ deceleration to be too low	If electronic gear ratio cannot be changed, please set a suitable 609A. Increase electronic gear ratio

8.5 Alarm clearing

For alarm can be cleared. There are 3 method.

Method 1

1. By setting bit 7 of 6040h to 1, switches state machine from fault to initialization completion, No fault(Switch on disabled).

Method 2:

Use auxiliary function "AF_ACL"

1. Press M to select auxiliary function , Press SET to enter into " AF_ACL " , Press and hold to clear the alarm

Method 3:

Set IO input function as Alarm clear input "(A-CLR)", refer to switch input interface connection to clear the alarm.



8.6 EtherCAT Communication Alarm

EtherCAT communication related alarms are erasable and will not be recorded in alarm history.

Clearing EtherCAT communication alarm is similar to clearing servo driver alarm.

Please clear the alarm before switching to 402 machine state.

EtherCAT communication alarm however, relies on register clearance from the main station. Can be solved according to following steps:

- 1. Set bit 4 of ESC control register 0x120 (error responder) to 1.
- 2. The communication alarm can be cleared until the feedback of the ESC status code register $0x134^{\sim}0x135$ is 0.
- 3. By setting bit 7 of 6040h to 1, switches state machine from fault to initialization completion, No fault (Switch on disabled).

(Switch on albabica).							
Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 73A"				
code	73	Α	Error description: SyncManag	ger2 lost			
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution			
Poor master p	erformand	e		Increase the alarm threshold			
Single-unit drive has problem			Is it a single unit or multiple units together in the network	Switch drive			
Interference			Check the grounding and	Replace the network cable			
			network wiring quality				

Error	Main	Sub	Display: " <mark>Er 73b</mark> "	
code	73	В	Error description: SYNC0 lost	
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Poor master p	erformand	e		Increase threshold value limit
Single-unit drive has problem			Is it a single unit or multiple units together in the network	Switch drive
interfere			Check the grounding and network wiring quality	Replace the network cable

Error	Main	Sub	Display: " <mark>Er 73c</mark> "	
code	73	С	Error description: Excessive D	Distributed Clock error
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution
Poor master d	levice			
performance				Increase threshold value limit
Single-unit drive has problem			Is it a single unit or multiple units together in	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 801"
code	80	1	Error description: Unknown communication error
Cause			EtherCAT state machine transition failed
The status of the error can be detected			All ESM status
			The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution			Verify network connection and master device EtherCAT state machine transition order



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 802"
code	80	2	Error description: Memory overflow
Cause			CPU failed to request memory
The status of the error can be detected			All ESM status
			The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution			Verify if OSD-H-*-E hardware is faulty

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 803"
code	80	3	Error description: RAM out of bound
Cause			EtherCAT state machine memory address access request from master device is out of bound
The status of the error can be detected			All communication status
The result status			NO
Solution			Verify master device configuration or replace master device

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 805"
code	80	5	Error description: FOE firmware upgrade failed
Cause			Firmware burn error
The status of detected	The status of the error can be detected		BOOT
The result status			Remain in the detection state
Solution			Replace firmware/driver

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 806"
code	80	6	Error description: Saved ESI file does not match driver firmware
Cause			ESI file does not match driver firmware
The status of	The status of the error can be		INIT
detected			
The result status			Remain in the detection state
Solution			Burn matching firmware to driver

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 811"
code	81	1	Error description: Invalid EtherCAT transition request
Cause			Driver received unconvertible request from EtherCAT state machine
The status of the error can be detected			All ESM Status
			The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution			Verify if the transition information from master device is correct



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 812"
code	81	2	Error description: Unknown EtherCAT state machine transition request
Cause			Driver receives a transition request other than states of the EtherCAT state machine
The status of detected	The status of the error can be detected		All ESM Status
The result status			The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution			Verify transition information from master device

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 813"
code	81	3	Error description: Protection request from boot state
Cause			Driver receives a transition request to boot state
The status of	the error	can be	Initialize the conversion to a boot
detected			
The result status			initialization
Solution			Verify if driver software version supports this state transition

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 814"
code	81	4	Error description: Invalid firmware
Cause			Firmware not matched with driver
The status of	the error	can be	BOOT/INIT
detected			
The result status			Keeping in the detection status
Solution			Return driver to supplier to update firmware

Error	Main	Sub	Display: " <mark>Er 815</mark> "
code	81	5	Error description: Invalid mailbox configuration under boot state
Cause			Boot state action not supported under current configuration
The status of the error can be detected			Initialize the conversion to a boot
The result status			Initialization
Solution			Verify if OSD-H-*-E software version supports action under this state.

