

## SD700 servo fault code description (EtherCat)

| Fault Code | Description   | Solution   |
|------------|---|--|
| Er. 020    | Parameter and checksum exceptions                               | 1、 After initializing the parameter setting values, enter the parameters again;<br>2、 Write the power level of the driver to 0 first, and then write the correct power level. Note: Perform current detection correction, analog input correction, and bus voltage correction after the power level is written.<br>3、 Servo driver failure, replace servo driver.  |
| Er. 021    | Parameter formatting exception (inconsistent version number)    | 1. Execute soft reset, and if the fault is still reported, write the power level of the drive to 0 first, and then write the correct power level. Note: After the power level is written, perform current detection correction, analog input correction, and bus voltage correction.   |
| Er. 022    | System and calibration exceptions                               | 2、 Servo driver failure, replace servo driver.   |
| Er. 023    | XML file not burned   | 1、 Re-burn the XML file<br>2、 Replace the driver   |
| Er. 030    | Main circuit detection section abnormal                         | Servo driver failure, replace servo driver.  |
| Er. 040    | Parameter setting exception                                     | 1、 Make the changed parameter a value within the setting range.<br>2、 Make the set value of the electronic gear ratio within the set range.<br>3 、 Make the capacity of servo driver and servo motor match each other.<br>4、 I/O terminal definition repeat  |
| Er. 041    | Frequency division pulse output setting abnormal                | Set the number of encoder divider pulses to the appropriate value.   |
| Er. 042    | Parameter combination exception                                 | 1、 Make the setting value of electronic gear ratio within the setting range.<br>2、 Make the relevant setting of program JOG logical.   |
| Er. 044    | Semi-closed loop / fully closed loop parameter setting abnormal | Correct setting of semi/fully closed-loop parameters   |
| Er. 050    | Mismatch between drive and motor capacity                       | 1 、 Check whether the drive power and motor power are correct;<br>2、 Replace the drive or motor so that it is within a reasonable range  |
| Er. 051    | Product does not support alarms                                 | If a function module is connected that is not supported by the product, please choose the matching combination   |
| Er. 080    | Abnormal setting of distance per unit pulse of encoder          | Correct setting of the distance per unit pulse of the encoder  |
| Er. 08A    | Position sensor resolution setting abnormal                     | Correct setting of the position sensor resolution  |
| Er. 0B0    | Servo on command invalid alarm                                  | 1、 Turn on the power to the servo driver again.<br>2、 Software reset   |
| Er. 100    | Overcurrent   | 1、 check whether the motor phase sequence is connected wrong.<br>2、 check whether the motor is damaged, use a multimeter to measure whether U/V/W to ground is short together.<br>3、 check whether the motor's encoder angle is correct.<br>4、 through the virtual oscilloscope to monitor the UV phase current sampling AD value in the unenabled condition, to determine whether the drive hardware current sampling fault, under normal circumstances in the vicinity of 0  |
| Er. 300    | Brake resistor failure  | 1、 The external regenerative resistor is wired correctly. Determine whether the value of PNO12 and PNO13 is correct<br>2、 After troubleshooting the wiring, it may be a servo driver problem, replace the servo driver   |
| Er. 320    | Braking resistor overload                                       | 1、 do not enable the state to check whether the drive bus voltage is within a reasonable range, if the bus voltage detection error, there is a risk of false braking, false protection.<br>2、 confirm whether the braking resistor wiring is correct, see the manual for details.<br>3、 according to the load situation, consider whether the current braking resistor selection is appropriate, see the braking resistor selection rules.<br>4 、 if the wiring is correct, and the brake resistor selection is reasonable, the operation is still reported regenerative overload, then you can monitor through the host computer or keyboard when the bus voltage reaches the braking point during operation, whether there is a small drop. If the bus voltage reaches the braking point, still smooth rise, it can be judged that the brake tube damage.<br>5、 if the fault is reported in the last run, then power up and so on for a period in the run.   |
| Er. 330    | The main circuit power supply is wired incorrectly              | Correctly connect the main circuit power cable   |