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 816"
code	81	6	Error description: Pre-Op status is invalid for the mailbox configuration
Cause			The synchronization manager configuration under Pre-Op is invalid
The status of the error can be detected			pre-operation
The result status			initialization
Solution			Nerify if XML file version is consistent with software version EtherCAT slave controller error, please contact technical support



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 817"
code	81	7	Error description: Invalid SyncManager configuration
Cause			Synchronization manager configuration is invalid
The status of the error can be detected			Pre-op above
The result status			Pre-op
Solution			Verify master device configuration/ESI file version

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 818"
	81	8	Error description: No valid input data
Cause			The input data is not updated for more than 1 second
The status of the error can be detected			All ESM status
			The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution			1. Verify if TxPDO is valid
			2. Verify master device synchronization settings

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 819"
code	81	9	Error description: No valid output data
Cause			Output data is not updated for more than 1 second
The status of the error can be			All ESM status
detected			
The result status			The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation
			state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution			1. Verify if RxPDO is valid
			2. Verify master device synchronization settings

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 81A"
code	81	Α	Error description: Synchronization error
Cause			RxPDO and DC update order failed or one of them is not updated in sync
The status of the error can be detected			All ESM status
			The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution			1. Verify if PXPDO is valid
			3. Verify master device synchronization settings

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 81b"
	81	b	Error description: SyncManager2 watchdog timer timeout
Cause			The RxPDO update timeout in operational state
The status	of	the error	operation
can be detect	:ed		
The result status			Safe operation
Solution			1. Verify if OSD-H network is connected
			4. Verify RxPDO update time



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 81c"
code	81	С	Error description: Invalid SyncManager type
Cause			Synchronization Manager configuration types other than the following:
			1. Email output
			2. Email input
			3. Process data output
			4. Process data input
The status of the error can be detected		can be	Pre-operation
The result status			Initialize
Solution			Verify if XML file version is consistent with software version

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 81d"
	81	d	Error description: Invalid output configuration
Cause			Process data output synchronization manager configuration is invalid
The status of the error can be detected			Pre-operation
The result status			Initialize
Solution			Verify OSD-H synchronization manager configuration Verify if XML file version is consistent with software version

Error	Main	Sub	Display: " <mark>Er 81E</mark> "
code	81	E	Error description: Invalid input configuration
Cause			Process data input synchronization manager configuration is invalid
The status of the error can be detected			Pre-operation
The result status			Initialize
Solution			1. Verify OSD-H synchronization manager configuration
			Verify if XML file version is consistent with software version

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 821"
code	82	1	Error description: Waiting for EtherCAT state machine Init state
Cause			Driver waiting for master device to send Init request
The status of the error can be		can be	All ESM status
detected			
The result status			Keeping the current state
Solution			Verify transition request sent from master device



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 822"
code	82	2	Error description: Waiting for the EtherCAT state machine Pre-Op state
Cause			Driver waiting for master device to send Pre-Op request
The status of the error can be detected		can be	Safe operation, operation
The result status			Keeping the current state
Solution			Verify transition request sent from master device

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 823"
code	82	3	Error description: Waiting for master device for Safe-Op request
Cause			Process data output synchronization manager configuration is invalid
The status of detected	the error	can be	Operation
The result status			Keeping the current state
Solution			Verify transition request sent from master device

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 824"
code	82	4	Error description: Invalid process data input mapping
Cause			TxPDO is configured with non-mappable objects
The status of detected	the error	can be	Safe operation
The result status			Pre-operation
Solution			Reconfigure the TxPDO mapping object

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 825"
code	82	5	Error description: Invalid process data output mapping
Cause			RxPDO is configured with non- mappable objects
The status of the error can be detected		can be	Safe operation
The result status			Pre-operation
Solution			Reconfigure the RxPDO mapping object

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 828"
code	82	8	Error description: Sync mode not supported
Cause			Sync mode is not supported in the current configuration
The status of the error can be detected			Safe operation
The result status			Pre-operation
Solution			1. Verify OSD-H software version
			Verify XML version



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 82b"
code	82	b	Error description: Invalid inputs and outputs
Cause			No RxPDO and TxPDO updates for more than 1 second
The status of the error can be detected		can be	All ESM status
The result status			The current state is maintained below the safe operation, and the operation
			state is switched to the safe operation state
Solution			1. Verify if current RxPDO and TxPDO are invalid
			Verify master device synchronization settings

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 82c"
	82	С	Error description: Fatal synchronization error
Cause			DC watchdog timer timeout
The status of detected	the error	can be	Safe operation, operation
The result sta	The result status		Safe operation
Solution			1. Verify if OSD-H-*-E hardware is faulty
			Verify DC setting and delay

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 82d"
code	82	d	Error description: No synchronization error
Cause			Synchronization is invalid
The status	of the error	can be	operation
detected			
The result status			Safe operation
Solution			1. Verify if "fatal synchronization error" has occurred.
			Verify master device synchronization settings

Error	Main	Sub	Display: " <mark>Er 82E</mark> "
code	82	E	Error description: Synchronization cycle time is too short
Cause			Master device synchronization cycle time is set to less than 125 microseconds
The status of the error can be detected			operation
The result status			Pre-operation
Solution			Verify master device synchronization cycle time

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 830"
code	83	0	Error description: Invalid Distributed Clock synchronization settings
Cause			Synchronization settings in sync mode are not valid
The status of the error can be detected		can be	Safe operation
The result status			Pre-operation
Solution			Verify master device synchronization settings



Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 832"
	83	2	Error description: Distribution Clock phase-locked loop failure
Cause			Distribution Clock phase-locked loop setting is invalid
The status of the error can be detected			Safe operation, operation
The result status			Safe operation
Solution			Verify master device Distribution Clock settings and network transmission delay

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 835"
code	83	5	Error description: Distribution Clock cycle time is invalid
Cause			Set synchronization cycle time is not proportional to drive position loop
The status of the error can be detected		can be	Safe operation
The result status			Pre-operation
Solution			Refer to user manual to set a reasonable synchronization cycle time.

Error	Main Sub		Display: "Er 836"	
code	83	6	Error description: Invalid Distribution Clock synchronization cycle time	
			The synchronization cycle time setting is not as the following 125us / 250us / 500us / 750us / 1000us / 2000us / 4000us	
The status of the error can be detected			Safe operation	
The result status			Pre-operation Pre-operation	
Solution			Verify master device synchronization cycle time	

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 850"	
	85	0	Error description: EEPROM is inaccessible	
Cause			EtherCAT slave controller failed to access EEPROM	
The status of the error can be detected			All ESM status	
The result status			Keeping the current state	
Solution			1. Verify if OSD-H hardware is faulty	
			2. Verify if master device released access	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 851"	
code	85	1	Error description: EEPROM error	
Cause			EEPROM operation of EtherCAT slave controller failed	
The status of the error can be detected			All ESM status	
The result status			Keeping the current state	
Solution			Verify if master device released access	



Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 851"	
code	85	1	Error description: EEPROM error	
Cause			EEPROM operation of EtherCAT slave controller failed	
The status of the error can be detected			All ESM status	
The result status			Keeping the current state	
Solution			Verify if master device released access	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 852"	
code	85	2	Error description: Hardware is not ready	
Cause			Data communication lost	
The status of	the error	can be	All ESM status	
detected				
The result status			Keeping the current state	
Solution			Verify if OSD-H-*-E hardware is faulty	

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 860"	
	86	0	Error description: EtherCAT frame lost per unit time exceeds limit	
Cause			EtherCAT frame lost per unit time exceeds the setting in 2635-00h	
The status of the error can be detected			All status	
The result status			Keeping the detection state	
Solution			Change to network cable with higher bandwidth / Replace driver	

Error code	Main	Sub	Display: "Er 870"	
	87	0	Error description: Driver can't be enabled under current control mode	
Cause			Enable driver under unsupported mode	
The status of the error can be		can be	All status	
detected				
The result status			Maintain status	
Solution			Switch to the correct control mode	

Error	Main	Sub	Display: " <mark>Er 890</mark> "		
code	89	0	Error description: Homing Error		
Cause			Diagnosis	Solution	
Homing velocity too high. Passed homing sensor before signal is captured			Verify if homing velocity is too high. Or set lower homing velocity	Decrease homing velocity or increase homing acceleration	
Homing mode is not coincide with input signals			Verify if input signal from sensors are corresponding to the demands of chosen homing mode	Set up the signal input in accordance to homing mode settings	
Unsupported homing mode			Verify if improper homing mode is set in object dictionary 6098h	Re-select homing mode	