| Er. 400    | Overvoltage   | 1、 Under the non-enabled condition, measure the power supply voltage and monitor whether the bus voltage (Un140) is 1.414 times the input power supply voltage (AC rms). If the deviation is large, it can be determined that the bus voltage detection hardware is faulty.<br>2 、 Measure the power supply voltage, if the power supply voltage is adjustable, the power supply voltage will be adjusted to within the product specifications, if it is not adjustable and the power supply voltage is in an unstable state, a voltage regulator can be added.<br>3、 consider the operating conditions and load, to determine whether the selection of the brake resistor is reasonable (whether the resistance value is too large), if in frequent acceleration and deceleration resulting in overvoltage, then consider replacing the brake resistor.<br>4、 it is possible that the brake tube is damaged, check the brake tube.<br>5、 be sure to ensure that the motor is operating in the state of the permissible rotational inertia ratio and mass ratio.<br>6、 servo drive failure, replace the servo drive. |
| Er. 410    | Undervoltage  | 1、 Check if the power input terminal wire is connected.<br>2、 If not enabled, measure the power supply voltage and monitor the bus voltage (Un140) to see if it is 1.414 times the input power supply voltage (AC rms). If the deviation is large, it can be determined that the bus voltage detection hardware is faulty.<br>3、 Measure the input power supply voltage, if the power supply voltage is adjustable, adjust the power supply voltage to within the product specification range.<br>4、 Measure the input power supply voltage, if the input power supply voltage fluctuates widely, then the customer can be recommended to install a voltage regulator.<br>5、 If the power supply capacity is adjustable, then the customer can be recommended to speak of power supply capacity higher.  |
| Er. 510    | Overspeed   | 1、 Confirm whether there is a problem with the motor wiring and whether the UVW three phases are connected backwards.<br>2、 Confirm whether there is an abnormal connection to the encoder.<br>3、 Confirm whether the maximum speed setting in the motor parameters is correct.<br>4、 confirm whether the input command exceeds the overspeed value.<br>5、 Lower the servo gain, or set a certain smoothing time.  |
| Er. 511    | Frequency division pulse output overspeed                       | 1、 Lower the number of output pulses per revolution of the frequency division (Pn070).<br>2、 If the working condition allows, reduce the motor running speed.  |
| Er. 520    | Vibration Alarm   | 1 、 If the working condition allows, reduce the motor speed. Or reduce the speed loop gain.<br>2 、 Set the rotational inertia ratio correctly.<br>3 、 Set the vibration detection value (Pn187) and vibration detection sensitivity (Pn186) appropriately.   |
| Er. 521    | Auto-adjustment alarm   | 1、 Reduce the load so that it is below the allowable rotational inertia ratio;<br>2、 Lower the gain class related parameters   |

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| Er. 550 | Maximum speed setting abnormal  | Set the maximum speed setting correctly  |
| Er. 710 | Overload (instantaneous maximum load)                                 | 1. Check whether there is blocking when the motor is running.<br>2. to confirm whether there is a problem with the motor wiring (phase sequence, and connection), encoder wiring.<br>3. consider the operating conditions and load, to determine whether the drive or motor selection is reasonable.<br>4. Observe whether the motor has a large jitter during operation, whether there is a large noise, if so, adjust the gain parameters to eliminate noise or jitter, while the virtual oscilloscope can be used to monitor the motor output torque for abnormalities. |
| Er. 720 | Overload (continuous maximum load)                                    | 1. Confirm motor wiring (phase sequence, and connection), encoder wiring whether there are problems<br>2. consider the operating conditions and load, to determine whether the drive or motor selection is reasonable.<br>3. Observe whether the motor has a large jitter during operation, whether there is a large noise, if so, adjust the gain parameters to eliminate noise or jitter, while the virtual oscilloscope can be used to monitor the motor output torque is abnormal.   |
| Er. 730 | DB Overload 1   | 1. The load is too heavy when stopping, resulting in DB resistance overload, try to reduce the running speed or reduce the load.<br>2. Check whether the motor is driven by external force.<br>3. According to the customer's demand, re-evaluate whether it is necessary to demand by DB mode when stopping, if not, choose another way to stop.<br>4. If the fault is reported in the last run, then power on and so on for a period in the run.   |
| Er. 731 | DB Overload 2   | 1. Reduce the command speed of servo motor<br>2. reduce the ratio of rotational inertia.<br>3. servo drive problems, replace the servo   |
| Er. 740 | Inrush current limiting resistor overload                             | Servo driver failure, replace servo driver.  |
| Er. 7A0 | Heat sink overheat  | 1. With fan drive, check whether the air duct is blocked and whether the fan is damaged.<br>2. check the drive installation conditions, heat dissipation conditions are good, as far as possible to improve the drive cooling conditions;<br>3. check the drive with load, if the load is too heavy, then the customer can be recommended to replace the high-power section of the drive.<br>4. if the conditions allow, you can reduce the drive carrier frequency.   |
| Er. 7AA | Abnormal control board temperature                                    | 1. Improve the installation conditions of the servo drive and reduce the ambient temperature.<br>2. reconfirm the load conditions, operating conditions.<br>3. servo drive failure, replace the servo drive.   |
| Er. 7AB | Servo drive built-in fan stop   | 1, whether there are foreign objects blocking the fan.<br>2, servo drive failure, replace the servo drive.   |
| Er. 810 | Encoder backup alarm  | 1. Check the power supply of multi-turn encoder battery<br>2. Perform multi-turn encoder zeroing action  |
| Er. 820 | Encoder sum calibration alarm   | Damaged encoder or damaged servo control board   |
| Er. 830 | Encoder battery alarm   | Multi-turn encoder battery replacement   |
| Er. 840 | Encoder data abnormalities  | Damaged encoder or damaged servo control board   |
| Er. 850 | Encoder overspeed   | Restore factory settings, damaged encoder or damaged servo control board   |
| Er. 860 | Encoder overheat  | Motor temperature is too high caused by  |
| Er. 870 | Encoder write error   | Write motor parameters correctly   |
| Er. 8A0 | External encoder exception  | Correctly write the motor encoder parameters and make sure that the encoder wire is properly connected.  |
| Er. B10 | Speed command A/D exception   |  |
| Er. B11 | Speed command A/D conversion data exception                           |  |
| Er. B20 | Torque command exception  |  |
| Er. B31 | Current detection fault 1 (U phase)                                   | Determine if the motor is short-circuited and replace the servo driver with a new one  |
| Er. B32 | Current detection fault 2 (V-phase)                                   | Determine if the motor is short-circuited and replace the servo driver with a new one  |
| Er. B33 | Safety terminal input   | Correct access to safety terminals   |
| Er. BF0 | System Alarm 0  | Power off and on also reported this fault, replace the servo   |
| Er. BF1 | System Alarm 1  | Power off and on also reported this fault, replace the servo   |
| Er. BF2 | System Alarm 2  | Power off and on also reported this fault, replace the servo   |
| Er. BF3 | System Alarm 3  | Power off and on also reported this fault, replace the servo   |
| Er. BF4 | Hardware Overcurrent  | 1、The cable may be short-circuited. Replace the cable.<br>2、there may be a servo motor failure. Replace the servo motor.<br>3. servo driver failure, replace the servo unit.   |
| Er. C10 | Failure to control alarm  | 1. Confirm whether the motor wiring is normal<br>2. Check whether the motor and encoder are normal<br>3. Re-connect the power to the servo driver, if the alarm still occurs, it may be a servo driver failure   |
| Er. C20 | Phase error detection   | After determining that the motor is not a problem, restore the factory settings to determine whether there is a problem, or replace the driver   |
| Er. C21 | Hall sensor detection abnormality                                     | After determining that the motor is not a problem, restore the factory settings to determine whether there is a problem, or replace the driver   |
| Er. C22 | Inconsistent phase information  | After determining that the motor is not a problem, restore the factory settings to determine whether there is a problem, or replace the driver   |
| Er. C50 | Magnetic pole detection failure                                       | After determining that the motor is not a problem, restore the factory settings to determine whether there is a problem, or replace the driver   |
| Er. C51 | Magnetic pole detection stop  | After determining that the motor is not a problem, restore the factory settings to determine whether there is a problem, or replace the driver   |
| Er. C52 | Magnetic pole detection not completed                                 | After determining that the motor is not a problem, restore the factory settings to determine whether there is a problem, or replace the driver   |
| Er. C53 | Magnetic pole detection overtravel                                    | After determining that the motor is not a problem, restore the factory settings to determine whether there is a problem, or replace the driver   |
| Er. C54 | Magnetic pole detection failure2                                      | After determining that the motor is not a problem, restore the factory settings to determine whether there is a problem, or replace the driver   |
| Er. C80 | Encoder clearing exception (multi-turn upper limit setting exception) | multi-turn upper limit setting exception, Please restore the factory settings  |
| Er. C90 | Encoder communication failure: broken line                            | 1. Multimeter test each signal line of the encoder line, whether there is a signal line break<br>2. Check the encoder line model, confirm whether the model is correct<br>3. Check the length of the encoder line, the encoder line can not be too long<br>4. It may be caused by interference, try to ground the driver or encoder line around the magnetic ring<br>5. Check the motor unit parameters, to confirm whether the motor is correct<br>6. Exclude various reasons, may servo drive failure, replace the servo unit.   |
| Er. C91 | Abnormal acceleration of encoder communication position data          |  |
| Er. C92 | Encoder communication timer exception                                 |  |
| Er. CA0 | Abnormal encoder parameters   |  |
| Er. CB0 | Encoder return checksum exception                                     |  |
| Er. CC0 | Inconsistent upper and lower rotation limit values                    | Restore factory setting  |

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| Er. D00 | Excessive position deviation   | 1、Set a suitable alarm value for excessive position deviation.<br>2、check whether the encoder line, motor line is connected properly, use your hand to rotate the motor and monitor whether Un003 (rotor position relative to Z pulse) changes between 0~16777216 (24-bit encoder).<br>3、calculate whether the pulse frequency input, acceleration planning or electronic gear ratio setting is reasonable.<br>4、To determine whether the relevant parameter settings are reasonable, such as: torque limit, speed limit, inertia ratio, position gain, whether the speed gain is too small, whether the position filter is too large, etc.<br>5、Calculate whether the motor selection is too small and the acceleration and deceleration is too slow resulting in too large position deviation. |
| Er. D01 | Excessive position deviation at servo ON                                 | Set the correct value of Pn267 (excessive position deviation threshold when the servo is ON)   |
| Er. D02 | Alarm for excessive position deviation caused by speed limit at servo ON | 1、Correctly set the speed limit value when the servo is ON<br>2、Reasonable setting of the alarm of excessive position deviation when the servo is ON   |
| Er. D10 | Excessive deviation between motor-load positions                         | 1、Confirm the direction of motor rotation and external encoder installation direction.<br>2、Row through the mechanical installation.<br>3、Set the parameter Pn250 to the correct value.  |
| Er. D30 | Position data overflow   | Detect whether the parameters are set incorrectly, please restore the factory settings   |
| Er. EB9 | EtherCAT Initialization exception  | 1. burn the configuration file 2. burn the FPGA code 3. replace the servo driver   |
| Er. EC6 | Ethercat PDO mapped too many objects                                     | Reduced PDO mapping  |
| Er. EC7 | Output out of phase  | Check if the motor wire is connected   |
| Er. F10 | Power supply is out of phase   | Check drive power  |

## SD700Servo warning note (EtherCat)

| Warning Code | Descriptions   | Solution   |
|--------------|--|--|
| AL. 900      | Excessive position deviation warning   | 1、Correctly set the gear ratio, gain, position filtering, torque limit and other related parameters<br>2、Confirm the wiring of the encoder line motor line<br>3、Exclude various reasons, may servo driver failure, replace the servo unit. |
| AL. 901      | Excessive position deviation warning at servo ON   | Correctly set the excessive position deviation threshold at servo ON   |
| AL. 910      | Overload warning   | 1、Check the motor wiring and encoder wiring for problems.<br>2、Inappropriate motor or driver selection   |
| AL. 911      | Vibration Warning  | 1、Lower the motor speed. Or reduce the speed loop gain.<br>2、Set the rotational inertia ratio correctly  |
| AL. 920      | Brake resistor overload warning  | 1、Set the power supply voltage within the specification range.<br>2、The resistor value and capacity will be set correctly.<br>3、Servo driver problem, replace the servo driver   |
| AL. 921      | DB overload warning  | 1、Reduce the command speed of servo motor.<br>2、reduce the rotation inertia ratio.<br>3、Servo driver problem, replace the servo driver   |
| AL. 930      | Battery warning for absolute encoders  | Battery Replacement  |
| AL. 931      | Soft limit 607Dh setting abnormal  | Changing the maximum limit value or minimum limit value of 607Dh   |
| AL. 940      | Home position offset outside the soft limit  | Change the value of 607Dh or 607Ch   |
| AL. 941      | Warning of parameter changes that require re-powering  | Re-power on or perform a soft reset of the servo   |
| AL. 942      | EtherCAT Control mode setting exception  | Modify the setting value of 6060h  |
| AL. 950      | Soft limit overtravel warning  | Change the value of 607Dh or 607Ah   |
| AL. 971      | Undervoltage warning   | 1、Adjust the AC/DC power supply voltage to within the product specification.<br>2、Increase the power supply capacity.  |
| AL. 9B0      | SYNCO Synchronous frame loss (abnormal slave reception or abnormal master transmission during synchronous communication) | 1. Use shielded twisted pair cable<br>2. Check the wiring status through the keypad digital display  |
| AL. 9F0      | Distributed clock period setting exception (125us integer multiple)  | Modify the sync period setting to an integer multiple of 125us   |